# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



# CITY OF RIO VISTA CALIFORNIA



#### CITY OF RIO VISTA, CALIFORNIA

#### ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PREPARED BY FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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One Main Street, Rio Vista, California 94571 Phone (707) 374-6451 Fax: (707) 374-5063

December 19, 2023

#### To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Governing Council and Citizens of the City of Rio Vista:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

MUN CPAs LLP, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Rio Vista's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### Profile of the government

The City of Rio Vista, incorporated in 1893, is located in the eastern end of Solano County, California, approximately 60 miles (100 kilometers) northeast of San Francisco, on the Sacramento River in the Sacramento River Delta. It currently occupies a total area of 7.1 square miles (18 km2), of which, 6.7 square miles (17 km2) of it is land, and 0.4 square miles (1.0 km2) of it is water, and serves a population of 9,988. The City of Rio Vista is empowered to levy a property tax on real property located within its boundaries through Solano County Assessor-Recorder's Department. The County Auditor-Controller Office applies 1% tax rate plus voter-approved or improvement bonds, service fees, and special assessments to the Assessor Roll values to determine actual amount of property taxes owed, and allocates the property tax revenues to local taxing agencies, including the County, schools, cities, libraries and special districts.

The City of Rio Vista has operated under the mayor-council form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the governing council (City Council) consisting of the mayor and four other members, all of whom are elected at large. Council members are elected to a 4-year term, two (2) each during alternating "general municipal elections" held in even numbered years. The Mayor is elected to a 4-year term running independently of the Council, and is the presiding officer of the Council. Following a general municipal election, when the Council is seated, the Vice Mayor is appointed by the Mayor with the majority approval of the rest of the Council. The Mayor, with Council approval, appoints the City of Rio Vista's manager, who in turn appoints its department heads.

The City of Rio Vista provides a range of services, including police and fire protection; refuse collection and disposal; water and wastewater utilities; parks and recreation; building inspections; licenses and permits; construction and maintenance of infrastructure; planning; general administrative services; municipal airport; and transit services.

The City Council is required to adopt an initial budget for the fiscal year no later than June 30 preceding the beginning of the fiscal year on July 1. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Rio Vista's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. Department heads may transfer resources within a department as they see fit upon written approval by the City Manager up to \$29,500. Also, upon written request by the City Manager, the Council may transfer by resolution part of any unencumbered appropriation balance between one department, office or agency and another.

#### Local economy

The City of Rio Vista is a community positioned for growth. Known as the Gateway to the Delta, Rio Vista offers scenic beauty, historic neighborhoods, recreational, and planned residential amenities. Rio Vista is within an easy drive to the Napa Wine Country, Coastal Beaches, San Francisco, Sierra ski resorts and Lake Tahoe.

Rio Vista is located near three major transportation corridors: Highway 12, a designated federal freight corridor, traverses the city and the Sacramento River, a deep-water ship channel, border along the easterly boundaries of the city. Rail freight (Dixon), shipping (Ports of West Sacramento and Stockton), and major freeways (Interstate 5, 680 and 80) are within 25 to 35 miles of the city offering flexible mode choices for freight movement. The Sacramento River bordering the city is used for shipping and is connected to the Port of West Sacramento. The city is centrally located between the major commercial centers of Sacramento and San Francisco, accessible within one-half hour to an hour.

The City of Rio Vista is considered one of the most affordable places in the San Francisco Bay Area to buy or build new homes, with a market value of \$375,000 to \$649,000 for two-to four-bedroom houses. Employers are conscious of the need for affordable housing for their new recruits, thus meeting the skill levels needed to run a successful industry or business. The calm and serene ambience and good schools will be an added attraction to new employees moving into the city.

During the year 2023, California's unemployment rate increased from 4.00 percent (September 2022) to 4.70 percent (September 2023). The number of unemployed Californians was 913,600 in September, an increase of 18,600 over the month and up 144,100 in comparison to September 2022. In California, employment growth slowed at a rate higher than expected. Although the state's economic growth will continue outpacing the nation's, the difference will be relatively small for the first time in several years. This is partly because of slower U.S. economic growth, a slowdown in investment and slower logistics sector growth.

Median household incomes within the City of Rio Vista are relatively lower than for the state as a whole. According to the Census QuickFacts, the median household income for California was \$91,905, Solano County was \$97,037, and Rio Vista City was \$83,538 in 2022 dollars. Rio Vista's population continues to increase from 7,934 (2014) to 9,988 (2023), mainly because of new residential developments in the Trilogy and Liberty subdivisions.

During the past ten years, the government's expenditures related to public safety have increased not only in amount, but also as a percentage of total expenditures in governmental funds (currently 58 percent, reflecting a ten-year increase of 8 percent). Much of this increase reflects the salaries and benefits of firefighter and contractual service fees of patrol services growing to fulfill the needs for the growth in population.

#### Long-term financial planning and major initiatives

Unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) in the general fund at year end was 96 percent of total general fund revenues. This amount was significantly over the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., 15 percent target reserve). The year-end amount is above the minimum target set by the policy guidelines because of a \$831,138 surplus of revenues over expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2023.

As mentioned earlier, the City has undergone a recent period of growth and expansion. New residential development by developers, LGI and DeNova Homes, in the Liberty areas have been prospectively strong, with 45 permits have been issued in the current year. Recently, the Brann Ranch Subdivision was sold to Encore Development, represents approximately 1,130 market rate homes. Discussions are underway between the school district and developer. If successful, the developer will allow this subdivision to move forward and fill some of the critical family housing needs in the City.

The City of Rio Vista maintains a five-year Capital Improvement Program which serves as its planning document to ensure that its facilities, equipment, and infrastructure are well maintained and operating in peak condition. As part of the planning process, the City identifies and quantifies the operational costs associated with its capital projects and budgets resources accordingly. In addition, the department heads monitor the condition of all government equipment and vehicles and make recommendations on their replacement. The fiscal year 2023-24 Capital Improvement Program anticipates \$6.9 million in capital projects and \$616,164 in equipment/vehicle replacement. Included in this \$6.9 million is \$3.3 million for preliminary wastewater consolidation, \$760,000 for highway safety improvement programs, and \$1.7 million for fire modular station. The remainder of the program will fund improvements to the City's parks, streets, water systems, and technology.

#### Relevant financial policies

The City of Rio Vista has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies. During the current year, two of these policies were particularly relevant. The City of Rio Vista has a policy that requires the adoption of a balanced annual operating budget (i.e., estimated revenues equal to or in excess of appropriations). As a result of the capital improvement and infrastructure, estimated revenues were less than appropriations in the final budget amounts (\$34,728,395 vs. \$45,880,611). In such cases, the policy allows for the appropriation of fund balance to close the gap. The amount necessary for this purpose in the original budget was \$10,069,862, which increased to \$11,152,216 in the final amended budget. However, thanks to the settlement payment from a class action lawsuit and the public assistance grants program awarded by the Federal Emergency Management Agency for COVID-19 damages recovery, the City of Rio Vista ultimately had a surplus of \$302,460 for the year.

In addition, the City of Rio Vista has a policy to maintain a minimum of \$500,000 of its operating budget as contingency reserves in separate line items in the General Fund Balance and a 15% General Fund reserves to protect the City in times of economic uncertainty or unforeseen circumstances. At the end of the current year, the General Fund Balance was \$10,132,106 with the net change of \$831,138, a 9 percent increase from prior year general fund balance.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Rio Vista for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the 4<sup>th</sup> consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We wish to thank all city departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit also is due to the mayor and Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Rio Vista's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Kristina Miller, City Manager

Jen Lee, Finance Director



#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

### City of Rio Vista California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

#### ELECTED OFFICIALS AND EXECUTIVE STAFF

**JUNE 30, 2023** 

#### **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

Mayor Ronald Kott
Vice Mayor Walt Stanish
Council Member Rick Dolk

Council Member Sarah Donnelly
Council Member Edwin Okamura

#### **EXECUTIVE STAFF**

City Manager Kristina Miller

Assistant City Manager Deputy City Clerk/HR Manager

Jennifer Schultz

City Clerk Pamela Caronongan

Director of Finance Jen Lee

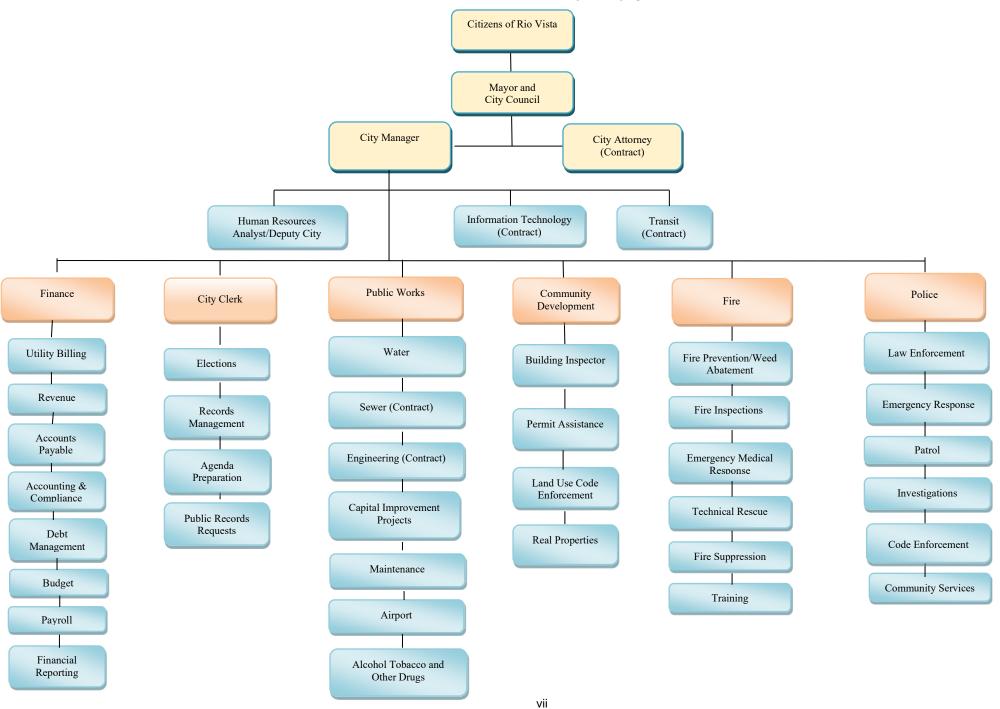
Director of Public Works Robin Borre

Chief of Police Jon Mazer

Fire Chief Vacant

This listing has been created for the purpose of this ACFR and as a reference of the structure as of the fiscal year-end.

#### CITY OF RIO VISTA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART FISCAL YEAR 2022-2023







#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council of the City of Rio Vista Rio Vista, California

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rio Vista (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rio Vista, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension related schedules, and other postemployment benefit schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Rio Vista's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Rio Vista's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sacramento, California December 8, 2023

THIN CPAS, LLP

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

This section of the City of Rio Vista California's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements, which follows this section.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Rio Vista exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows
  of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$110,520,249 (net position). Of this amount,
  \$20,567,222 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing
  obligations to citizens and creditors.
- City of Rio Vista's total net position increased \$302,460 (\$2,080,421 decrease in Business-Type Activities and \$2,382,881 increase in Governmental Activities).
- At the close of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$25,476,013, an increase of \$1,116,482 in comparison with the prior year (\$831,138 increase in the General Fund and \$285,344 increase in Other Governmental Funds). Approximately 33% of this amount (\$8,466,280) is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- The City's business-type net position amounted to \$79,768,287, an decrease of \$2,080,421 from the prior year.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

The financial section of this report consists of four parts:

- 1) Independent Auditor's Report;
- 2) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section);
- 3) Basic Financial Statements which include:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

**Fund Financial Statements:** 

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements; and

4) Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements which present different views of the City.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position (page 18) presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial improvement or deterioration.

The Statement of Activities (page 19) presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the past year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows (accrual basis of accounting). Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue – "governmental activities" from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through users fees and charges – "business-type activities." The governmental activities of the City include general government, public protection, parks and recreation, development, and public ways and facilities. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, business park, airport, and the transit system.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Rio Vista, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Rio Vista can be divided into three categories:

- \*\* Governmental funds;
- \*\* Proprietary funds; and
- \*\* Fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as "governmental activities" in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike those statements, the focus in these statements is on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental fund financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Rio Vista maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (special revenue, debt service, capital projects, etc). The City Council adopts an annual appropriated budget for each fund within the City.

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. The concept of major funds, and the determination of which are major funds, was established by GASB Statement 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them as one total. Instead, each major fund is presented individually, with all nonmajor funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the detail of these nonmajor funds. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the City of Rio Vista's major funds included the General Fund, Capital Projects, and Municipal Improvements. Data from the remaining nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of "combining statements" starting on page 86.

A budgetary comparison statement has been provided in the basic financial statements which reflect both original and final budgets for the general fund.

Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customers – either outside customers, or internal departments of the City. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City has maintained one type of proprietary fund – enterprise funds – as described below:

\*\* Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions as presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for water, sewer, airport, business park, and transit.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside and within the City. Since the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs, they are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements. The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position is found on page 32.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 34 - 74 of this report.

#### Required Supplementary Information

This section provides budget to actual data and budgetary procedures. It also includes supplementary pension and other postemployment benefit data and can be found beginning on page 75.

#### Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

This final section of the report includes additional detailed information about nonmajor governmental funds and budgetary comparison schedules, as well as custodial funds and can be found beginning on page 84.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The following table presents a summary of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position for its governmental and business type activities. As noted earlier, a government's net asset position may serve over time as a useful indicator of its financial position. The Summary of Net Position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 follows:

#### Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands)

	Gove	rnmei	ntal Act	ivitie	s	Business-Type Activities						Total Government						
	2023	2	022	Net Change		20	2023		2022	<u>c</u>	Net hange	20	23		2022	С	Net hange	
ASSETS Current and other assets Capital assets Total Assets	\$ 29,634 14,372 44,006	· <u> </u>	27,725 14,286 42,011	·	1,909 <u>86</u> 1,995	80	7,767 0,773 3,540	\$	10,333 80,235 90,568	\$	(2,566) 538 (2,028)		7,401 5,145 2,546	\$ 	38,058 94,521 132,579	\$	(657) 624 (33)	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,492		1,630		<u>1,862</u>		815	_	407	_	408	4	,307	_	2,037	_	2,270	
LIABILITIES Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities	11,475 3,713 15,188		8,568 2,916 11,484		2,907 797 3,704	_ 3	5,905 3,303 9,208	_	5,928 2,598 8,526	_	(23) 705 682	7	7,380 7,016 1,396	<u>-</u>	14,496 5,514 20,010	_	2,884 1,502 4,386	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,559		3,788	(2	<u>2,229</u> )		380	_	599	_	(219)	1	<u>,939</u>	_	4,387	_	(2,448)	
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	12,243 1,580 16,929 \$ 30,752		12,018 1,192 15,158 28,368	\$	225 388 1,771 2,384	_ 3	6,130 - 3,638 9,768	\$_	75,099 - 6,749 81,848	\$ <u></u>	1,031 - (3,111) (2,080)	1	3,373 ,580 <u>),567</u>	\$ <u></u>	87,117 1,192 21,907 110,216	\$	1,256 388 (1,340) 304	

The City's total government-wide net position amounted to \$110,520,249 as of June 30, 2023. This represented an increase of \$302,460 over fiscal year 2022. The increase in the change in net position is reflected in the Statement of Activities shown in Table 2 for governmental funds and Table 3 for business-type activities.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

By far, the largest portion of the City of Rio Vista's net position, 80.0%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City of Rio Vista uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Rio Vista's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Rio Vista's net position, 1.4%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$20,567,222 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

The City of Rio Vista's overall net position increased \$302,460 from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

**Governmental Activities**. During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased \$2,382,881 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$30,751,962. Revenues decreased 3% and expenses increased 2% from prior year.

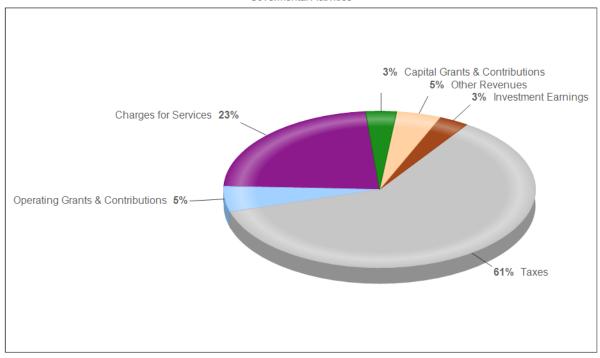
TABLE 2
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CHANGES IN NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30,

		2023		2022
REVENUES Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Taxes Investment earnings Other	\$	3,151,069 721,446 436,412 8,426,802 423,430 632,885	\$	4,720,442 300,836 216,568 8,186,261 115,428 678,833
Total Revenue	_	13,792,044	_	14,218,368
EXPENSES General government Public safety Parks and recreation Development Public Works Interest and fiscal charges	_	1,107,345 7,546,301 535,944 864,627 1,786,184 55,177	_	1,248,580 7,323,410 485,218 971,185 1,582,802 62,514
Total Expenses	_	11,895,578	_	11,673,709
Increase in net position before transfers		1,896,466		2,544,659
Transfers	_	486,415	_	397,699
Change in net position	_	2,382,881	_	2,942,358
Net position - beginning	_	28,369,081	_	25,426,723
Net position - ending	\$ <u></u>	30,751,962	\$_	28,369,081

# CITY OF RIO VISTA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### Sources of Revenues

Governmental Activities

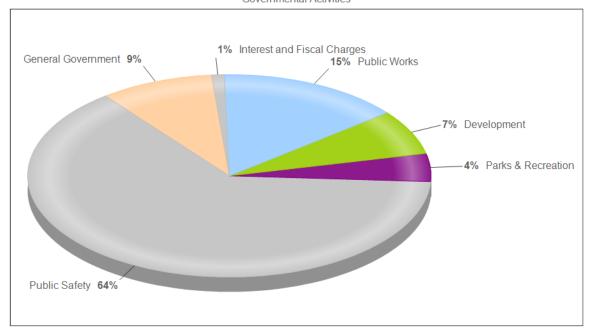


As reflected above, 61% or \$8,426,802 of the City's governmental activities revenues as of June 30, 2023 were comprised of tax increments. Program revenues were 31% of governmental activities. Of this amount, 5% or \$721,446 was derived from operating grants and contributions, 3% or \$436,412 was derived from capital grants and contributions, and 23% or \$3,151,069 was derived from charges for services. The remaining sources of revenues included 3% of investment earnings and 5% of other revenues. Total governmental revenues decreased \$426,324 or 3% mainly due to the decrease in building permits of new home construction from 198 single family dwelling permits issued in FY2021-22 to 45 permits in current fiscal year, caused by the increase in mortgage interest rates from 4.6% in July 2022 to 7.3% in June 2023, which slowed down the housing market and postponed the new built. The increase in costs of living also triggered a decrease in sales and use taxes by \$129,417 of Measure O, a 0.75% add-on transactions and use tax. Other factors include the decrease in fees collected from the gross sales of cannabis businesses by \$216,363, as a result of the popularity of the industry leading to severe oversupply and a crash in prices.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Functional Expenses**

Governmental Activities



As identified in the functional expenses chart, 64% or \$7,546,301 of the City's expenses were for public safety. 9% or \$1,107,345 were for general government expenses. The remaining functional expenses included 15% or \$1,786,184 for public works, 7% or \$864,627 in community development, 4% or \$535,944 in parks and recreation, and 1% or \$55,177 in interest and fiscal charges. The City's total governmental expenses increased \$221,869 or 2% from the prior fiscal year.

The change in expenses from prior year is attributable to various factors:

#### **General Government Expenses**

General government expenses decreased \$141,235 or 11% mainly due to the annual adjustments of pension liability calculated based on the Schedule of Employer Allocations provided by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

#### Public Safety Expenses

Public safety expenses increased 3% or \$222,891 mainly due to the increase of law enforcement services costs contracted with the County of Solano Sheriff's Office from \$2,726,477 in FY2021-22 to \$2,926,177 in FY2022-23, a 7% or \$199,700 increase. Other factors include the cost-of-living adjustments of compensation and paramedic pay per negotiations with the Union for fire employees.

#### Community Development Expenses

Community development expenses decreased 11% or \$106,558 mainly due to the decrease in contractual services paid to the engineer and other consultants for a total of about \$73,037. Renovation or new construction stalled due to inflation which cut the plan checks and other consultant services. Other factors include the reduction of salaries and benefits paid to the vacant position of building inspector for 5 months in the current year.

#### Public Works Expenses

Public works expenses increased 13% or \$203,382 mainly due to the one-time emergency repairs and replacement of bleachers at the parks and the increased payment for Senate Bill 1 (SB1) funded roadway projects.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### TABLE 3 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CHANGES IN NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30,

		2023		2022
REVENUES Charges for services Investment earnings Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	\$	8,693,644 167,561 331,707 178,388	\$	8,688,888 33,756 528,140 794,333
Total Revenue	_	9,371,300	_	10,045,117
EXPENSES Water Beach Drive Treatment facility NW Wastewater Treatment facility Airport Business Park Transit	_	3,094,301 3,097,271 3,081,668 648,139 442,688 601,239	_	2,908,694 2,839,093 2,526,264 601,870 302,251 550,006
Total Expenses	_	10,965,306	_	9,728,178
Change in net position before transfers		(1,594,006)		316,939
Transfers	_	(486,415)		(397,699)
Change in net position		(2,080,421)		(80,760)
Net position - beginning	_	81,848,708	_	81,929,468
Net position - ending	\$	79,768,287	\$_	81,848,708

The City of Rio Vista uses fund accounting to segregate accounts for specific activities or objectives, including demonstrating finance related legal compliance.

#### **Enterprise Funds**

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$2,080,421.

#### Revenues

Charges for services increased \$4,756 or 0.05% due to the increase in water consumptions or utility services provided to the local community with the current utility rates staying the same since 2013.

Operating grants and contributions decreased \$196,433 or 37% mainly due to the decrease in the allocation of Local Transportation Fund administered by California Transportation Development Act (TDA). The City did not apply for the TDA fund in the current year due to the excess allocation received in fiscal year 2020.

Capital grants and contributions decreased \$615,945 or 78% due to the decrease in Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) capital grant for Airport Improvement Program. The FAA fully funded capital improvement project has been completed in the current year with a total project cost of \$908,668. 83% of this project was completed in prior periods.

#### **Expenses**

Water expenses increased \$185,607 or 6% mainly due to the increase in depreciation by \$35,000 and annual adjustments of pension liability calculated based on the Schedule of Employer Allocations provided by CalPERS by \$250,955. Beach Drive Treatment Facility expenses increased \$258,178 or 9% mainly due to the increase in pass-thru maintenance and repair costs from Veolia Water West Operating including an additional plant task to repair and replace the diversion gate in the amount of \$94,610. Other factors include the increase in annual adjustments of pension liability

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

calculated based on the Schedule of Employer Allocations provided by CalPERS by \$145,603. NW Treatment Facility expenses increased \$555,404 or 22% mainly due to the increase in pass-thru maintenance and repair costs from Veolia Water West Operating including the additional plant tasks for replacement of UV lamps, quartz sleeves, lamp inserts/wiper holders, biosolids removal and land application, and replace flowmeter for a total of \$220,739. Other factors include the increase in pass-thru electricity costs by \$118,994 and annual adjustments of pension liability by \$109,147. Airport expenses increased \$46,269 or 8% mainly due to an increase in repair and maintenance for network access, AWOS services, and key card security system upgrade.

#### Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available to provide services and capital project construction. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net spendable resources.

At the end of FY 2023, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$25,476,013, an increase of \$1,116,482 from the prior year. This increase is largely attributable to the one-time settlement payment from a class action lawsuit for \$275,869, the public assistance grants program awarded by the Federal Emergency Management Agency for COVID-19 damages recovery for \$106,789, and audit finding repayment from Delta Fire District for \$38,891 in the General Fund. Other factors include the increase in special assessment of the public safety services, Liberty Services District for maintenance and operation, transfer from Business Park for future vehicle replacement, and development impact fees including municipal improvement, roadway, and park and recreation. Besides, taxes and assessments with secured property taxes increased by 9% from the prior year. Measure O transactions and use tax passed in 2012 was successfully extended in November 2020 for a period of five (5) years and resulted in the continuation of this temporary sales tax increase of 0.75% until March 31, 2027. The total revenues received in FY 2023 from Measure O were \$1,307,345.

Of the total fund balance of \$25,476,013 approximately \$832,168 is nonspendable, \$3,634,525 is restricted, \$199,113 is committed, \$12,343,927 is assigned for various purposes, and \$8,466,280 is unassigned.

The table below presents the amount of revenues from various sources for the current and prior fiscal year.

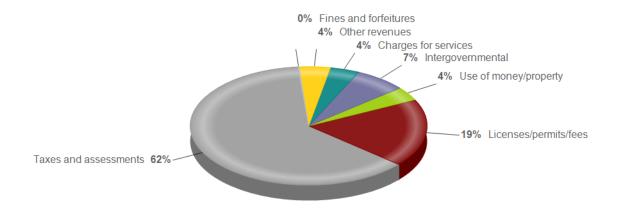
#### Revenues Classified by Source Governmental Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

		202	23		20	22		
		Amount	% of Total		Amount	% of Total		
Revenues by Source								
Taxes and assessments	\$	8,426,802	62.3 %	\$	8,186,261	57.4 %		
Licenses, permits, and fees		2,502,948	18.5 %		3,971,921	27.8 %		
Fines and forfeitures		18,527	0.1 %		20,634	0.1 %		
Use of money and property		510,937	3.8 %		195,256	1.4 %		
Intergovernmental revenues		955,462	7.1 %		591,226	4.1 %		
Charges for services		542,087	4.0 %		648,060	4.5 %		
Other revenue	_	567,422	4.2 %	_	655,925	4.6 %		
Total Revenue	\$_	13,524,185	<u>100</u> %	\$_	14,269,283	<u>100</u> %		

# CITY OF RIO VISTA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### Revenues Classified by Source

Governmental Funds FY 2022-23



#### Key elements of the changes noted above include:

Taxes and assessments provide the greatest source of revenues for the City. These sources represent 62% of total revenues and increased 3% from prior year mainly due to the increase in property taxes and motor vehicle in-lieu tax. Charges for services represents 4% of total revenues and decreased 16% from prior year mainly due to the decrease in plan check fees collected from building renovation. Other revenues reflect all revenues not included in the individual revenue source categories listed above. Other revenues represent 4% of total revenues and decreased 13% from prior year mainly due to the proceeds from a land sale in prior year. Licenses, permits and fees represents 19% of total revenues and decreased 37% mainly due to the decrease in building permits and development impact fees. Intergovernmental revenues represents 7% of total revenues and increased 62% mainly due to the one-time grant reimbursements from FEMA for COVID-19 damages recovery, Highway Safety Improvement Program, Regional Early Action Planning (REAP) Grant, and Senate Bill 2 Planning Grants Program, and the use of allocated American Rescue Plan Act Funds in current year.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The following table presents expenditures by function compared to prior year amounts:

#### Expenditures by Function Governmental Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

		20	23	:3			22		
	Amount		% of Total		Amount		% of To	tal	
Expenditures by Function									
General government	\$	1,273,239	9.8	%	\$	889,734	7	7.7 %	
Public safety		7,508,645	57.9	%		6,774,012	58	3.3 %	
Parks and recreation		332,194	2.6	%		242,673	2	2.1 %	
Community development		817,918	6.3	%		958,531	8	3.3 %	
Public Works		1,792,672	13.8	%		1,497,430	12	2.9 %	
Debt service									
Principal		213,095	1.6	%		225,864	1	.9 %	
Interest and other charges		55,177	0.4	%		62,514	C	).5 %	
Capital outlay	_	966,641	7.5	%	_	959,984	8	<u>8.3</u> %	
Total Expenditures	\$_	12,959,581	100	%	\$_	11,610,742	1	<u>00</u> %	

Key elements of the changes noted above include:

General government represents 10% of total expenditures and costs increased 43% mainly due to the payment for the property purchased during the closeout of the redevelopment agency, contribution for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) in a Section 115 Trust, final accrued benefits pay out for the City Manager retired in September 2022 in the amount of \$83,000, and 3% cost of living adjustment of compensation per MOUs. Public safety represents 58% of total expenditures and costs increased 11% mainly due to the costs of living adjustments in salaries and premium pay of the fire department and the patrol services provided by the County Sheriff's Office. Community development represents 6% of total expenditures and costs decreased 15% mainly due to the reduction of Community Development Block Grants program expenses for food and mental health assistance in the current year. Public works represents 14% of total expenditures and costs increased 20% mainly due to the costs increase in hazardous waste recycling materials, local roadway safety plan, road maintenance and rehabilitation program, and other maintenance and repair.

#### **Major Funds**

**General Fund.** The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2023, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$8,543,457 while the total fund balance amounted to \$10,132,106. The General Fund saw an increase of fund balance of \$831,138. Total other financing sources/uses increased \$802,678 or 461% from the prior fiscal year. This was primarily due to the transfer of additional operating support from Landfill franchise fees and recreation activities support from the Business Park. Total revenues decreased \$362,720 or 4% due to a decrease in building permits for new home construction from 198 single family dwelling permits issued in FY2021-22 to 45 permits in the current fiscal year, caused by the increase in mortgage interest rates, which slowed down the housing market and postponed the new built. Total expenditures increased \$1,047,173 or 13%.

**Capital Projects Fund**. The Capital Projects Fund had an ending fund deficit of \$(77,177), a decrease of \$202,622 from the prior year. The decrease represents the grant reimbursement for Promenade Park Shade Structure Improvement project was not received within 60 days after the fiscal year ended in current year.

**Municipal Improvement Fund**. The Municipal Improvement Fund had an ending fund balance of \$7,910,496, an increase of \$280,485 from the prior year, mainly due to the receipt of development impact fees from the new home permits issued.

**Other Governmental Funds**. Nonmajor governmental funds aggregated to a \$207,481 increase in fund balances as revenues exceeded expenditures mainly due to the excess allocation from the special assessments for Liberty Services District.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Enterprise Funds**

The following presents the net operating income (loss) for the City's Enterprise Funds for the year ended June 30:

### Proprietary Funds Net Operating Income (Loss) for the Year Ended June 30,

		2023	2022
Water Beach Treatment Facility NW Wastewater Treatment Facility Business Park Airport Other Enterprise Funds	\$	195,785 (166,757) (798,078) (420,486) (360,537) (258,862)	\$ 441,677 157,849 (337,248) (280,051) (338,613) (10,974)
Total	\$ <u></u>	(1,808,935)	\$ (367,360)

The Enterprise Funds showed a decrease of \$1,441,575 in net operating income (loss) compared to the prior fiscal year. Each Enterprise Fund showed a significant change from the prior year as discussed below:

**Water** – Net operating income decreased to \$195,785. Expenses in the Water Fund increased from the prior fiscal year expenses of \$2,839,196 to a total of \$3,030,741 in the current fiscal year. Total current year operating revenues of \$3,226,526 decreased \$54,347 over prior year. After net non-operating expense, the water fund realized an increase in net position of \$200,222.

**Beach Treatment Facility** – Total operating revenues of \$2,898,136 less total operating expenses of \$3,064,893, resulted in net operating loss of \$166,757. After a net non-operating income of \$25,497, the Beach Treatment Facility had a net change of \$(141,260) in net position.

**NW Wastewater Treatment Facility** – Total operating revenues of \$2,256,196 less total operating expenses of \$3,054,274, resulted in a net operating loss of \$798,078. The NW Treatment Facility had a net change in net position of \$(805.985).

**Airport** – The airport's net operating loss of \$360,537 increased from the prior year net loss of \$338,613. Depreciation expense of \$338,226 contributed significantly to the net operating loss.

**Business Park** - Total operating revenues of \$22,200 less total operating expenses of \$442,686 resulted in a net operating loss of \$420,486. Depreciation expense of \$231,014 contributed significantly to the net operating loss. After net non-operating revenues of \$5,030, the Business Park had a net change of \$(876,871) in net position.

**Transit Fund** – The transit fund resulted in total net operating loss of \$258,862 in the current fiscal year. Operating expenses of \$601,238 increased from prior year operating expenses of \$550,005 by \$51,233 due to the increase of personnel costs and transit contractual services.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, was \$95,145,251 and \$94,520,981 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes: infrastructure, land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, construction in progress, equipment, and right-to-use lease assets. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for FY 2023 was \$624,270.

For government wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets are depreciated from the acquisition date over their useful lives. Governmental fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures. Capital assets for the governmental and business type activities are presented in the following table to illustrate changes from the prior year.

### Capital Assets (net of depreciation) As of June 30, 2023 and 2022

				2023			2022								
		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total			
Land	\$	1,968,332	\$	545,290	\$	2,513,622	\$	1,968,332	\$	545,290	\$	2,513,622			
Construction in progress		1,901,698		3,117,131		5,018,829		1,926,486		5,921,650		7,848,136			
Buildings & improvements		2,431,625		43,205,686		45,637,311		2,053,737		44,050,535		46,104,272			
Runways		-		6,126,829		6,126,829		-		5,563,430		5,563,430			
Equipment		90,503		278,918		369,421		93,924		306,009		399,933			
Vehicles		1,023,491		240,432		1,263,923		998,707		374,962		1,373,669			
Infrastructure		6,897,230		27,223,128		34,120,358		7,236,663		23,432,182		30,668,845			
Right-to-use lease asset	_	58,883	_	36,075	_	94,958	_	8,610	_	40,464	_	49,074			
Total Net Capital Assets	\$_	14,371,762	\$_	80,773,489	\$_	95,145,251	\$_	14,286,459	\$_	80,234,522	\$_	94,520,981			

Additional information about the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

The City uses a variety of indebtedness to finance various capital acquisitions. At June 30, 2023, the City's long-term debt outstanding was \$6,787,850. Of this total, \$2,129,019 was in governmental activities and \$4,658,831 was in business-type activities. Additional information about the City's long-term obligations can be found in Note 7 in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements. The following table recaps the City's long-term liabilities as of June 30:

# Long-Term Debt Outstanding Balances As of June 30,

Description		2023		2022
Governmental Activities:				
California CEC Loan	\$	360,494	\$	382,665
PG&E Retrofit Loan		1,414		3,837
SNB Energy Savings Project Purchase Agreement		388,050		406,548
PNC Fire Engines Lease		571,865		673,747
Phase I Energy Lease Purchase Loan Refinanced				
(formerly known as "Zion's Energy Loan")		706,854		760,037
Police Software		41,205		41,205
Lease liabilities	_	59,137	_	8,613
Total Governmental Activity Debt	\$	2,129,019	\$_	2,276,652
Business-type Activities:				
Land Capital Lease	\$	57,355	\$	63,355
SNB Energy Savings Project Purchase Agreement		555,950		582,452
Vactor Truck Loan		99,040		161,912
Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement		575,000		645,000
Water Meter Installment Purchase Agreement		2,390,000		2,645,000
Phase I Energy Lease Purchase Loan Refinanced				
(formerly known as "Zion's Energy Loan")		945,298		1,016,421
Lease liabilities	_	36,188	_	40,494
Total Business-Type Activity Debt	\$	4,658,831	\$	5,154,634

#### Special Assessment District Debt:

Special assessment districts in different parts of the City have also issued debt to finance infrastructure and facilities construction entirely in those districts. At June 30, 2023, a total of \$19,264,850 in special assessment district debt was outstanding, issued by three assessment districts. The Community Facilities Districts No. 2004-1 and 2006-1 were created to assist in financing a portion of the Northwest and Beach Wastewater Facilities in the amounts of \$2,770,000 and \$5,265,000. The Liberty Community Facilities District No. 2018-1 had a balance of \$11,229,850. All district debt is secured only by special assessments on the real property in the district issuing the debt, and is not the City's responsibility, although the City does act as these Districts' agent in the collection and remittance of assessments.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### SIGNIFICANT BUDGETARY VARIANCES

The City formally reviews the fiscal condition and amends appropriation as needed every six months after the adoption of the budget.

The significant variations between the original budget and the final amended budget for the general fund identified during the mid-year budget adjustment include a decrease in local sales taxes and measure O revenue for a total of \$97,300 based on the information provided by the sales tax consultant, a decrease in cannabis developer fees in the amount of \$150,000, and an increase in investment income in the amount of \$57,000. Other adjustments include the additional appropriations for redevelopment closeout distribution, purchase of park equipment, roof replacement, and the budget carried forward for the Comprehensive General Plan Update. The amendment of budget expenditure was evaluated based on the expected revenues with the consideration to ensure that future service levels or liquidity would not be affected.

The significant difference between the final amended general fund budget and actual results include a negative variance in debt service due to the reclassification of expenditures from rental equipment to principal and interest expenses per implementation of GASB 87, Leases. The other negative variance includes other financing sources from transfers in. This amount represents the interfund loan repayment from the Army Base to the General Fund. The actual transaction was recorded as an offsetting entry to the balance sheet accounts rather than a transfer which was for budget purposes only.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET**

#### General Plan Update

The City is undergoing its General Plan update with an expected completion date in calendar year 2024. Rio Vista's General Plan was last comprehensively updated in 2001 and the new General Plan will set a vision for the year 2045. This effort provides a timely opportunity for the City to review the General Plan as a whole, reassess its effectiveness, and provide a framework for decision-makers to establish goals and policies that will guide Rio Vista in realizing its future vision. During the updating process, the city formed a General Plan Working Group, gathered input from the public and stakeholders to consider many topics including land use, circulation, housing, safety, and downtown design elements. This process will ensure that Rio Vista continues to thrive and advance as a small city.

#### Residential Home Development

The Brann Ranch Subdivision was sold to Encore Development. This subdivision represents approximately 1,130 market rate homes. Discussions are underway between the River Delta Unified School District and Encore Development that if successful, will allow this subdivision to move forward and begin to fill some of the critical family housing needs in the City.

#### **Public Safety Facilities**

As the population continues to grow both the Police and Fire departments are experiencing increases in call volumes. To address the response times to be in line with industry standards, the City will need to consider constructing additional facilities. A stand-alone modular fire station, with an estimated cost between \$4.5 to \$5 million, is included in the budget of fiscal year 2023-24. This is planned to be placed in City-owned property. Construction is projected to take 10 to 12 months and has a life expectancy of 50 years.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This MD&A is designed to provide the City's residents, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about this document or require additional information, contact the Finance Department at One Main Street, Rio Vista, CA 94571 or you may visit our website at www.riovistacity.com for contact information.

# CITY OF RIO VISTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	<u> </u>	Sovernmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$	26,093,306	\$	7,432,873	\$	33,526,179
Accounts receivable, net		1,246,378		1,358,784		2,605,162
Interest receivable		62,905		28,591		91,496
Notes receivable (Note 3)		75,000		-		75,000
Other assets (Note 12)		170,140		- (4 000 000)		170,140
Internal balances		1,209,668		(1,209,668)		-
Prepaid items and deposits		30,512		10,582		41,094
Inventory				18,041		18,041
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)		537,697				537,697
Leases receivable (Note 4)		208,195		128,176		336,371
Capital assets (Note 6)						
Land and construction in progress		3,870,030		3,662,421		7,532,451
Capital assets being depreciated, net		10,501,732		77,111,068		87,612,800
Total capital assets		14,371,762	_	80,773,489		95,145,25 <u>1</u>
Total Assets		44,005,563	_	88,540,868		132,546,431
		_		_	-	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Changes in the net pension liability (Note 9)		3,261,922		713,216		3,975,138
Changes in the total OPEB liability (Note 10)		230,526		86,295		316,821
Deferred amount on bond refunding (Note 7)				15,331		15,331
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,492,448		814,842		4,307,290
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts payable		950,178		1,925,915		2,876,093
Accrued payroll and benefits		96,276		72,035		168,311
Accrued expenses		-		86,589		86,589
Interest payable		-		24,730		24,730
Deposits payable		97,949		122,266		220,215
Unearned revenue		2,119,887		139,713		2,259,600
Compensated absences (Note 7):		_, ,		.00,		_,,
Due within one year		71,580		49,222		120,802
Due in more than one year		242,897		167,033		409,930
Landfill post-closure (Note 15):		242,007		107,000		400,000
Due within one year		63,312		_		63,312
Due in more than one year		1,859,973		_		1,859,973
Long-term liabilities (Note 7):		1,000,010		<del>-</del>		1,000,010
Due within one year		259,402		521,603		781,005
		1,869,617		4,137,228		6,006,845
Due in more than one year		1,009,017		4,137,220		0,000,043
Net pension liability (Note 9)		6 502 172		1 600 F0F		0 402 600
Due in more than one year		6,593,173		1,600,525		8,193,698
Other postemployment benefits (Note 10)		F2 F2F		20.040		70 575
Due within one year		53,535		20,040		73,575
Due in more than one year		909,342	_	340,409	_	1,249,751
<b>-</b>		45 407 404		0.007.000		04.004.400
Total Liabilities	_	<u> 15,187,121</u>	_	9,207,308	_	24,394,429
DECEMBED INC. OWS OF DESCRIBES						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		F07 000		407.405		705 007
Changes in the net pension liability (Note 9)		597,902		107,195		705,097
Changes in the total OPEB liability (Note 10)		387,044		144,889		531,933
Leases (Note 4)		573,982	_	128,031		702,013
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,558,928	_	380,115		1,939,043
NET POCITION						
NET POSITION		10 010 710		70.400.000		00 070 700
Net investment in capital assets		12,242,743		76,129,989		88,372,732
Restricted for:						
Capital projects		332,378		-		332,378
Debt service		2,051		-		2,051
Specific projects and programs		708,169		-		708,169
Section 115 pension trust		537,697		-		537,697
Unrestricted		16,928,924		3,638,298		20,567,222
Total Net Position	\$	30,751,962	\$	79,768,287	\$	110,520,249

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
								Primary Government						
Functions/Programs PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities		Total
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Parks and recreation Community development Public works Interest and fiscal charges	\$	1,107,345 7,546,301 535,944 864,627 1,786,184 55,177	\$	1,214,135 305,375 65,856 560,477 1,005,226	\$	481,935 - 184,511 55,000	\$	436,412	\$	106,790 (6,758,991) (470,088) (119,639) (289,546) (55,177)	\$	- - - - -	\$	106,790 (6,758,991) (470,088) (119,639) (289,546) (55,177)
Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Water Beach Drive treatment facility NW Wastewater treatment facilities Airport Business park Transit Total business-type activities	<u>-</u>	3,094,301 3,097,271 3,081,668 648,139 442,688 601,239 10,965,306	_	3,151,069 3,226,526 2,898,136 2,256,196 279,917 22,200 10,669 8,693,644	_	721,446 - - - 331,707 331,707	_	436,412 12,053 - 166,335 - 178,388	_	(7,586,651)	_	144,278 (199,135) (825,472) (201,887) (420,488) (258,863) (1,761,567)		(7,586,651) 144,278 (199,135) (825,472) (201,887) (420,488) (258,863) (1,761,567)
Total primary government	F S C I Tra	22,860,884  neral revenues: Property taxes Sales taxes Other taxes nvestment ear Miscellaneous nsfers Total general re	nings	les and transfer	\$ <u></u>	1,053,153	\$ <u></u>	614,800	\$\$	(7,586,651)  5,102,906 2,636,530 687,366 423,430 632,885 486,415 9,969,532 2,382,881	\$ <u></u>	(1,761,567)	\$\$	(9,348,218) 5,102,906 2,636,530 687,366 590,991 632,885 9,650,678 302,460
	Net	position - July	1, 20	22					_	28,369,081	_	81,848,708	_	110,217,789
	Net	position - June	e 30, i	2023					\$	30,751,962	\$	79,768,287	\$	110,520,249

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Capital Projects	Municipal Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Lease receivable Prepaid items Due from other funds Notes receivable Other assets Advances to other funds	\$ 8,993,791 537,697 688,727 29,179 208,195 30,512 35,567 - 170,140 801,656 \$ 11,495,464	\$ 2,188,337 - 177,952 	\$ 7,514,210 - 20,310 - - - - 380,151 \$ 7,914,671	\$ 7,396,968 	\$ 26,093,306 537,697 1,246,378 62,905 208,195 30,512 35,567 75,000 170,140 1,191,807 \$ 29,651,507		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and benefits Unearned revenue Deposits payable Due to other funds	\$ 709,950 73,772 - 5,654 -	\$ 149,802 - 2,115,712 - -	\$ - 4,175 - -	\$ 90,426 22,504 - 92,295 17,706	\$ 950,178 96,276 2,119,887 97,949 17,706		
Total Liabilities	789,376	2,265,514	4,175	222,931	3,281,996		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues Leases  Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	573,982 573,982	177,952 		141,564 	319,516 573,982 893,498		
	373,302	111,902		141,504			
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)  Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	832,168 537,697 - 218,784 8,543,457	- - - - (77,177)	7,910,496	3,096,828 199,113 4,214,647	832,168 3,634,525 199,113 12,343,927 8,466,280		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	10,132,106	(77,177)	7,910,496	7,510,588	25,476,013		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ <u>11,495,464</u>	\$ <u>2,366,289</u>	\$ 7,914,671	\$	\$ <u>29,651,507</u>		

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total fund balances of governmental funds	\$	25,476,013
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$11,149,110.		14,371,762
Certain notes, loans, and interest receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are offset by deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.		
Deferred inflows of resources		319,516
Deferred outflows of resources related to changes in the net pension liability are not reported in the governmental funds		3,261,922
Deferred outflows of resources related to changes in the total OPEB liability are not reported in the governmental funds.		230,526
Long-term liabilities are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Long-term liabilities		(2,129,019)
Compensated absences Total OPEB obligation		(314,477) (962,877)
Landfill closure liability		(1,923,285)
Net pension liability		(6,593,173)
Deferred inflows related to changes in the net pension liability Deferred inflows related to changes in total OPEB liability		(597,902) (387,044)
	_	
Net position of governmental activities	\$_	30,751,962

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Capital Projects	Municipal Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES						
Taxes and assessments Licenses, permits, and fees Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 6,215,366 1,399,949 18,527 316,034 106,789 542,087 500,636	\$ - - - 400,332 - -	\$ - 302,485 - 106,956 - -	\$ 2,211,436 800,514 - 87,947 448,341 - 66,786	\$ 8,426,802 2,502,948 18,527 510,937 955,462 542,087 567,422	
Total Revenues	9,099,388	400,332	409,441	3,615,024	13,524,185	
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>						
Current: General administration Public safety Parks and recreation Development Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	1,273,239 6,374,087 29,818 574,117 771,044 84,869 108,790 29,036	670,501	- - - - - -	1,134,558 302,376 243,801 1,021,628 211,271 104,305 26,141	1,273,239 7,508,645 332,194 817,918 1,792,672 966,641 213,095 55,177	
Total Expenditures	9,245,000	670,501	<del>_</del>	3,044,080	12,959,581	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	<u>(145,612)</u> S (USES)	(270,169)	409,441	570,944	564,604	
Lease liabilities issued Transfers in Transfers out	65,463 911,287	146,587 (79,040)	(128,956)	414,415 (777,878)	65,463 1,472,289 (985,874)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	976,750	67,547	(128,956)	(363,463)	551,878	
Net Change in Fund Balances	831,138	(202,622)	280,485	207,481	1,116,482	
Fund Balances (Deficits) - July 1, 2022	9,300,968	<u>125,445</u>	7,630,011	7,303,107	24,359,531	
Fund Balances (Deficits) - June 30, 2023	\$ <u>10,132,106</u>	\$(77,177)	\$ 7,910,496	\$ 7,510,588	\$ 25,476,013	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Reconciliation of the change in fund balances - total governmental funds to the change in net position of governmental activities:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,116,482
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital asset purchases  Depreciation expense		849,820 (829,980)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Proceeds from long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.  Debt principal payments		213,096
Compensated absence expenditures reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in a governmental fund. This is the net change in compensated absences for the current period.		(33,315)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Changes in the net pension liability and deferred outflows and inflows Changes in the total OPEB liability and deferred outflows and inflows Changes in the landfill closure liability		710,457 (20,294) 174,218
Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities will not be collected for several months after year-end and do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		244,517
Some revenues reported in the prior year Statement of Activities were recognized in the governmental funds in the current year.	_	(42,120)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	2,382,881

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Water	Major Funds Beach Drive Treatment Facility	NW Wastewater Treatment Facility				
ASSETS Current Assets		<u> </u>					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,604,351	\$ 3,695,624	\$ 1,236,679				
Accounts receivable, net	289,786	280,337	208,762				
Interest receivable	13,867	10,249	3,082				
Leases receivable	, <u> </u>	· -	· -				
Prepaid items	4,602	2,990	2,990				
Inventory							
Total Current Assets	1,912,606	3,989,200	1,451,513				
Non Current Assets Advances to other funds	78,704	38,705	_				
Capital assets, non-depreciable	1,037,690	629,920	1,321,837				
Capital assets - depreciable, net	23,224,336	7,978,217	33,045,321				
Total Non-Current Assets	24,340,730	8,646,842	34,367,158				
Total Assets	26,253,336	12,636,042	35,818,671				
Changes in not page in lightify	224 000	400.000	444.070				
Changes in the total OBER liability	331,262	192,200	144,072				
Changes in the total OPEB liability Deferred amount on debt refunding	39,787	21,479 15,331	18,885				
Total Deferred Outflows	371,049	229,010	162,957				
Total Deferred Outliows	371,049	229,010	162,957				
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable	124,354	949,627	651,310				
Accrued salaries and benefits	30,980	21,349	15,428				
Accrued expenses	3,046	11,875	58,748				
Accrued interest payable	5,046	5,764	6,643				
Deposits payable	102,447	· -	· -				
Due to other funds	-	-	-				
Unearned revenues	-	-	-				
Compensated absences - current	23,136	13,659	9,819				
Loans payable - current	10,397	44,104	103,567				
Lease liability - current	7,768	5,071	4,271				
Bonds payable - current	255,000	75,000					
Total Current Liabilities	562,174	1,126,449	849,786				
Non-Current Liabilities		<b></b>					
Advances from other funds		276,645	-				
Compensated absences - noncurrent	78,511	46,352	33,318				
Loans payable - noncurrent	102,418	149,397	1,054,230				
Lease liability - noncurrent Bonds payable - noncurrent	7,684	5,017	4,225				
OPEB liability	2,135,000 166,186	500,000 89,719	- 78,877				
Net pension liability	743,383		323,313				
Total Non-Current Liabilities	3,233,182	1,498,440	1,493,963				
Total Liabilities	3,795,356						
	3,793,330	2,624,889	2,343,749				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Changes in net pension liability	49,788	28,888	21,653				
Changes in the total OPEB liability	66,800	36,065	31,707				
Leases	-	-	-				
Total Deferred Inflows	116,588	64,953	53,360				
NET POSITION:							
Net investment in capital assets	21,743,759	7,844,879	33,200,865				
Unrestricted	968,682	2,330,331	383,654				
Total Net Position	\$ 22,712,441	\$ 10,175,210	\$33,584,519				
	,,		,				

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2023

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fun						nds	
	M	lajor Fund	Non-Major Funds					
		Airport	Bu	siness Park		Transit		Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Current Assets  Cash and investments	\$	219.722	\$	676,497	\$		\$	7,432,873
Accounts receivable, net	Φ	148,192	Φ	070,497	Φ	- 431,707	Φ	1,358,784
Interest receivable		606		786		1		28,591
Leases receivable		90,761		37,415		-		128,176
Prepaid items		-		-		-		10,582
Inventory		18,041		<del></del>	_	<del></del>	_	18,041
Total Current Assets	_	477,322		714,698	_	431,708	_	8,977,047
Non Current Assets Advances to other funds								117,409
Capital assets, non-depreciable		- 657,997		- 14,977		-		3,662,421
Capital assets - depreciable, net		6,537,983		6,298,016		27,195		77,111,068
Total Non-Current Assets	_	7,195,980		6,312,993		27,195		80,890,898
Total Assets		7,673,302		7,027,691		458,903	_	89,867,945
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Changes in net pension liability		14,570		19,644		11,468		713,216
Changes in the total OPEB liability		2,868		2,264		1,012		86,295
Deferred amount on debt refunding		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		15,331
Total Deferred Outflows	_	17,438		21,908		12,480		814,842
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable		45,928		34,788		119,908		1,925,915
Accrued salaries and benefits		1,641		1,649		988		72,035
Accrued expenses Accrued interest payable		12,920 7,277		-		-		86,589 24,730
Deposits payable		17,787		2,032		-		122,266
Due to other funds		-		_,00_		17,861		17,861
Unearned revenues		139,713		-		, -		139,713
Compensated absences - current		832		970		806		49,222
Loans payable - current		15,343		-		-		173,411
Lease liability - current		876		100		106		18,192
Bonds payable - current  Total Current Liabilities	_	242,317	_	39,539	_	139,669	_	330,000 2,959,934
Total Current Liabilities	_	242,317		39,339	_	139,009	_	2,909,904
Non-Current Liabilities								
Advances from other funds		1,032,571		-				1,309,216
Compensated absences - noncurrent		2,824		3,293		2,735		167,033
Loans payable - noncurrent Lease liability - noncurrent		178,187 866		98		106		1,484,232 17,996
Bonds payable - noncurrent		-		-		-		2,635,000
OPEB liability		11,975		9,460		4,232		360,449
Net pension liability		32,696		44,083		25,740		1,600,525
Total Non-Current Liabilities		1,259,119		56,934		32,813		7,574,451
Total Liabilities	_	1,501,436		96,473	_	172,482		10,534,385
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Changes in net pension liability		2,191		2,952		1,723		107,195
Changes in the total OPEB liability		4,815		3,801		1,701		144,889
Leases	_	90,614		37,417				128,031
Total Deferred Inflows	_	97,620	_	44,170	_	3,424	_	380,115
NET POSITION:								
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		7,000,708 (909,024)		6,312,795 596,161		26,983 268,494		76,129,989 3,638,298
Omestroted		(303,024)		JJU, 10 I	_	200,434		5,050,280
Total Net Position	\$	6,091,684	\$	6,908,956	\$	295,477	\$	79,768,287

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Major Funds						
		Water	-	Beach Drive atment Facility	NW Wastewater Treatment Facility		
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services Rents	\$	3,226,526	\$	2,898,136	\$ 2,256,196		
Sale of fuel		-		-	-		
Grant revenue		-		_	-		
Other revenue		<u>-</u>	_				
<b>Total Operating Revenue</b>	_	3,226,526	_	2,898,136	2,256,196		
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Salaries and benefits		1,185,722		741,671	545,121		
Materials, supplies, & operational expenses		467,237		351,865	292,532		
Repairs and maintenance		215,666		121,061	350,522		
Power and utilities		211,303		142,960	287,295		
Contractual services		171,529		1,213,266	957,338		
Professional services		16,259		8,141	6,286		
Insurance		78,699		59,562	46,107		
Miscellaneous Depreciation and amortization		858 683,468	_	28,041 398,326	41,794 <u>527,279</u>		
Total Operating Expenses		3,030,741	_	3,064,893	3,054,274		
Operating Income (Loss)	_	195,785		(166,757)	(798,078)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest income		80,944		57,875	19,487		
Interest expense	_	(63,560)	_	(32,378)	(27,394)		
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		17,384		25,497	(7,907)		
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and							
Contributions		213,169	_	(141,260)	(805,985)		
TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS							
Transfers in Transfers out		(25,000)		-	-		
Capital grants		12,053	_	<u>-</u>			
Total Transfers and Contributions		(12,947)	_				
Change in net position		200,222		(141,260)	(805,985)		
Net Position - July 1, 2022		22,512,219	_	10,316,470	34,390,504		
Net Position - June 30, 2023	\$	22,712,441	\$	10,175,210	\$ 33,584,519		

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Major Fund	Non-Majo	or Funds	•
	Airport	Business Park	Transit	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,669	\$ 8,391,527
Rents	223,012	22,200	-	245,212
Sale of fuel	27,310	-	-	27,310
Grant revenue	-	-	331,707	331,707
Other revenue	29,595		<del>_</del>	<u>29,595</u>
Total Operating Revenue	279,917	22,200	342,376	9,025,351
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits	50,866	60,345	36,444	2,620,169
Materials, supplies, & operational expenses	94,070	11,920	53,369	1,270,993
Repairs and maintenance	45,019	-	20,489	752,757
Power and utilities	41,680	-	1,207	684,445
Contractual services	50,550	137,503	367,215	2,897,401
Professional services	2,598	230	87,067	120,581
Insurance	10,598	1,674	16,317	212,957
Miscellaneous	6,847	-	-	77,540
Depreciation and amortization	338,226	231,014	19,130	2,197,443
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	640,454	442,686	601,238	10,834,286
Operating Income (Loss)	(360,537)	(420,486)	(258,862)	(1,808,935)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income	3,968	5,032	255	167,561
Interest expense	(7,685)	(2)	<u>(1</u> )	(131,020)
Total Non-Operating Revenues				
(Expenses)	(3,717)	5,030	254	36,541
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and				
Contributions	(364,254)	(415,456)	(258,608)	(1,772,394)
TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS				
Transfers in	-	_	-	-
Transfers out	-	(461,415)	-	(486,415)
Capital grants	166,335			178,388
<b>Total Transfers and Contributions</b>	166,335	(461,415)		(308,027)
Change in net position	(197,919)	(876,871)	(258,608)	(2,080,421)
Net Position - July 1, 2022	6,289,603	7,785,827	554,085	81,848,708
Net Position - June 30, 2023	\$ <u>6,091,684</u>	\$ 6,908,956	\$ 295,477	\$ <u>79,768,287</u>

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Major Funds	·
			NW Wastewater	
		Water	Beach Drive Treatment Facility	Treatment Facility
CACH ELOWE EDOM ODEDATING ACTIVITIES		vvater	Treatment racinty	Treatment racinty
Cash received from customers	\$	3,200,214	\$ 2,908,723	\$ 2,250,859
Cash paid to suppliers	φ	(1,773,126)	(1,430,185)	(1,518,654)
Cash paid to suppliers  Cash paid to employees		(1,773,120)	(663,359)	(492,390)
Cash paid to employees		(1,003,370)	(003,339)	(492,390)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating				
Activities		363,510	815,179	239,815
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interfund receipts		20,000		
Interfund disbursements		(25,000)	(138,322)	-
intentina dispuisements	_	(23,000)	(130,322)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital				
Financing Activities		(5,000)	(138,322)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Capital contributions		12,053	_	_
Acquisition of capital assets		(2,021,075)	(396,901)	(177,469)
Principal paid on capital leases		(6,000)	(31,436)	(31,436)
Principal paid on long-term debt		(272,585)	(88,259)	(74,999)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(64,089)	(33,378)	(28,170)
Not Cook Dravided by (Head for) Conital and				
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities		(2,351,696)	(549,974)	(312,074)
Related Financing Activities		(2,331,090)	(349,974)	(312,074)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and dividends		71,069	50,803	18,099
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		71,069	50,803	18,099
, ,		-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash				
Equivalents		(1,922,117)	177,686	(54,160)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2022		3,526,468	3,517,938	1,290,839
· ·			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2023	\$	1,604,351	\$ 3,695,624	\$ <u>1,236,679</u>

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Major Fund	Non-Majo	or Funds	
	Airport	Business Park	Transit	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$ 132,157 (209,141) (46,486)	\$ 22,158 (190,592) (54,542)	\$ 84,455 (521,884) (33,648)	\$ 8,598,566 (5,643,582) (2,354,003)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	(123,470)	(222,976)	(471,077)	600,981
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Interfund receipts Interfund disbursements	<u>-</u>	(461,41 <u>5</u> )		20,000 (624,737)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital Financing Activities	<del>-</del>	<u>(461,415</u> )		(604,737)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Capital contributions Acquisition of capital assets	166,335 (116,815)		-	178,388 (2,712,260)
Principal paid on capital leases Principal paid on long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt	(15,093) (6,97 <u>5</u> )	(61) (2)	(84) (1)	(68,872) (451,081) (132,615)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	27,452	(63)	<u>(85</u> )	(3,186,440)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends	3,496	4,352	295	148,114
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	3,496	4,352	295	148,114
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(92,522)	(680,102)	(470,867)	(3,042,082)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2022	312,244	1,356,599	470,867	10,474,955
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2023	\$ 219,722	\$ 676,497	\$	\$ 7,432,873

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Major Funds							
		Water	Beach Drive Treatment Facility			astewater nent Facility		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Operating Income (loss)	\$	195,785	\$	(166,757)	\$	(798,078)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization Pension and OPEB expense		683,468 105,845		398,326 65,461		527,279 46,172		
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(30,391)		10,587		(5,337)		
(Increase) decrease in lease receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(246)		(155)		(155)		
(Increase) decrease in inventory Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(538,343)		523,250		- 469,016		
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		(72,986)		(28,384)		(5,641)		
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		4,079		-		-		
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages		6,998		6,585		5,008		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	_	9,301		6,266		<u> 1,551</u>		
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	363,510	\$	<u>815,179</u>	\$	239,815		
Supplementary information:								
Non-Cash Capital and Related Activities								
Acquisition of right to use asset	\$	9,479	\$	7,156	\$	5,528		
Inception of lease liability	\$	(9,47 <u>9</u> )	\$	(7,156)	\$	(5,528)		

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		lajor Fund		Non-Major Funds				
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		Airport	<u>B</u>	Business Park		Transit		Totals
Operating Income (loss)	\$	(360,537)	\$	(420,486)	\$	(258,862)	\$	(1,808,935)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization Pension and OPEB expense		338,226 4,752		231,014 6,269		19,130 3,633		2,197,443 232,132
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in lease receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses (Increase) decrease in inventory Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue Increase (decrease) in deposits payable Increase (decrease) in accrued wages Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating	_	(147,524) 29,151 - 42,529 32,698 (33,006) (29,238) (149) 245 (617)	_	1,614 - 34,735 - (1,656) (74,000) 489 (955)	_	(257,921) - 1,167 - 22,613 - - 219 (1,056)	_	(430,586) 30,765 611 42,529 543,969 (140,017) (30,894) (70,070) 19,544 14,490
Activities  Supplementary information:	<b>*</b>	(123,470)	<sup>\$</sup> =	(222,976)	*=	(471,077)	» <u>—</u>	600,981
Non-Cash Capital and Related Activities								
Acquisition of right to use asset Inception of lease liability	\$\$	1,784 (1,784)	\$\$	203 (203)	\$ \$	<u> </u>	\$\$	24,150 (24,150)

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and investments (Note 2) Interest receivable	\$ 1,309,288 36
Restricted cash and investments (Note 2)	788,762
Total Assets	2,098,086
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and other liabilities	67,569
Total Liabilities	67,569
NET POSITION	
Restricted for: Individuals, organizations, and other governments	2,030,517
Total Net Position	\$ 2,030,517

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds
<u>ADDITIONS</u>	
Taxes and assessments Interest income	\$ 1,631,216 24,845
Total Additions	<u>1,656,061</u>
DEDUCTIONS	
Operating costs	102,432
Debt service: Principal Interest costs	563,800 1,099,142
Total Deductions	1,765,374
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(109,313)
Fiduciary Net Position - July 1, 2022	2,139,830
Fiduciary Net Position - June 30, 2023	\$ <u>2,030,517</u>

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Rio Vista (the "City") was incorporated in 1893, as a municipal corporation under the laws and regulations of the State of California. The City operates under a City Manager-Council form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. Other services include utilities, transit, and airport.

The financial statements and accounting policies of the City conform with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting policies are summarized below:

# A. The Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial activities of the City along with the financial activities of its blended component unit, which is an entity for which the City is financially accountable. Together these entities comprise the primary government for reporting purposes. Although they are separate legal entities, blended component units are in substance part of the City's operations and are reported as an integral part of the City's financial statements. The City's component unit, which is described below, is blended.

### City of Rio Vista Public Financing Authority

The City of Rio Vista Public Financing Authority (the "Authority") was formed as a joint powers authority between the City and the former Redevelopment Agency to serve as a financing mechanism of various capital projects. The City Council acts as the governing board in a concurrent session, as necessary. The bond issuance authorizations are approved by the City's Council and the legal liability for the Authority's debt remains with the City. The Authority provides services solely for the benefit of the City and is presented as a debt service fund. No separate financial statements are issued for the Authority.

# B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

These standards require that the financial statements described below be presented.

### Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include the activities of the overall City government except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the City. The City's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and its blended component unit. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories with each major fund displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds in a single column, regardless of their fund type.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

#### **Governmental Funds**

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - Debt service funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> - Capital project funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

### **Proprietary Funds**

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

# Fiduciary Funds (not included in government-wide statements)

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds.

# **Major Funds**

The City reports the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects - This fund is used to account for the City's major capital projects.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Municipal Improvements</u> - This fund is used to collect fees paid by developers of construction projects to be used to help fund future capital municipal improvements needed as a result of current development.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds in the accompanying financial statements:

Water Fund - This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's water resources.

<u>Beach Drive Treatment Facility Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the cost of providing services to residents and businesses connected to the Beach Drive Sewer Facility.

Northwest (NW) Wastewater Treatment Facility Fund - This fund accounts for the cost of providing services to residents and businesses connected to the Northwest Sewer Facility.

Airport Fund - This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's airport operations.

The City also reports the following fund types:

Non-Major Proprietary Fund: Transit - This fund is used to account for transportation services provided to the City through Rio Vista Delta Breeze, a program of the City that provides deviated fixed route bus service on three routes serving Rio Vista, Isleton, Antioch, Pittsburgh/Bay Point BART Station, Suisun City, and Fairfield, with connections to I odi

Non-Major Proprietary Fund: Business Park - This fund is used to allocate staff time and available resources from leases and sales of lands in the Business Park to finance public improvements, create development-ready land parcels, and provide incentives for development of businesses on City-owned land.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - These funds are custodial in nature and account for resources held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other government entities. These resources include fees collected on behalf of assessment districts.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements regardless of the measurement focus applied.

### Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item "b" below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds are accounted for using a "current financial resources" measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. All proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with the operation of these funds are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- c. Custodial funds use the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. In addition, all fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City defines available to be within 60 days of year-end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest, including payments on lease liabilities, which are reported when due. Governmental capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the City the right to use leased assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds for governmental long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual include taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest and charges for services. Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

Grant revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements are met. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City may fund certain programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position are available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary funds' principal operations. The principal operating revenues of the water, sewer, and transit enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# D. Property Taxes

The County of Solano levies, bills, and collects property taxes and special assessments for the City. Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue when received, in the fiscal year or levy, due to the adoption of the "alternate method of property tax distribution", known as the Teeter Plan, by the City and the County of Solano. The Teeter Plan authorizes the Auditor/Controller of the County of Solano to allocate 100% of the secured property taxes billed, but not yet paid. The County of Solano remits tax monies to the City in three installments as follows:

50% remitted in December 45% remitted in April 5% remitted in June

Tax collections are the responsibility of the County Tax Collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments; the first is due November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10; and the second is due on February 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do no constitute a lien against real property unless the tax becomes delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the County for late payment.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property valuations are established by the Assessor of the County of Solano for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls. Under the provisions of Article XIIIA of the State Constitution, properties are assessed at 100% of purchase price or value in 1978 whichever is later. From this base assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of 2 percent. However, increases to full value are allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal property is excluded from these limitations, and is subject to annual reappraisal.

Tax levy dates are attached annually on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property, as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

#### E. Cash and Investments

The City pools the cash of all funds, except for monies deposited with fiscal agents in accordance with related bond indentures. The cash and investments balance in each fund represents that fund's equity share of the City's cash and investment pool. As the City places no restrictions on the deposit or withdrawal of a particular fund's equity in the pool, the pool operates like a demand deposit account for the participating funds.

Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly to the various funds based on month-end balances and is adjusted at fiscal year-end. Interest income on restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

The City's investments are carried at fair value. The fair value of equity and debt securities is determined based on sales prices or bid-and-asked quotations from SEC-registered securities exchanges or NASDAQ dealers. LAIF determines the fair value of their portfolio quarterly and reports a factor to the City; the City applies that factor to convert its share of LAIF from amortized cost to fair value. This amount is included in cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the governmental and business-type funds. Changes in fair value are allocated to each participating fund.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City has defined cash and cash equivalents to be change and petty cash funds, equity in the City's cash and investment pool, and restricted non-pooled investments with initial maturities of three months or less.

# F. Accounts and Interest Receivable

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Receivables are recorded in the financial statements net of any allowance for doubtful accounts if applicable, and estimated refunds due. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants, police fines and other fees. Federal and state grants are considered receivable and accrued as revenue when reimbursable costs are incurred. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis, but not in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Long-term loans in governmental funds are treated as expenditures in the year advanced and as revenues in the year repayment is measurable and available. Loans receivable are recorded in the fund statements, but are offset by deferred inflows of resources to indicate they do not represent current financial resources. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### G. Prepaid Expenses and Inventory

Inventories are stated at cost (average cost per unit) for governmental and proprietary funds. The cost is recorded as an expenditure/expense in the funds at the time individual inventory items are consumed, rather than purchased. Inventories of governmental funds are offset by nonspendable fund balance to indicate they do not constitute resources available for future appropriation.

Prepaid items are also recognized under the consumption method. Payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

# H. Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

### Government-wide Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available, except for intangible right-to-use assets, the measurement of which is discussed in note 1K. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Assets acquired with grant funds may be capitalized even though their individual cost is less than \$5,000.

Depreciation/amortization is provided using the straight line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated/amortized. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets. The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Buildings and improvements

Equipment and machinery

Vehicles

Runways

Infrastructure

Right-to-use leased assets

10 -100 years
5 - 20 years
5 - 12 years
50 years
3 - 5 years
3 - 5 years

# Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

# I. Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick days in varying amounts based on classification and length of service. Upon termination or retirement, the City is to pay 100% of vacation and 50% of sick time accrued up to a maximum of 60 days, after three years of service. The City's liability for compensated absences is recorded at the City-wide level in the Statement of Net Position for governmental activities or in the proprietary funds as appropriate. The liability for compensated absences is determined annually, however such compensated absences payments are not distinguished from regular payroll paid during the fiscal year.

Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability. The long-term portion of governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### J. Long Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term liabilities, and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Initial issue bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The difference between the reacquisition price of refunding bonds and the net carrying amount of refunded debt (deferred amount on refunding) is amortized over the shorter of the lives of the refunding debt or remaining life of the refunded debt. Bond issuance costs, except for insurance, are expensed in the period incurred. Amortization of bond premiums or discounts, insurance costs, and deferred amounts on refunding is included in interest expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs during the period issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### K. Leases

# Lessee

The City is a lessee for several noncancellable leases of equipment. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the
  lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for
  leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of
  the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to
  exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.

# <u>Lessor</u>

The City is a lessor for noncancellable leases for land, buildings, and, cell tower sites. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide, governmental fund and proprietary fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Key estimate and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

#### L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position, or balance sheet, will sometimes report a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position, or balance sheet, will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

### M. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension liabilities are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability. The long-term portion of governmental activities net pension liability is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

### N. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For the purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liabilities and asset information with certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021
Measurement Date June 30, 2022
Measurement Period July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022

OPEB liabilities are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability. The long-term portion of governmental activities total OPEB liability is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### O. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

### P. Equity Classifications

# **Government-wide Statements**

Net position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources over all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, regardless of fund. Net position is divided into three categories. These categories apply only to net position, which is determined at the government-wide level, and are described below:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints place on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

# **Fund Statements**

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Amounts that are restricted for specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- d. Assigned Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted or committed.
- e. Unassigned Amounts representing the residual classification for the general fund and residual negative fund balance of special revenue and capital project funds.

Further detail about the City's fund balance classification is described in Note 11.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### R. Reclassifications

Certain accounts in prior-year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the presentation in the current-year financial statements.

# S. Implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board Statements

Effective July 1, 2022, the City implemented the following accounting and financial reporting standards:

# Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 91

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The City adopted this accounting guidance for its June 30, 2023 year-end. There was no impact to the financial statements as a result of this statement.

# Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 94

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). A PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial assets, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). An APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that my include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The City adopted this accounting guidance for its June 30, 2023 year-end. There was no impact to the financial statements as a result of this statement.

# Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments, defines a SBITA, establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset-an intangible asset-and a corresponding liability, provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA, and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The City adopted this accounting guidance for its June 30, 2023 year-end. There was no impact to the financial statements as a result of this statement.

# T. Future Government Accounting Standards Board Statements

These statements are not effective until July 1, 2023 or later. The City has not determined the effects on the financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 99

In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. This primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for guarantees. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. The requirements of this statement related to leases, PPPs and SBITAs are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 and the requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

# Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 100

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this statement are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

# Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 101

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This primary objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

# **NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2023 were classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Cash and Investments		(	Restricted Cash and vestments	_	Total
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$_	26,093,306 7,432,873	\$ 	537,697 	\$_	26,631,003 7,432,873
Total government-wide cash and investments	_	33,526,179		537,697	_	34,063,876
Fiduciary activities	_	1,309,288		788,762	_	2,098,050
Total cash and investments	\$_	34,835,467	\$	1,326,459	\$_	36,161,926

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments were carried at fair value as of June 30, 2023 and consisted of the following:

Cash on hand Cash in banks	\$ _	650 5,025,047
Total cash	_	5,025,697
Certificates of Deposit Money market funds Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) PARS Section 115 Trust	_	4,000,000 25,505,603 1,092,929 537,697
Total investments	_	31,136,229
Total cash and investments	\$_	36,161,926

### PARS Section 115 Trust

The City has a trust fund account managed by the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). This fund is a Section 115 trust fund dedicated to prefunding employer contributions to defined benefit pension systems for eligible California public agencies. The Section 115 Trust was established as a means to set aside monies to fund the City's pension obligations. Contributions to the Section 115 trust are irrevocable, the assets are dedicated to providing benefits to plan members, and the assets are protected from creditors of the City. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the assets in the Section 115 Trust are not considered to have present service capacity as plan assets and are therefore considered restricted assets of the City rather than plan assets. Accordingly, the Section 115 Trust's assets are recorded as restricted for pension benefits rather than assets of the pension plan during the measurement of the net pension liability. The assets held in trust will be considered pension plan assets at the time they are transferred out of the Trust into the pension plan.

# Authorized Investments of the City

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by the City's investment policy. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Credit Quality	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in one Issuer
U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds	(A)	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
U.S. Government-Sponsored Enterprise Agencies:				
Government National Mortgage Association	5 years	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Federal National Mortgage Association	5 years	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	5 years	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Federal Home Loan Bank	5 years	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	N/A	50%	(B)
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	Α	30%	No Límit
California Local Agency Investment Fund	Ň/A	N/A	No Limit	\$40,000,000
5 ,				per account
Passbook Savings Account Demand Deposits	N/A	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Money Market Accounts	N/A	N/A	No Limit	No Limit

- (A) Maximum maturities of 5 years or greater with specific City Council approval
- (B) \$100,000 unless collateralized by eligible securities as provided by California Governmental Code Sections 53651 and 53652.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged as reserves to be used if the City fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City ordinance, bond indentures or State statute. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments with fiscal agents. The bond indentures contain no limitations for the maximum investment in any one issuer or the maximum percentage of the portfolio that may be invested in any one investment type. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	N/A
U.S. Agency Obligations	None	N/A
U.S. Government-Sponsored Agency Obligations State Obligations:	None	N/A
General Obligation	None	Α
General Short-Term Obligation	None	A-1+
Special Revenue Bonds	None	AA
Pre-Refunded Municipal Obligation	None	AAA
Unsecured Certificates of Deposit	30 days	A-1
FDIC-Insured Deposit	None	N/A
Repurchase Agreements	None	Α
Commercial Paper	270 Days	Three highest categories
Bankers' Acceptances	(A)	Ã-1
Money Market Mutual Funds	None	Three highest categories
Investment Agreement	None	N/A
Tax-Exempt Öbligations	None	Three highest categories
State of California- Local Agency Investment Fund	None	Ň/A

(A) Maximum maturity is 30 days for all debt issues except the Community Facilities District No. 2006-1, which permits a maximum of up to 270 days.

# **Investment Valuation**

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City's money market funds held by bond and loan trustees were measured using Level 2 inputs at June 30, 2023. Fair values are based on quoted market prices for similar securities in markets that are not active, and model-based techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market.

# Disclosure Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City's interest rate risk is mitigated is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity as of June 30, 2023:

	Remaining Maturity			
	12 months or less	1-5 years	Fair Value	
Local Agency Investment Fund Money market - depository Held by bond trustee:	\$ 1,092,929 24,716,841	\$ - \$	1,092,929 24,716,841	
Money market funds Held by loan trustee:	788,762	-	788,762	
PARS Section 115 Trust Plan Certificates of Deposit	537,697 4,000,000	<u> </u>	537,697 4,000,000	
	\$ <u>31,136,229</u>	\$ <u> </u>	31,136,229	

# Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City had no investments (including investments held by bond trustees) that were highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations as of June 30, 2023.

# Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the fiscal year for each investment type.

		Rating as of Fiscal Y		
	Total	S&P	Moody's	N/A
Local Agency Investment Fund Money market - depository Held by bond trustee:	\$ 1,092,929 24,716,841			Not rated Not rated
Money market funds PARS Section 115 Trust Plan Certificates of Deposit	788,762 537,697 4,000,000	AAAm	Aaa-mf	Not rated Not rated
	\$ <u>31,136,229</u>			

# Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the LAIF for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which is recorded on an amortized cost basis.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$33,741,888 and bank balances were \$34,054,651, of which \$500,000 was insured by FDIC coverage limits.

# Allocation of Interest Income Among Funds

Interest income from pooled investments is allocated to those funds which are required by law or administrative action to receive interest. Interest is allocated monthly based on the ending cash balances of the previous month in each fund receiving interest.

### NOTE 3: NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE

The City has engaged in programs designed to encourage construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing or other projects. Under these programs, grants or loans are provided under favorable terms to homeowners who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's terms. The balances of the loans arising from these programs at June 30, 2023 totaled \$75,000. The loans have varying maturity dates and interest rates, depending on loan agreements. The balance of the notes receivable has been offset in the fund financial statements by deferred inflows of resources as they are not deemed measurable and available within 60 days, except for those loans that have current payment activity.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 4: LEASES RECEIVABLE**

The City is reporting leases receivable of \$336,371 at June 30, 2023. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City reported lease revenue of \$76,083 and interest revenue of \$573 related to lease payments received for the following agreements:

### Land

In May 1996, the City entered into an agreement with Insight Designs for land located within the business park. The City is receiving annual payments through April 2045. There are no renewal options included in the lease agreement.

In April 1998, the City entered into an agreement with Warren E. Gomes, Jr. for land located within the business park. The City is receiving annual payments through March 2047. There are no renewal options included in the lease agreement.

In December 2007, the City entered into an agreement with Page Baldwin and William G Rabska for land located within the airport. The City is receiving monthly payments through November 2027. There are two five-year options included in the lease agreement. It is unknown at this time if the options will be exercised.

In March 2005, the City entered into an agreement with Comcast Cable Communication for land. The City is receiving monthly payments, adjusted annually by the consumer price index. The initial term of the lease expired in February 2010; the extended term of up to two additional 5-years expired in February 2020. The next extension allows for up to three five-year options which the City believes will be exercised and expires in February 2035.

In January 2009, the City entered into an agreement with Travis Aero Club for land located within the airport. The City is receiving annual payments through December 2026.

The City also has agreements with two companies for land for cell towers. Theses leases were fully prepaid in prior years and the City is recognizing revenue straight-line based on the length of the leases, expiring in August 2034 and May 2036. There is no related receivable recorded as the leases were prepaid, but lease revenue and interest revenue are included in the totals above.

# <u>Building</u>

In August 2020, the City entered into an agreement with Travis Aero Club for the lease of an office building at the airport. The City is receiving monthly payments through July 2025.

In October 2021, the City entered into an agreement with Travis Aero Club for the lease of an office building at the airport. The City is receiving monthly payments through September 2026.

Future payments due to the City under the non-cancelable agreements are as follows for the years ended June 30:

For the Year Ending June 30,	_	Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$	48,459	\$	700	\$	49,159
2025 2026		48,566 42,083		597 520		49,163 42,603
2027		28,380		405		28,785
2028 2029 - 2033		19,935 97,737		423 1,097		20,358 98,834
2034 - 2038		38,434		229		38,663
2039 - 2043 2044 - 2048	_	8,395 4,382	_	76 333	_	8,471 4,715
Total	\$_	336,371	\$_	4,380	\$_	340,751

The City has recorded a deferred inflow of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease terms. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$702,013.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# **NOTE 5: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 was as follows:

# **Due to/from Other Funds**

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Description	 mount
General Fund	Transit Fund Developers Revolving	Overdrawn cash balances Overdrawn cash balances	\$ 17,861 17,706
		Total Due to/From	\$ 35,567

# **Advances to/from Other Funds**

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund Municipal Improvement Municipal Improvement	Airport Airport Beach Drive Treatment	\$	801,656 153,506 226,645
To	otal Governmental Major Fund Advances	_	1,181,807
Parks and Recreation	Beach Drive Treatment	_	10,000
Total G	Sovernmental Non-Major Fund Advances	_	10,000
Water Water Beach Drive Treatment	Airport Beach Drive Treatment Airport	_	38,704 40,000 38,705
	Total Proprietary Major Fund Advances	_	117,409
	Total Advances to/from Other Funds	\$_	1,309,216

Advances to/from other funds listed above were all made in prior years. In March 2016, the City Council approved an interfund repayment schedule for the above advances. Principal and interest payments are made annually at 0.34%, using a simple average interest method, unless waived by Council due to insufficient funds. Advances are set to be repaid by 2025.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 5: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

# Interfund Transfers to/from Other Funds

Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Transfer from	Transfer To	Description of Transfer	_	Amount
Governmental Funds Capital Projects Municipal Improvements Municipal Improvements	General Fund Capital Projects General Fund	Recreation & code enforcement City Hall remodel ABM debt service payment	\$	79,040 6,709 122,247
	Total	Major Governmental Interfund Transfers	_	207,996
Gas Tax Landfill Closure Personnel Services District Storm Drain	Capital Projects General Fund Vehicle Replacement Capital Projects	Capital project funding Excess landfill fee Fire truck debt service reserves Capital project funding	\$	110,728 560,000 78,000 29,150
	Total Non-	Major Governmental Interfund Transfers	_	777,878
Proprietary Funds Water Business Park Business Park	Vehicle Replacement General Fund Vehicle Replacement	Fire truck debt service reserves Cannabis fee repayment Police vehicle purchase	\$	25,000 150,000 311,415
		<b>Total Proprietary Interfund Transfers</b>		486,415
		Total Interfund Transfers	\$_	1,472,289

# CITY OF RIO VISTA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# **NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS**

# Governmental activities:

	Balance at July 1, 2022	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2023
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 1,968,332 1,926,486	\$ - 608,791	\$ -	\$ - (633,579)	\$ 1,968,332 1,901,698
Construction-in-progress	1,920,400	000,791	<del>-</del>	(033,379)	1,901,098
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated	3,894,818	608,791	<del></del>	<u>(633,579</u> )	3,870,030
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	6,236,275	-	-	633,579	6,869,854
Vehicles	3,518,404	204,391	(215,000)	-	3,507,795
Machinery and equipment	1,325,381	36,638	-	-	1,362,019
Right-to-use lease assets	22,908	65,463	-	-	88,371
Infrastructure	9,822,803				9,822,803
Total capital assets being					
depreciated	20,925,771	306,492	(215,000)	633,579	21,650,842
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(4,182,538)	(255,691)	-	-	(4,438,229)
Vehicles	(2,519,698)	(179,606)	215,000	-	(2,484,304)
Machinery and equipment	(1,231,456)	(40,060)	-	-	(1,271,516)
Right-to-use lease assets	(14,298)	(15,190)	-	-	(29,488)
Infrastructure	<u>(2,586,140</u> )	(339,433)			(2,925,573)
Total accumulated depreciation	(10,534,130)	(829,980)	215,000		(11,149,110)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>14,286,459</u>	\$ 85,303	\$	\$	\$ <u>14,371,762</u>

Depreciation was charged to functions based on their usage of the related assets as follows:

# Governmental Activities:

General administration	\$ 74,929
Public safety	329,460
Parks and recreation	224,458
Development	3,834
Public works	 197,299
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 829,980

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

# **Business-type activities:**

	Balance at July 1, 2022	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2023
Nondepreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 545,290	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 545,290
Construction-in-progress	<u>5,921,650</u>	<u>2,674,526</u>		<u>(5,479,045</u> )	<u>3,117,131</u>
Total nondepreciable assets	6,466,940	2,674,526		(5,479,045)	3,662,421
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	60,759,414	-	-	-	60,759,414
Runways	12,148,371	-	-	893,225	13,041,596
Machinery and equipment	1,942,194	37,734	-	-	1,979,928
Vehicles	1,306,911	-	-	-	1,306,911
Right-to-use lease assets	70,037	24,150	-	-	94,187
Infrastructure	28,825,680			4,585,820	33,411,500
Total capital assets being					
depreciated	105,052,607	61,884		<u>5,479,045</u>	<u>110,593,536</u>
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(16,708,879)	(844,849)	-	-	(17,553,728)
Runways	(6,584,941)	(329,826)	-	-	(6,914,767)
Machinery and equipment	(1,636,185)	(64,825)	-	-	(1,701,010)
Vehicles	(931,949)	(134,530)	-	-	(1,066,479)
Right-to-use lease assets	(29,573)	(28,539)	-	-	(58,112)
Infrastructure	(5,393,498)	<u>(794,874</u> )		<u> </u>	<u>(6,188,372</u> )
Total accumulated depreciation	(31,285,025)	(2,197,443)			(33,482,468)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>80,234,522</u>	\$ 538,967	\$	\$	\$ 80,773,489

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City's business-type activities as follows:

Water	\$	683,468
Beach Drive Treatment Facility		398,326
NW Wastewater Treatment Facility		527,279
Airport		338,226
Business Park		231,014
Transit	_	19,130
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$	2,197,443

# CITY OF RIO VISTA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# **NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The following is a summary of changes in the City's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balar July 1		Additions			ductions/ Balance justments June 30, 2023			Current Portion	
Governmental activities: Compensated Absences	\$ 28	31,162	\$	124,999	\$	(91,684)	\$	314,477	\$	71,580
CA CEC Loan PG&E Retrofit Loan	38	32,665 3,837		-		(22,171) (2,423)		360,494 1,414		22,383 1,414
Financed Purchases:  SNB Energy Savings Project Purchase Agreement PNC Fire Engines Lease Phase I Energy Lease		06,548 73,747		- -		(18,498) (101,882)		388,050 571,865		18,911 105,835
Purchase Loan Refinanced Police Software Lease Lease liability		80,037 11,205 8,613		- - 65,463		(53,183) - (14,939)		706,854 41,205 59,137	_	56,038 41,205 13,616
Total Governmental activities	\$ <u>2,5</u> 5	57,81 <u>4</u>	\$	190,462	\$	(304,780)	\$	2,443,496	\$_	330,982
	Balar July 1		_A	dditions	R	eductions	_	Balance ne 30, 2023		Current Portion
Business-type activities: Compensated Absences	July 1		<b>A</b> \$	additions 85,956	<u>R</u>	<b>eductions</b> (71,466)	Jur		\$	
Compensated Absences  Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement Water Meter Installment	<b>July 1</b> \$ 20	91,765 15,000				(71,466) (70,000)	Jur	216,255 575,000	\$	Portion 49,222 75,000
Compensated Absences  Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement Water Meter Installment Purchase Agreement  Financed Purchases: Land Capital Lease	July 1 \$ 20 64 2,64	91,765 91,765 95,000 95,000				(71,466) (70,000) (255,000) (6,000)	Jur	216,255 575,000 2,390,000 57,355	\$	Portion 49,222 75,000 255,000 6,000
Compensated Absences  Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement Water Meter Installment Purchase Agreement  Financed Purchases: Land Capital Lease Vactor Truck Loan SNB Energy Savings Project Purchase Agreement	July 1 \$ 20 64 2,64	, <b>2022</b> 01,765 45,000 45,000				(71,466) (70,000) (255,000)	Jur	216,255 575,000 2,390,000	\$	Portion 49,222 75,000 255,000
Compensated Absences  Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement Water Meter Installment Purchase Agreement  Financed Purchases: Land Capital Lease Vactor Truck Loan SNB Energy Savings Project	July 1 \$ 20 64 2,64 6 16 58	91,765 91,765 95,000 95,000 93,355 91,912				(71,466) (70,000) (255,000) (6,000) (62,872)	Jur	216,255 575,000 2,390,000 57,355 99,040	\$	Portion  49,222  75,000  255,000  6,000 65,378

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

A description of the long-term liabilities related to governmental activities at June 30, 2023 follows:

# A. Governmental Activities

# California CEC Loan

In August 2018, the City entered into a loan agreement in the amount of \$422,795 with California Energy Commission at a rate of 1% per annum on the unpaid principal, computed from the date of each disbursement. Loan funds are disbursed on a reimbursement basis. Principal and interest is due and payable in semiannual installments beginning on or before December 22 of the fiscal year following the year in which the project is completed and continuing thereafter on each June 22 and December 22. As of June 30, 2023, the City had expended \$360,494 on the project. Future debt service payments are as follows:

CEC Loan								
For the Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2024	\$	22,383	\$	3,559	\$	25,942		
2025		22,617		3,325		25,942		
2026		22,844		3,098		25,942		
2027		23,073		2,869		25,942		
2028		23,297		2,645		25,942		
2029 - 2033		120,068		9,642		129,710		
2034 - 2038	_	126,212	_	3,499	_	129,711		
Total	\$	360,494	\$_	28,637	\$	389,131		

# PG&E Retrofit Loan

In March 2014, the City entered into a loan agreement with Pacific Gas & Electric (PG&E) in the amount of \$24,032 for energy efficient / demand response equipment and services. Monthly payments of \$202 are due through December 2023. The loan does not bear any interest. Future debt service payments are as follows:

	PG&E F	Retrofit Loa	an		
For the Year Ending June 30,	Pı	incipal	Interes	t	Total
2024	\$	1,414	\$		\$ 1,414
Total	\$	1,414	\$	_	\$ 1,414

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

# Sterling National Bank Energy Savings Project Financed Purchase Agreement

In April 2020, the City entered into a financed purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,077,000 for the second phase of multiple facility improvements concerning energy conservation measures in the City. The facility improvements include field lighting at Egbert Sports Field, upgrade of HVAC and lighting at library, and solar system at swimming pool and northwest wastewater treatment plant. The agreement has an effective interest rate of 2.28%. Forty semi-annual payments are due each October and April through April 2040. The balance has been divided amongst governmental and business-type activities. The outstanding balance included in governmental activities as of June 30, 2023 was \$388,050. The financed purchase agreement is on a reimbursement basis. Future payments allocated to governmental activities is as follows:

SNB Energy Savings Project Purchase Agreement								
For the Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2024	\$	18,911	\$	8,740	\$	27,651		
2025		19,320		8,309		27,629		
2026		19,731		7,863		27,594		
2027		20,142		7,413		27,555		
2028		20,553		6,950		27,503		
2029 - 2033		111,400		27,391		138,791		
2034 - 2038		124,143		14,049		138,192		
2039 - 2040	_	53,850	_	1,537		55,387		
Total	\$	388,050	\$_	82,252	\$	470,302		

# PNC Fire Engines Financed Purchase

In February 2018, the City entered into a financed purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,044,617 for two fire engines. The agreement has an effective interest rate of 3.88%. Annual principal and interest payments totaling \$128,024 are due each February. The outstanding balance as of June 30, 2023 was \$571,865. The fire engines were included in capital assets at a net book value of \$675,626, with accumulated depreciation totaling \$368,990. Amortization of the vehicles under capital assets is included in depreciation expense. Future payments are as follows:

Fire	<b>Engines</b>	Financed P	urch	nase	
For the Year Ending June 30,	<u></u>	Principal		Interest	Total
2024	\$	105,835	\$	22,188	\$ 128,023
2025		109,942		18,082	128,024
2026		114,208		13,816	128,024
2027		118,638		9,385	128,023
2028		123,242	_	4,782	 128,024
Total	\$	571,865	\$	68,253	\$ 640,118

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

Phase I Energy Financed Purchase Loan Refinanced (formerly known as "Zion's Energy Loan")

In April 2018, the City entered into a fixed-rate all property purchase agreement in the amount of \$2,077,404 for multiple locations of facility improvements concerning about energy conservation measures in the City. The facility improvements include installation of HVAC Systems, lighting, heat pumps, and other equipment and systems related to energy efficiency efforts. The loan had an effective interest rate of 3.58% with thirty semi-annual payments due each October and April through April 2033.

On October 1, 2020 the City finalized and closed the refinancing of the Zion's Energy Loan and entered into a financed purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,944,352 with Sterling National Bank (SNB). The agreement with SNB has an interest rate of 2.07%. The overall savings from the Phase I energy refunding is approximately \$159,182 with an average annual savings of \$12,245. Twenty-five semi-annual payments are due each October and April, starting in April 2021 through April 2033.

The balance has been divided amongst governmental and business-type activities. The outstanding balance included in governmental activities as of June 30, 2023 was \$706,854. Future payments allocated to governmental activities is as follows:

Phase I Energy Financed Purchase Loan Refinanced

For the Year Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest	Total		
2024	\$	56,038	\$	14,342	\$	70,380	
2025		58,996		13,167		72,163	
2026		62,059		11,930		73,989	
2027		65,232		10,628		75,860	
2028		68,515		31,225		99,740	
2029-2033		396,014	_	1,347	_	397,361	
Total	\$	706,854	\$_	82,639	\$	789,493	

# Police Software

In December 2017, the City entered into a financed purchase agreement with Sun Ridge Systems, Inc. in the amount of \$144,249 for the purchase of a police records management system. The agreement has an interest rate of 4%. Annual principal and interest payments totaling \$23,054 are due each June. The outstanding balance of the financed purchase agreement as of June 30, 2023 was \$41,205. The software is included in capital assets at a net book value of \$2,404, with accumulated depreciation of \$141,825. Amortization of the software under capital assets is included in depreciation expense. In July 2023, the City renewed the contract with the County Sheriff. The contract states the County shall be responsible for records management, therefore, the agreement will be ended or taken on by the County.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

# NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

#### Lease Liability

The City as a lessee, has entered into lease agreements involving a postage machine, copier machine, and modular building.

Copier Machine - The City entered into a lease agreement in November 2017 and is paying monthly payments through November 2022. As of June 30, 2023, the leased asset was fully amortized. The City entered into a new lease agreement in November 2022 and is paying monthly payments through October 2027. The total of the leased assets is recorded at a cost of \$89,612, less accumulated amortization of \$11,952.

Modular Building – The City entered into a lease agreement in November 2019 and is paying monthly payments through January 2024. The total of the leased asset is recorded at a cost of \$54,687, less accumulated amortization of \$38,808.

Postage Machine - The City entered into a lease agreement in December 2020 and is paying quarterly payments through December 2025. The total of the leased assets is recorded at a cost of \$8,881, less accumulated amortization of \$3,936.

The right-to-use asset, accumulated amortization, and lease liability have been allocated amongst the governmental and business-type funds. Future payments related to the governmental-type activities is as follows:

Lease Liability								
For the Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal		Interest		Total		
2024	\$	13,616	\$	340	\$	13,956		
2025		13,848		251		14,099		
2026		13,655		165		13,820		
2027		13,456		78		13,534		
2028		4,562	_	6	_	4,568		
Total	\$	59,137	\$	840	\$	59,977		

Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities Amortization

Total Governmental Activities							
For the Year Ending June 30,	_	Principal		Interest		Total	
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 - 2033 2034 - 2038 2039 - 2043	\$ 	259,402 224,723 232,497 240,541 240,169 627,482 250,355 53,850	\$	54,067 53,313 42,375 36,028 29,614 73,040 18,895 1,537	\$	313,469 278,036 274,872 276,569 269,783 700,522 269,250 55,387	
Total	\$_	2,129,019	\$_	308,869	\$_	2,437,888	

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

A description of the long-term liabilities related to business-type activities at June 30, 2023 follows:

#### **B. Business-type Activities**

#### 2013 Land Financed Purchase

The City entered into a capital ground financed purchase for the purpose of installation of Arsenic filtration equipment for Well 10. The financed purchase has an option to purchase the property at the end of the agreement. The financed purchase has a 20-year term, beginning in January 2013 and expiring in January 2033. Annual principal payments of \$6,000 are made from water revenues. The land is included in capital assets at \$120,000. Future debt service payments are as follows:

	2013 Land Financed Purchase					
For the Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028	\$	6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000	\$	- - - -	\$	6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000
2029 - 2033	_	27,355	_		_	27,355
Total	\$_	57,355	\$_		\$_	57,355

#### Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement

In December 2015, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement for the purpose of refunding its portion of the installment payments due under the 2000 Installment Purchase Agreement and Indenture related to the 2000 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds. The refunding provides a net savings of approximately \$181,000 with a net present value of approximately \$153,000 or 14.47% of the prior bonds being refunded. The refunding also lowers overall debt service by approximately \$12,431 per year from FY 2016 to FY 2029. The difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$15,331 has been recorded as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position and is being amortized over the life of the installment purchase agreement. The installment purchase agreement is secured by a pledge of net revenues from the Sewer Enterprise Fund. Installment payments of principal and interest are due annually on October 1 through October 1, 2029. Interest is charged at an effective interest rate of 3.010% per annum.

The City covenants that it shall prescribe, revise, and collect charges for the wastewater system, that after allowances for contingencies, produces revenues sufficient in each fiscal year to provide net revenues to at least 1.20 times (120%) the sum of (i) the 2015 Installment Payments becoming due and payable in such fiscal year, and (ii) all debt service. The City was in compliance with this coverage for the year ended June 30, 2023. Future debt service payments are as follows:

Wastewate	Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement						
For the Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal		Interest		Total	
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 - 2030	\$	75,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 85,000 175,000	\$	17,308 15,050 12,642 10,234 7,826 7,977	\$	92,308 95,050 92,642 90,234 92,826 182,977	
Total	\$	575,000	\$_	71,037	\$	646,037	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

#### Water Meter Installment Purchase Agreement

In July 2016, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement for the purpose of financing the acquisition and installation of consumer water meters in the amount of \$3,990,000. The installment purchase agreement is secured by a pledge of net revenues from the Water Enterprise Fund. Semi-annual installment payments of principal and interest are due each December 1 and June 1 through December 2031. Interest is charged at an effective interest rate of 2.43% per annum

The City covenants that it shall prescribe, revise, and collect charges for the water system, that after allowances for contingencies, produces revenues sufficient in each fiscal year to provide net revenues to at least 1.20 times (120%) the sum of (i) the 2016 Installment Payments becoming due and payable in such fiscal year, and (ii) all debt service. The City was in compliance with this coverage for the year ended June 30, 2023. Future debt service payments are as follows:

Water Mete	r Instal	Iment Purch	ase	Agreement	
For the Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 - 2032	\$	255,000 260,000 275,000 275,000 280,000 1,045,000	\$	56,558 50,301 43,922 37,240 30,497 51,212	\$ 311,558 310,301 318,922 312,240 310,497 1,096,212
Total	\$	2,390,000	\$_	269,730	\$ 2,659,730

#### KS Statebank Vactor Truck Loan

In April 2018, the City entered into a vehicle and equipment financing agreement in the amount of \$308,739 for the purchase of one (1) vactor truck. Interest is charged at an effective rate of 3.95% per annum. Semi-annual payments are due each September and March through September 2024. Future payments are as follows:

 Vactor Truck Loan						
For the Year Ending June 30,	Р	rincipal		Interest		Total
2024 2025	\$	65,378 33,662	\$	3,273 665	\$	68,651 34,327
Total	\$	99,040	\$	3,938	\$	102,978

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

#### Sterling National Bank Energy Savings Project Financed Purchase Agreement

In April 2020, the City entered into a financed purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,077,000 for the second phase of multiple facility improvements concerning energy conservation measures in the City. The facility improvements include field lighting at Egbert Sports Field, upgrade of HVAC and lighting at the library, and solar system at the swimming pool and northwest wastewater treatment plant. The agreement has an effective interest rate of 2.28%. Forty semi-annual payments are due each October and April through April 2040. The agreement balance has been divided amongst governmental and business-type activities. The outstanding balance included in business-type activities as of June 30, 2023 was \$555,950. The financed purchase agreement is on a reimbursement basis. The City will request for disbursement for payments of costs incurred. Future payments allocated to business-type activities is as follows:

SNB Energy Savings Project Purchase Agreement						
For the Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2024 2025	\$	27,091 27,680	\$	12,521 11,904	\$	39,612 39,584
2026 2027		28,269 28,858		11,266 10,621		39,535 39,479
2028 2029 - 2033 2034 - 2038		29,447 159,600 177,857		9,957 39,242 20,128		39,404 198,842 197,985
2039 - 2040	_	77,148	_	2,202	_	79,350
Total	\$	555,950	\$_	<u>117,841</u>	\$_	673,791

Phase I Energy Financed Purchase Loan Refinanced (formerly known as "Zion's Energy Loan")

In April 2018, the City entered into a fixed-rate all property purchase agreement in the amount of \$2,077,404 for multiple locations of facility improvements concerning about energy conservation measures in the City. The facility improvements include installation of HVAC Systems, lighting, heat pumps, and other equipment and systems related to energy efficiency efforts. The agreement had an effective interest rate of 3.58% with thirty semi-annual payments due each October and April through April 2033.

On October 1, 2020 the City finalized and closed the refinancing of the Zion's Energy Loan and entered into a financed purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,944,352 with Sterling National Bank (SNB). The agreement with SNB has an interest rate of 2.07%. The overall savings from the Phase I energy refunding is approximately \$159,182 with an average annual savings of \$12,245. Twenty-five semi-annual payments are due each October and April, starting in April 2021 through April 2033.

The balance has been divided amongst governmental and business-type activities. The outstanding balance included in business-type activities as of June 30, 2023 was \$945,298 Future payments allocated to business-type activities is as follows:

Phase I Energy	Phase I Energy Financed Purchase Loan Refinanced					
For the Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$	74,942	\$	19,180	\$	94,122
2025 2026 2027		78,897 82,994 87,236		17,608 15,954 14.214		96,505 98,948 101,450
2028 2029 - 2033		91,628 529,601		41,758 31,174		133,386 560,775
Total	\$	945,298	\$_	139,888	\$ <u></u>	1,085,186

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

#### Lease Liability

The City as a lessee, has entered into lease agreements involving a postage machine, copier machine, and modular building.

Copier Machine - The City entered into a lease agreement in November 2017 and is paying monthly payments through November 2022. As of As of June 30, 2023, the leased asset was fully amortized. The City entered into a new lease agreement in November 2022 and is paying monthly payments through October 2027. The total of the leased assets is recorded at a cost of \$89,612, less accumulated amortization of \$11,952.

Modular Building – The City entered into a lease agreement in November 2019 and is paying monthly payments through January 2024. The total of the leased asset is recorded at a cost of \$54,687, less accumulated amortization of \$38,808.

Postage Machine - The City entered into a lease agreement in December 2020 and is paying quarterly payments through December 2025. The total of the leased assets is recorded at a cost of \$8,881, less accumulated amortization of \$3,936.

The right-to-use asset, accumulated amortization, and lease liability have been allocated amongst the governmental and business-type funds. Future payments related to the business-type activities is as follows:

	Lease Liability					
For the Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal		Interest		Total
2024	\$	18,192	\$	350	\$	18,542
2025		5,909		251		6,160
2026		5,442		165		5,607
2027		4,962		78		5,040
2028		1,683	_	6	_	1,689
Total	\$	36,188	\$_	850	\$	37,038

#### Total Business-Type Long-Term Liabilities Amortization

Tota	Total Business-Type Activities					
For the Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 - 2033 2034 - 2038 2039 - 2043	\$	521,603 492,148 477,705 482,056 493,758 1,936,556 177,857 77,148	\$	109,190 95,779 83,949 72,387 90,044 129,605 20,128 2,202	\$	630,793 587,927 561,654 554,443 583,802 2,066,161 197,985 79,350
Total	\$	4,658,831	\$_	603,284	\$	5,262,115

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 8: SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT**

Special assessment bonds have been issued pursuant to the provisions of the Improvement Bond Acts of 1915. The City is in no way liable for repayment of any bonds of the funds related to the custodial funds, according to bond counsel, but is acting only as an agent for the property owners/bond holders in collecting and forwarding the special assessments. Balances of the various assessment district bonds at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Community Facilities District No. 2004-1 (Northwest Wastewater Facility)  Community Facilities District No. 2006-1	\$	2,770,000 5.265.000
Community Facilities District No. 2018-1 (Liberty Community)	_	11,229,850
Total Special Assessment Debt	\$_	19,264,850

#### **NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plans

#### Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors five rate plans (two miscellaneous and three safety). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 (age 52 for Miscellaneous Plan members if membership date is on or after January 1, 2013) with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Special Death Benefit (Safety only), the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous							
	Classic	(PEPRA)						
Hire Date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or After January 1, 2013						
Benefit Formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62						
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service						
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life						
Retirement Age	50 and up	52 and up						
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible								
Compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% - 2.5%						
Required Employee Contribution Rates	7.000%	6.750%						
Required Employer Contribution Rates	10.87%	7.47%						
Required UAL Contribution	\$253,318	\$8,161						

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Safety							
Hire Date	Classic Prior to January 1, 2013	(PEPRA) On or After January 1, 2013						
Benefit Formula	2.0% @ 50	2.7% @ 57						
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service						
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life						
Retirement Age	50 and up	50 and up						
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible	·	·						
Compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	2.0% to 2.7%						
Required Employee Contribution Rates	9.000%	13.000%						
Required Employer Contribution Rates	19.27%	12.78% (Fire)						
		12.78% (Police)						
		\$7,031 (Fire)						
Required UAL Contribution	\$332,115	\$8,695 (Police)						

#### Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The City's contributions to the Plan for the year ending June 30, 2023 were \$1,020,988.

#### B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2023, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$8,193,698. Of this total, \$6,593,173 was reported in governmental activities and \$1,600,525 was reported in business-type activities.

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2022 and 2023 (measurement periods) was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2022	0.07207%
Proportion - June 30, 2023	0.07094%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	(0.00113%)

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$530,877. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	1,020,988	\$	-
Difference between actual contributions made by employer and the employer's proportionate share of the risk pool's total contribution  Differences between actual and expected experience  Changes in assumptions  Adjustment due to differences in proportions  Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		263,433 832,000 475,096 1,383,621		586,527 98,181 - 20,389
Total	\$	3,975,138	\$	705,097

\$1,020,988 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

 Year Ended June 30,	
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 594,406 518,074 291,493 845,080

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	6.90% net of pension plan investment expenses; includes inflation
Mortality (1)	Derived using CalPERS membership data for all funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.30% until purchasing power protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.30% thereafter

(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries 80 percent scale MP 2020. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2021 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 2000 to 2019) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)**

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 2000 to 2019, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

#### Changes in Assumptions

For the measurement period June 30, 2022, the discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 (a)
Global Equity - Cap-weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global Equity - Non-Cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.00%	-0.59%

(a) An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 9: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Discount Rate -1% (5.90%)		Current Discount Rate (6.90%)		Discount Rate +1% (7.90%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$	12,422,899	\$8,193	3,698 \$_	4,726,865	

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

#### **NOTE 10: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)**

#### Description of the Plan

The City provides health care benefits for all retired employees based on retirement age of 50 for safety employees and 55 for all other employees. A retired full-time City employee is permitted to participate in the City health, dental, and vision programs provided the retiree pays his or her entire premium, less the employer mandatory contribution. In addition, retirees with 15 years of continuous service are eligible to receive one year of fully paid City health, dental and vision coverage. If the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare, these benefits are integrated with the Medicare plan. The City's Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the City who has the authority to establish and amend the Plan's benefit terms and financing requirements to the City Council. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4 as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date. There are no separate financial statements issued for the OPEB Plan.

#### **Employees Covered**

As of the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the Health Plan:

	Number of Covered Participants
Active employees Inactive employees, spouses, or beneficiaries	33
currently receiving benefit payments	14
Total	47

#### Contributions

The City makes contributions based on an actuarially determined rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City paid \$24,350 on behalf of retirees and the estimated implicit subsidy was \$45,463, for a total contribution of \$69,813. In addition, the City entered into a Section 115 agreement with PARS during the fiscal year. The City contributed \$50,000 to the trust.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 10: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### Total OPEB Liability

**General Inflation** 

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 based on the following assumptions:

Contribution Policy. Retiree pays difference between premiums and the

PEMHCA minimum, unless the City is paying the

entire premium.

Discount Rate 3.69%

Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination CalPERS OPEB assumptions model, revised November

2021

2.30%

Salary Increases 2.80%. Additional merit based increases based on

CalPERS merit salary increase table.

Healthcare Trend Rates Premedicare 6.50%; Medicare 5.50%, trending down to

4.04%

Mortality Rates Based on CalPERS tables

Healthcare Participation Current retirees: assume current elections continue until

decrement.

Future retiree election assumptions:

 Less than 15 service years: Service retirement: 60% Disability retirement 60%

 15 or more service years: Service retirement: 70% Disability retirement: 70%

Assumed all covered spouses elect survivor spouse

benefits.

#### Changes in Assumptions

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2022, the discount rate changed from 1.92% to 3.69%, and the inflation rate changed from 5.50% to 2.30%

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.69%. The City's OPEB plan is an unfunded plan, therefore the discount rate was set to the rate of tax-exempt, high-quality 20-year municipal bonds, as of the valuation date.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 10: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability for the health care plan are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at July 1, 2022	\$	1,435,330	
Changes recognized for the measurement period: Service cost Interest Assumption changes Difference between expected and actual experience Benefit payments Implicit subsidy fulfilled	_	169,349 30,168 (250,224) 5,627 (34,698) (32,226)	
Net changes	_	(112,004)	
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	1,323,326	

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for the measurement period ended July 1, 2022:

	2.000	Discount Rate -1% Current Discount Rate Disc (2.69%) (3.69%)		•		Rate +1% 69%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,470,689	\$	1,323,326	\$	1,198,933
Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability	to Changes ir	n the Health (	Care Cost Tre	nd Rate		
	1% Decrea	se (6.00%)	Current Tre	end (7.00%)	1% Increa	ase (8.00%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,145,980	\$	1,323,326	\$	1,544,069

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$102,243. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB:

	Oi	Deferred Outflows of Resources	
OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	119,813	\$ -
Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions		4,933 192,075	307,143 224,790
Total	\$	316,821	\$ <u>531,933</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 10: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

\$119,813 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	_	
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 Thereafter	\$	(51,812) (51,812) (51,812) (51,811) (49,530) (78,148)

#### **NOTE 11: FUND BALANCE**

The City of Rio Vista has established the following fund balance policies:

Committed Fund Balance: Only the City Council may have the authority to create or change a fund balance commitment through an adoption of resolution. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City Council taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned Fund Balance: Intent is expressed by the City Council or the City Manager to which the City Council has delegated authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

The accounting policies of the City consider restricted fund balance to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and unassigned amounts.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 11: FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)**

As of June 30, 2023, fund balances consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Capital Projects	Municipal Improvements	Non-Major Funds	Total
Nonspendable: Prepaids and Supplies Advances Total Nonspendable	\$ 30,512 801,656 832,168	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 30,512 801,656 832,168
Restricted: Section 115 Trust Economic Development Debt Service Streets and Capital Projects Community Development Public Safety Liberty Services District Total Restricted	537,697 - - - - - - 537,697	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	5,521 2,051 332,378 158,849 543,799 2,054,230 3,096,828	537,697 5,521 2,051 332,378 158,849 543,799 2,054,230 3,634,525
Committed: Vehicle Replacement			<del>_</del>	199,113	199,113
Assigned: Storm Drain Projects Transient Occupancy Tax Public Art Projects Road Way Impact Municipal Improvement Hazardous Waste Landfill Closure Parks and Recreation Total Assigned	47,023 171,761 - - - - 218,784	- - - - - - -	7,910,496 - - - - - 7,910,496	41,824 - - 848,015 - 510,667 2,052,199 761,942 4,214,647	41,824 47,023 171,761 848,015 7,910,496 510,667 2,052,199 761,942 12,343,927
Unassigned	8,543,457	(77,177)			8,466,280
Total	\$ <u>10,132,106</u>	\$(77,177)	\$7,910,496	\$ 7,510,588	\$ <u>25,476,013</u>

#### **NOTE 12: RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### Coverage

The City is a member of the Northern California Cities Self Insurance Fund (NCCSIF) along with twenty other northern California cities. The NCCSIF is a joint powers authority (JPA) organized in accordance with Article 1, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1 of the California Government Fund Programs. The purpose is to create a common pool of funds to be used to meet obligations of the parties to provide workers' compensation benefits for their employees and to provide excess liability insurance. The NCCSIF provides claims processing, administrative services, risk management services, and actuarial studies. A member from each city governs the NCCSIF. The City Council members do not have significant oversight responsibility, since they evenly share all factors of responsibility with the other cities. The City does not retain the risk of loss. However, ultimate liability for payment of claims and insurance premiums resides with member cities. The NCCSIF is empowered to make supplemental assessments as needed to eliminate deficit positions of member cities. If the JPA become insolvent, the City is responsible only to the extent of any deficiency in its equity balance.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 12: RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The NCCSIF establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claims settlement expenses) that have been reported but not settled, plus estimates of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Because actual claims costs depend on various factors, the claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency, and other economic and social factors. A provision of inflation is implicit in the calculation of estimated future claims costs. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

The City's insurance coverage for general liability includes claims up to \$40,000,000 and workers' compensation claims up to the statutory limit and up to \$5,000,000 for employer's liability. The limit for employment practices liability claims is up to \$10,000,000. The City has a self insured retention or deductible of \$50,000 per claim for general liability claims. The City's self-insured retention is \$100,000 for worker's compensation claims. Once the City's self-insured retention for claims is met, NCCSIF becomes responsible for payment of all claims up to the limit.

Financial statements for NCCSIF may be obtained from Alliant Insurances, 2180 Harvard Street, Suite 460, Sacramento, California 95815.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the fiscal year. Also, settlements have not exceeded the insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The City also has commercial policies which provide commercial property and airport liability coverage up to a maximum of \$35.5 million and \$5 million, respectively, per claim. The City has a deductible or uninsured liability of \$5,000 per claim for the commercial property coverage and no deductible for airport liability coverage.

#### NOTE 13: DEFICIT FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

As of June 30, 2023, the following governmental fund had a fund deficit:

Fund	Deficit		
Capital Projects	\$	77,177	

This deficit was a result of expenditures incurred in advance of receipt of revenue and will be eliminated through future revenues and expenditure reductions.

As of June 30, 2023, the following proprietary fund had a deficit unrestricted net position:

Fι	und	 Deficit
Airport	_	\$ 909,024

Deficit unrestricted net position for the enterprise fund will be cured by future grant revenues and expenditure reductions.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 14: CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. According to the City Attorney, there is a potential late payment interest fee for past due billings on a waste treatment facilities operation vendor contract with Veolia North America. The amount of this penalty is currently estimated by Veolia to be \$73,327, based upon the contractual 10% late penalty interest calculation. Currently, the underlying billings have been paid in full and thus further interest is not accruing. Veolia has stated that it is willing to discuss waiving payment of the interest obligation. The City is currently negotiating with Veolia on this point.

#### **Grant Awards**

The City participates in certain Federal and State assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

#### Construction and Other Commitments

The City has signed agreements for \$734,814 in various construction projects that were not complete as of June 30, 2023. Construction completed and paid subsequent to June 30, 2023 on these projects was \$22,418.

#### Delta Rural Fire Protection District

The City entered into an amended contractual agreement to provide fire protection services to the Delta Rural Fire Protection District (the District). The agreement commenced on January 1, 2016 and is effective for 10 years ending December 31, 2025. If either party chooses to terminate the agreement prior to the term of the contract, parties must provide 12-months written notice to the other party. The agreement states that the District shall pay to the City the sum of property tax revenue equal to the amount received by the District from the Sacramento County Auditor-Controller for that fiscal year that is attributable to the District's service area; however, that annual payment amount will be at least \$100,000. The semi-annual payments shall be due on January 1 and June 1, of each year. In addition, 75% of the District's assessment proceeds will be used for capital equipment to support fire protection services. Any equipment purchased from those proceeds shall become the property of the City upon termination of the agreement.

#### Solano County Law Enforcement Contract

On September 30, 2019, the City entered into a Memorandum of Agreement with the Solano County Sheriff's Office to provide limited law enforcement services on a temporary basis to the City. In September of 2019, the Rio Vista Police Department found itself unable to properly staff the department shifts following a number of officer resignations and vacancies. The Solano County Sheriff's Office agreed to provide deputy sheriffs to assist in patrol duties until the City can maintain acceptable levels of staffing. The initial agreement commenced on February 1, 2020, and extended through June 30, 2023. On June 20, 2023, the City executed an agreement with the County of Solano Sheriff's Office for a 3-year term from July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2026. The cost for services set forth in this agreement at the standard staffing level is \$3,192,596 in Year 1, \$3,353,543 in Year 2, and \$3,509,009 in Year 3. If either party chooses to terminate the agreement prior to the term of the contract, parties must provide 180 days written notice to the other party. Upon termination, the City shall pay all outstanding costs not in dispute incurred by the County under the agreement.

#### **NOTE 15: LANDFILL POST-CLOSURE COSTS**

The City accounts for certain costs associated with its landfill in accordance with GASB Statement No. 18, Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost. Under Statement No. 18, the City is required to recognize a liability equal to the estimated total current cost of postclosure care for its landfill. The total current cost of landfill closure and postclosure care is an estimate subject to changes resulting from inflation, deflation, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations. Postclosure care of the City's landfill after its closure is mandated by state and federal laws and consists of various maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site. The City placed a final cover on its closed landfill site in 2002 and is performing maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. As of June 30, 2023, the City has accrued \$1,923,285 to cover the costs of these functions, of which \$63,312 is estimated to be current.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 16: GAS LEASE**

The City leases the right to extract minerals to a natural gas supplier. The revenues from the gas royalties are contingent upon the sales amount of the gas extracted. The lease remains in force as long as there is gas available for production. Royalty payments for the fiscal year amounted to \$61,838.



#### GENERAL FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### 2022 - 2023 Budgeted Amounts

		Duugetet	<u> </u>	nounts	-			
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual Amounts	V	Variance vith Final Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Taxes and assessments License, permits, and fees Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenues	\$	6,375,372 1,415,380 18,056 76,266 - 558,860 130,000	\$	6,335,434 1,307,021 18,056 133,766 30,000 622,400 205,103	\$	6,215,366 1,399,949 18,527 316,034 106,789 542,087 500,636	\$	(120,068) 92,928 471 182,268 76,789 (80,313) 295,533
Total Revenues	_	8,573,934	_	8,651,780	-	9,099,388	_	447,608
EXPENDITURES								
Current: General administration		101.062		100 704		116 620		(42.005)
City council City Manager		101,062 191,567		102,724 253,911		116,629 280,792		(13,905) (26,881)
City administration		265,119		437,300		309,575		127,725
City clerk		236,160		215,665		178,453		37,212
Finance		149,474		148,437		140,867		7,570
Information technology		168,040		168,040		171,492		(3,452)
Non-departmental		550,000		550,000		50,000		500,000
Transient occupancy tax	_	35,000	_	35,000	_	25,431		9,569
Total General administration	_	1,696,422	_	1,911,077	-	1,273,239	_	637,838
Public safety								
Fire		3,311,059		3,315,045		3,208,802		106,243
Police	_	3,218,712	_	3,218,651	_	3,165,285	_	53,366
Total Public safety	_	6,529,771	_	6,533,696	-	6,374,087	_	<u> 159,609</u>
Parks and recreation								
Recreation		20,224		47,724		21,112		26,612
Recreation education	_	5,000	_	10,000	_	8,706		1,294
Total Parks and recreation	-	25,224	-	57,724	-	29,818	_	27,906
Community development								
Building		244,782		243,979		131,916		112,063
Planning		282,669		346,482		352,695		(6,213)
General plan		8,000		141,183		31,945		109,238
Code enforcement		105,428		164,207		46,875		117,332
Economic development	_	37,900	_	27,747	_	10,686	_	17,061
Total Community development	_	678,77 <u>9</u>	_	923,598	_	574,117	_	<u>349,481</u>

#### GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### 2022 - 2023 Budgeted Amounts

	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Public works				<i>(</i> ,
City Hall building/grounds	72,365	79,496	85,253	(5,757)
Swimming pool	129,619	129,335	103,441	25,894
Youth center	35,021	36,029	33,058	2,971
Corporation yard	117,375	117,881	91,687	26,194
Senior center	31,386	32,217	27,924	4,293
Parks	198,361	224,249	206,657	17,592
Streets	171,729	174,216	173,615	601
Public works administration	43,822	94,224	33,328	60,896
Library	<u>59,752</u>	60,918	16,081	44,837
Total Public works	<u>859,430</u>	948,565	<u>771,044</u>	<u>177,521</u>
Capital outlay Debt service:	16,000	88,750	84,869	3,881
Principal	93,851	93,851	108,790	(14,939)
Interest and fiscal charges	28,395	28,395	29,036	<u>(641</u> )
Total Expenditures	9,927,872	10,585,656	9,245,000	1,340,656
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,353,938)	(1,933,876)	(145,612)	1,788,264
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Lease liabilities issued	_	_	65.463	65,463
Transfers in	840,360	994.412	911,287	(83,125)
Transfers out	(8,000)	(8,000)	-	8,000
Transiers out	(0,000)	(0,000)		0,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	832,360	986,412	976,750	(9,662)
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>(521,578</u> )	\$ (947,464)	831,138	\$ 1,778,602
Fund balance - July 1, 2022			9,300,968	
Fund balance - June 30, 2023			\$ <u>10,132,106</u>	

## CITY OF RIO VISTA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

**Budgetary Control and Budgetary Accounting** 

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. <u>Budget Process</u> The City of Rio Vista operates on a fiscal year basis that begins on July 1 of each year and ends the following year on June 30. The City Manager's Office and Finance Department manage the budget process, with support from each of the operating departments. The preparation of the budget takes place between March and June, culminating with the adoption of an annual budget by the City.
- 2. <u>Budget Guidelines</u> The operating budget is adopted no later than June 30th for the ensuing fiscal year. Every six months after the adoption of the budget, the City Council formally reviews the City's fiscal condition and amends appropriation as needed. The City Council may, by majority votes, amend or supplement the budget any time after its adoption.
- 3. <u>Council Approval</u> After submission of the budget by the City Manager, the City shall hold an open budget study session to the City Council and the Public. During the open budget study session, City staff will address City Council and the Public's concerns and questions. If needed, additional budget study session will be held in the following week after the first open budget study session.
  - After the budget study session, the Council may revise the budget in any manner if necessary and shall adopt a budget by resolution for the ensuing fiscal year no later than the last day of the current fiscal year. If it fails to adopt the budget by this date, the amounts appropriated for current operation for the current fiscal year shall be adopted for the ensuing fiscal year on a month-to-month basis, with all items in it prorated accordingly, until the Council adopts a budget for the ensuing fiscal year. Adoption of the budget shall constitute appropriations of the amounts specified therein as expenditures from the funds indicated and shall constitute a levy of the property tax therein proposed.
- 4. <u>Legal level of budgetary control</u> Budget control is established at the following levels: a) General Fund Department Level, b) Other Funds Fund level, and c) Capital Projects Department level. At any time during the fiscal year, the City Manager may transfer part (or all) of any unencumbered appropriation balance among programs within a department or fund up to \$29,500. Also, upon written request by the City Manager, the Council may transfer by resolution part (or all) of any unencumbered appropriation balance between department or fund for adjustments over \$29,500. In the same manner, the City Manager may also appropriate available funds not included in the budget.
- 5. <u>Budgetary basis of accounting</u> Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governmental funds. The General Fund, Capital Project Funds, Debt Service Fund, and Special Revenues Funds are structured in this category.

# SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Prepared for the City's Miscellaneous and Safety Plan, Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan As of June 30, 2023 Last 10 Years \*

**Measurement Period** 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 Proportion of the net pension liability 0.07904 % 0.07207 % 0.06313 % 0.06215 % 0.06191 % 0.06282 % 0.06459 % 0.06617 % 0.07212 % Proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 8,193,698 3,897,525 \$ 6,868,561 \$ 6,368,691 \$ 5,965,906 \$ 6,229,988 \$ 5,588,692 4,542,224 4,512,022 Covered payroll 2,989,426 \$ 3,406,715 \$ 3,652,693 \$ 3,437,547 \$ 3,214,867 \$ 3,017,116 \$ 2.773.550 \$ 2.037.002 Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll 185.23 % 163.77 % 247.86 % 130.38 % 201.62 % 174.36 % 173.55 % 193.79 % 221.50 % Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 76.70 % 88.30 % 75.10 % 75.30 % 75.30 % 73.30 % 74.06 % 78.40 % 79.82 %

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### Changes in assumptions

In 2022, the demographic assumptions, discount rate and inflation rate were changed in accordance with the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2021. In 2021, 2020 and 2019, there were no changes. In 2018, the demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance with the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. In 2017, the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only nine years are shown.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN Prepared for the City's Miscellaneous and Safety Plan, Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan As of June 30, 2023 Last 10 Years \*

Fiscal Year-End 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) \$ 1,020,988 \$ 872,753 \$ 777,700 \$ 755,033 \$ 876,512 \$ 764,291 \$ 773,902 \$ 722,340 \$ 678,478 Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions 1,020,988 872,753 777,700 755,033 755,033 764,291 773,902 764,291 678,478 Contribution deficiency (excess) 121,479 (41,951) \$ \$ 2,989,426 \$ 3,406,715 \$ 3,652,693 \$ 3,437,547 \$ 3,214,867 \$ 3,017,116 \$ 2,773,550 \$ 3,798,817 \$ 3,305,809 Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 26.88 % 26.40 % 26.02 % 22.16 % 20.67 % 22.23 % 24.07 % 25.33 % 24.46 %

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only nine years are shown.

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS As of June 30, 2023 Last 10 Years \*

						Measurem	nent	t Period	Measurement Period									
	_	2022		2021		2020	_	2019	_	2018	_	2017						
Changes in the Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Differences between expected and actual experience Change in benefit terms Change in assumptions Implicit subsidy fulfilled	\$	169,349 30,168 (34,698) 5,627 - (250,224) (32,226)	\$	159,270 38,657 (32,971) (287,210) 31,977 101,215 (21,292)	\$	136,483 41,177 (19,256) (4,911) - 111,189 (15,397)		113,063 45,519 (18,370) (159,101) - 76,544 (29,579)	\$	111,897 40,220 (16,474) - (12,194) (25,536)	\$	108,769 36,869 (14,979) - - (24,672)						
Net Changes	_	(112,004)	_	(10,354)	_	249,285	_	28,076	_	97,913	_	105,987						
Total OPEB Liability (beginning of year)		1,435,330		1,445,684		1,196,399		1,168,323		1,070,410		964,423						
Total OPEB Liability (end of year)	\$_	1,323,326	\$_	1,435,330	\$_	1,445,684	\$_	1,196,399	\$_	1,168,323	\$_	1,070,410						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		- %		- %		- %		- %		- %		- %						
Covered employee payroll	\$	2,305,906	\$	3,165,390	\$	2,920,603	\$	2,805,471	\$	2,730,385	\$	2,654,951						
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		57 %		45 %		49 %		43 %		43 %		40 %						

#### Notes to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4

#### Changes in assumptions

For the measurement period June 30, 2022, the discount rate changed from 1.92% to 3.69%, and the inflation rate changed from 5.50% to 2.30%. For the measurement period June 30, 2021, the discount rate changed from 2.45% to 1.92%, and the inflation rate changed from .75% to 5.50%. For the measurement period June 30, 2020, the discount rate changed from 3.13% to 2.45%, and the inflation rate changed from 2.50% to 0.75%. For the measurement period June 30, 2019, the discount rate changed from 3.62% to 3.13%. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2018, the discount rate changed from 3.50% to 3.62%; inflation changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, and salary increases changed from 2.875% to 2.75%.

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE OPEB PLAN As of June 30, 2023 Last 10 Years \*

Fiscal Year 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) 54,264 \$ 69,813 \$ 66,924 \$ 34,653 \$ 47,949 \$ 42,010 Contributions in relation to the ADC 54,264 119,813 66,924 34,653 47,949 42,010 Contribution deficiency (excess) (50,000)Covered-Employee Payroll \$ 2,483,130 \$ 2,305,906 \$ 3,165,390 \$ 2,920,603 \$ 2,805,471 \$ 2,730,385 Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll 5 % 3 % 2 % 1 % 2 % 2 %

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.



#### CAPITAL PROJECTS - MAJOR FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### 2022 - 2023 Budgeted Amounts

	Budgeted	Amounts	_	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 602,552	\$ <u>1,764,928</u>	\$ 400,332	\$ <u>(1,364,596</u> )
Total Revenues	602,552	1,764,928	400,332	(1,364,596)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	3,305,011	3,305,011	670,501	2,634,510
Total Expenditures	3,305,011	3,305,011	670,501	2,634,510
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,702,459)	(1,540,083)	(270,169)	1,269,914
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in Transfers out	2,380,949 (2,091,752)	2,380,949 (2,091,752)	146,587 (79,040)	(2,234,362) 2,012,712
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	289,197	289,197	67,547	(221,650)
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>(2,413,262</u> )	\$ <u>(1,250,886</u> )	(202,622)	\$ <u>1,048,264</u>
Fund balance - July 1, 2022			125,445	
Fund balance (deficit) - June 30, 2023			\$ <u>(77,177</u> )	

#### MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS - MAJOR FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### 2022 - 2023 Budgeted Amounts

	Budgeted	d Amounts	_	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
License, permits, and fees Use of money and property	\$ 282,635 10,000	\$ 282,635 32,000	\$ 302,485 106,956	\$ 19,850 <u>74,956</u>
Total Revenues	292,635	314,635	409,441	94,806
EXPENDITURES				
Total Expenditures				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	292,635	314,635	409,441	94,806
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in Transfers out	117,175 <u>(1,700,000</u> )	117,175 _(1,852,247)	(128,956)	(117,175) 
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,582,825)	(1,735,072)	(128,956)	1,606,116
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>(1,290,190</u> )	\$ <u>(1,420,437</u> )	280,485	\$ 1,700,922
Fund balance - July 1, 2022			7,630,011	
Fund balance - June 30, 2023			\$ <u>7,910,496</u>	



#### **NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

The following funds are reported in total on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements under the column Other Governmental Funds.

#### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

#### Law Enforcement

This fund was created to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the funding of one Police Officer and one Community Services Officer. The revenue from the grant and the actual expenditures incurred are tracked in the fund.

#### Asset Forfeiture

Under authority of CA Health and Safety Code Section 11489, this fund accounts for funds turned over to the City by the courts for money and property seized because of drug arrests. These funds are also used to assist in drug sting operations to arrest drug dealers.

#### Streets Projects

This fund was created to account for the Exchange Funding Agreement with the City of Vacaville, and to be used for the repair and maintenance of local streets and roads. Vacaville agreed to reimburse the City with other less restrictive local transportation funding in exchange for the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) stimulus funds which was awarded to the City.

#### Gas Tax

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the maintenance and improvements of the City's roads and street landscaping that is funded through the receipt of the City's share of the gas tax.

#### **CDBG Housing Rehabilitation**

This fund is used to provide and meet the capital needs of businesses located throughout the City. The intent of the program is to provide appropriate assistance to businesses with the potential to increase the overall economic base of the City. In addition, this fund accounts for loans to residents for housing rehabilitation. The loans were offered as second mortgages and were to be paid off upon sale or transfer of the home.

#### Personnel Services District

This fund is used to account for the services portion of CFD 2006-1 which will be used to fund public safety.

#### Liberty Services District

This fund was created for the purpose of maintaining records for the list of authorized services specified in Exhibit C under Resolution No. 2018-010 for Liberty Community-CFD No. 2018-1. The special tax will be used on the maintenance and operation services in the District.

#### **Developers Revolving**

This fund is used to hold advance deposits and reimbursements received from the developers and to draw down from those funds as the City pays expenditures on behalf of the developers. Prior to approval of their tentative maps, the City receives an administrative fee for providing this management service to developers.

#### **CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS**

#### Vehicle Replacement

This fund was created to account for the vehicle fees received from the State of California for the use of the City's fire vehicles when responding to service calls from the Office of Emergency Services Strike Team. The City acts as a pass-through agent receiving wage revenue from the State and paying the revenue out to Strike team members.

#### Storm Drain

This fund is used to collect a fee from each water customer and is set aside to pay for future maintenance, repair, or replacement of the City's storm drain system. The fee is collected in the monthly utility billings.

#### Roadway Impact

This fund is used to collect fees paid by developers of construction projects to be used to offset the impact of development on the City's local streets. The fee is collected as part of the building permit process and is accumulated in this fund for use as needed for capital roadway projects.

#### **NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### Hazardous Waste

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures incurred from offering hazardous waste disposal programs. The City collects revenues through customer's sanitation bills to provide for special collections events such as the HHW event to collect household hazardous waste.

#### Landfill Closure

The City collects a franchise fee from the local sanitation agency. This fee is set aside in this fund to help offset the current and future costs of maintaining the landfill. In addition, the City is required to hold in reserve an amount sufficient to cover any costs due to contamination of the ground water in and around the landfill.

#### **Army Base Reuse**

The City is currently working with the Department of Water Resources to finance and construct a field operation laboratory/science center on the former Army base site. The \$20 million plus project is currently planned as a reuse of 12 to 14 acres of the former 28-acre army base at the south end of the City.

#### Parks and Recreation

This fund is used to collect fees paid by developers of construction projects to be used to help fund future capital park and recreation facilities. This fee, collected through the building permit process, ensures that the City's facilities will stay proportionate to their population.

#### **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

#### Firehouse Bonds

The 1977 Firehouse General Obligation Bonds have been paid off as of August 1<sup>st</sup>, 2017. This fund will be closed as soon as the prior period adjustments for this voter debt are corrected and cleared payments.

# CITY OF RIO VISTA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2023

				Spe	ecial	Revenue Fu	nds	<b>,</b>		
	<u>E</u> 1	Law nforcement	Ass	set Forfeiture	Street Projects		Gas Tax			DBG Housing ehabilitation
ASSETS  Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Notes receivable Advances to other funds Total Assets	\$ \$	62,343 1,314 205 - - - 63,862	\$ \$	3,834	\$ \$	- - - - -	\$ \$_	281,881 61,635 1,059 - - 344,575	\$ \$	126,297 25,000 9 75,000 - 226,306
LIABILITIES:  Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and benefits Deposits payable Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$	- - - - -	\$	2,540 - - 2,540	\$	- - - -	\$	10,007 2,190 - - 12,197	\$	- - - - -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues	_	1,314					_	<u>-</u>	_	100,000
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Restricted Committed		62,548 -		1,294 -				332,378		126,306 -
Assigned Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	62,548	_	1,294	_		=	332,378	_	126,306
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)	s, \$ <u></u>	63,862	\$ <u></u>	3,834	\$		\$_	344,575	\$ <u></u>	226,306

# CITY OF RIO VISTA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS (continued) JUNE 30, 2023

		Spe	ecia	l Revenue Fu	ınd	S	Capital Project Funds						
		Personnel Services District	Lib	erty Services District		Developers Revolving	Re	Vehicle eplacement		torm Drain		Roadway Impact	
ASSETS  Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Notes receivable	\$	513,609 - 1,061 -	\$	2,072,618 - 1,599 -	\$	74,833 - -	\$	205,993 - - -	\$	51,407 4,964 2	\$	847,325 - 690 -	
Advances to other funds  Total Assets	\$	514,670	\$	2,074,217	\$	74,833	\$	205,993	\$	56,373	\$	848,015	
LIABILITIES:  Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and benefits Deposits payable Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$	24,074 10,639 - - 34,713	\$	16,451 3,536 - - 19,987	\$	11,356 - - - 17,706 29,062	\$	6,880 - - - - 6,880	\$	14,454 95 - - 14,549	\$	- - - -	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues		-		19,901	-	40,250		-		14,543	_	<del>-</del>	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):  Restricted Committed Assigned Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	479,957 - - 479,957	_	2,054,230 - - 2,054,230	-	5,521 - - 5,521	_	199,113 - 199,113	_	41,824 41,824	-	848,01 <u>5</u> 848,01 <u>5</u>	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ <u></u>	514,670	\$ <u></u>	2,074,217	\$_	74,833	\$	205,993	\$	56,373	\$ <u>_</u>	848,015	

#### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS (continued) JUNE 30, 2023

				Capital Pro	ojec	t Funds			D	ebt Service	]	
	H	azardous Waste	Laı	ndfill Closure		Army Base Reuse		Parks and Recreation		Firehouse Bonds		tal Non-major overnmental Funds
ASSETS  Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Notes receivable Advances to other funds	\$	432,412 79,046 1,027	\$	1,935,015 120,108 5,380	\$	21,727 12,799 3	\$	840,456 - 2,381 -	\$	2,051 - - -	\$	7,396,968 379,699 13,416 75,000
Total Assets	\$	512,485	\$	2,060,503	\$	34,529	\$	10,000 852,837	\$	2,051	\$	10,000 7,875,083
LIABILITIES:  Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and benefits Deposits payable Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$ 	143 1,675 - - 1,818	\$	6,910 1,394 - - 8,304	\$	151 435 1,400 - 1,986	\$	90,895 - 90,895	\$	- - - - - -	\$	90,426 22,504 92,295 17,706 222,931
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues		<u>-</u>	_		_		_		_		_	141,564
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):  Restricted Committed Assigned Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	510,667 510,667	_	2,052,199 2,052,199	<u>-</u>	32,543 - - - 32,543	_	761,942 761,942	<u>-</u>	2,051 - - 2,051	_	3,096,828 199,113 4,214,647 7,510,588
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ <u></u>	512,485	\$	2,060,503	\$_	34,529	\$_	852,837	\$ <u></u>	2,051	\$	7,875,083

#### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds											
	Law Enforcement	Asset Forfeiture	Street Projects	Gas Tax	CDBG Housing Rehabilitation							
REVENUES Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 481,849	\$ -							
Licenses, permits, and fees Use of money and property Intergovernmental Other revenue	1,179 172,750	6	36,080	7,185	881 72,191							
Total Revenues	173,929	6	36,080	489,034	73,072							
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety	180,000	-	_	<u>-</u>	-							
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	-							
Development	-	-	-	-	104,453							
Public works Capital outlay	-	-	36,080	414,779	-							
Debt service:	-	-	-	-	-							
Principal	_	-	-	2,423	_							
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>							
Total Expenditures	180,000	<u> </u>	36,080	417,202	104,453							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over												
Expenditures	(6,071)	6	<u>-</u>	71,832	(31,381)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in	-	-	-	(440.700)	-							
Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(110,728) (110,728)	<del></del>							
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)	<del></del>	<del></del>		(110,720)								
Net change in fund balances	(6,071)	6	-	(38,896)	(31,381)							
Fund balances (deficits) - July 1, 2022	68,619	1,288	<del>_</del>	371,274	157,687							
Fund balances (deficits) - June 30, 2023	\$ 62,548	\$ 1,294	\$	\$ 332,378	\$ 126,306							

## NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Spo	ecia	l Revenue Fu	ınds	6	Capital Project Funds						
		Personnel Services District	Lib	erty Services District		Developers Revolving	R	Vehicle eplacement	5	Storm Drain		Roadway Impact	
REVENUES  Taxes and assessments Licenses, permits, and fees Use of money and property Intergovernmental Other revenue Total Revenues	\$	1,073,636 - 6,278 - - 1,079,914	\$	655,951 - 9,452 - - 665,403	\$	3 112,320 - 112,323	\$	31 - 43,356 43,387	\$	31,099 49 - - 31,148	\$	51,179 4,858 - - 56,037	
EXPENDITURES  Current: Public safety Parks and recreation Development Public works  Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures	_	954,558 - - - - - - 954,558		302,376 - 154,789 - - - 457,165	_	- 115,295 972 - - - 116,267		211,271 101,882 26,141 339,294		33,025 - 33,025		- - - 6,571 - - - - 6,571	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	125,356	_	208,238		(3,944)	_	(295,907)	_	(1,877)	_	<u>49,466</u>	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(78,000) (78,000)	_	- - -	_	- - -	_	414,415 - 414,415	_	(29,150) (29,150)	_	- - -	
Net change in fund balances		47,356		208,238		(3,944)		118,508		(31,027)		49,466	
Fund balances (deficits) - July 1, 2022	_	432,601	_	1,845,992	_	9,465	_	80,605	_	72,851	_	798,549	
Fund balances (deficits) - June 30, 2023	\$_	479,957	\$	2,054,230	\$_	5,521	\$_	199,113	\$_	41,824	\$	848,015	

#### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (continued)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Capital Pro	ject Funds		Debt Service			
	Hazardous Waste	Landfill Closure	Army Base Reuse	Parks and Recreation	Firehouse Bonds	Total Non-major Governmental Funds		
REVENUES  Taxes and assessments Licenses, permits, and fees Use of money and property Intergovernmental Other revenue Total Revenues	\$ 114,794 6,622 55,000 	\$ 446,297 27,999 - 474,296	\$ - 9,228 - 23,430 32,658	\$ 157,145 14,166 - 171,311	\$ - 10 - 10	\$ 2,211,436 800,514 87,947 448,341 66,786 3,615,024		
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety	-	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,134,558		
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	302,376		
Development	470.000	454.040	24,053	-	-	243,801		
Public works Capital outlay	170,928	154,219	-	50,265	-	1,021,628 211,271		
Debt service:						211,211		
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	104,305		
Interest and fiscal charges		<u>-</u>				26,141		
Total Expenditures	170,928	<u>154,219</u>	24,053	50,265		3,044,080		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	5,488	320,077	8,605	121,046	10	570,944		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	414,415		
Transfers out		(560,000)				<u>(777,878</u> )		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(560,000)				(363,463)		
Net change in fund balances	5,488	(239,923)	8,605	121,046	10	207,481		
Fund balances (deficits) - July 1, 2022	505,179	2,292,122	23,938	640,896	2,041	7,303,107		
Fund balances (deficits) - June 30, 2023	\$ 510,667	\$ 2,052,199	\$ 32,543	\$ 761,942	\$ 2,051	\$ 7,510,588		

## LAW ENFORCEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	_			
<u>REVENUES</u>	(	Original		Final		Actual mounts	w E F	ariance ith Final Budget Positive legative)
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	100 150,000	\$	300 150,000	\$	1,179 172,750	\$ 	879 22,750
Total Revenues	_	150,100	_	150,300	_	173,929		23,629
EXPENDITURES								
Current: Public safety	_	180,000		180,000		180,000		
Total Expenditures		180,000	_	180,000		180,000		<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	\$	(29,900)	\$	(29,700)		(6,071)	\$	23,629
Fund balance - July 1, 2022						68,619		
Fund balance - June 30, 2023					\$	62,548		

## ASSET FORFEITURE FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts	-	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Use of money and property	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$6	\$ <u> </u>
Total Revenues	5	5	6	1
EXPENDITURES				
Total Expenditures	<del>-</del>			<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	6	\$ <u> </u>
Fund balance - July 1, 2022			1,288	
Fund balance - June 30, 2023			\$ <u>1,294</u>	

#### STREET PROJECTS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts	-	
DEVENUES	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ <u>140,000</u>	\$ <u>140,000</u>	\$ 36,080	\$ <u>(103,920</u> )
Total Revenues	<u>140,000</u>	140,000	36,080	(103,920)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public works	140,000	140,000	36,080	103,920
Total Expenditures	140,000	140,000	36,080	103,920
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u> </u>	\$		\$ <u> </u>
Fund balance - July 1, 2022				
Fund balance - June 30, 2023			\$	

#### GAS TAX - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### 2022 - 2023

	Budgeted	_		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes and assessments Use of money and property	\$ 531,617 500	\$ 479,454 2,500	\$ 481,849 <u>7,185</u>	\$ 2,395 4,685
Total Revenues	532,117	481,954	489,034	7,080
EXPENDITURES				
Current: Public works Debt service:	530,298	716,885	414,779	302,106
Principal	2,423	2,423	2,423	
Total Expenditures	532,721	719,308	417,202	302,106
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(604)	(237,354)	71,832	309,186
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(125,000)	(125,000)	(110,728)	14,272
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(125,000)	(125,000)	(110,728)	14,272
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>(125,604</u> )	\$ <u>(362,354</u> )	(38,896)	\$ 323,458
Fund balance - July 1, 2022			371,274	
Fund balance - June 30, 2023			\$ 332,378	

## CDBG HOUSING REHABILITATION - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						
<u>REVENUES</u>	Orig	inal	_	Final	Actual mounts	w E F	ariance ith Final Budget Positive legative)
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	- 	\$	492 62,148	\$  881 72,191	\$	389 10,043
Total Revenues			_	62,640	 73,072	_	10,432
EXPENDITURES							
Current: Community development			_	219,735	 104,453		115,282
Total Expenditures			_	219,735	 104,453	_	115,282
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	(157,095)	 (31,381)	\$	125,714
Fund balance - July 1, 2022					 157,687		
Fund balance - June 30, 2023					\$ 126,306		

# PERSONNEL SERVICES DISTRICT - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Buageted	Amounts	_	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes and assessments Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$ 981,918 1,090 	\$ 1,073,637 1,750 53,333	\$ 1,073,636 6,278	\$ (1) 4,528 (53,333)
Total Revenues	983,008	1,128,720	1,079,914	(48,806)
EXPENDITURES				
Current: Public safety Fire Police Total Public safety	472,857 539,080 1,011,937	471,799 565,535 1,037,334	472,833 481,725 954,558	(1,034) 83,810 82,776
Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	20,605 2,449	103,333 20,605 2,449	- - -	103,333 20,605 2,449
Total Expenditures	1,034,991	1,163,721	954,558	209,163
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(51,983)	(35,001)	125,356	160,357
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(78,000)	(78,000)	(78,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(78,000)	(78,000)	(78,000)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>(129,983</u> )	\$ <u>(113,001</u> )	47,356	\$ <u>160,357</u>
Fund balance - July 1, 2022			432,601	
Fund balance - June 30, 2023			\$ <u>479,957</u>	

#### LIBERTY SERVICES DISTRICT - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Daagotot	. ,	- Curito	-			Varianas	
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	wi E P	ariance ith Final Budget Positive egative)	
REVENUES									
Taxes and assessments Use of money and property	\$	643,481 2,500	\$	655,951 2,500	\$	655,951 9,452	\$	- 6,952	
Total Revenues	_	645,981	_	658,451	_	665,403		6,952	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>									
Current: Parks and recreation Public works		360,000 135,973	_	400,000 145,973	_	302,376 154,789		97,624 (8,816)	
Total Expenditures		495,973	_	545,973	_	457 <u>,165</u>		88,808	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	150,008	_	112,478		208,238		95,760	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		<u>-</u>	_		_	<del>-</del>		<del>_</del>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			_	<u>-</u>	_			<u>-</u>	
Net change in fund balance	\$	150,008	\$	112,478	_	208,238	\$	95,760	
Fund balance - July 1, 2022					_	1,845,992			
Fund balance - June 30, 2023					\$_	2,054,230			

#### DEVELOPERS REVOLVING - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

2022 - 2023

		Budgeted		ounts	-	Actual	W	ariance ith Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	- 124,617	\$ 	- 124,617	\$ 	3 112,320	\$ 	3 (12,297)
Total Revenues		124,617		124,617	_	112,323		(12,294)
EXPENDITURES								
Current: Community development Public works	_	124,617 <u>-</u>		124,617 <u>-</u>		115,295 972		9,322 (972)
Total Expenditures		124,617	_	124,617	_	116,267	_	8,350
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u></u>		\$		_	(3,944)	\$	(3,944)
Fund balance - July 1, 2022					_	9,465		
Fund balance - June 30, 2023					\$	5,521		

# VEHICLE REPLACEMENT - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

2022 - 2023

	Budget	ed Amounts	_	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<u>REVENUES</u>				
Use of money and property Other revenues	\$ 250 25,000	•	\$ 31 43,356	\$ (219) 18,356
Total Revenues	25,250	25,250	43,387	18,137
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Capital outlay Debt service:	311,41	311,415	211,271	100,144
Principal Interest and fiscal charges	101,882 26,14		101,882 26,141	<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	439,438	3 439,438	339,294	100,144
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(414,188	<u>(414,188</u> )	(295,907)	118,281
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	414,41	414,415	414,415	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	414,41	414,415	414,415	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$ 22	7 \$ 227	118,508	\$ <u>118,281</u>
Fund balance - July 1, 2022			80,605	
Fund balance - June 30, 2023			\$ <u>199,113</u>	

# STORM DRAIN - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	d Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
License, permits, and fees Use of money and property	\$ 29,700 <u>92</u>	\$ 29,700 92	\$ 31,099 49	\$ 1,399 (43)	
Total Revenues	29,792	29,792	31,148	1,356	
EXPENDITURES					
Current: Public works	40,931	40,449	33,025	7,424	
Total Expenditures	40,931	40,449	33,025	7,424	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(11,139)	(10,657)	(1,877)	8,780	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	(29,150)	(29,150)	(29,150)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(29,150)	(29,150)	(29,150)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>(40,289</u> )	\$ (39,807)	(31,027)	\$ <u>8,780</u>	
Fund balance - July 1, 2022			72,851		
Fund balance - June 30, 2023			\$ <u>41,824</u>		

#### ROADWAY IMPACT - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		- 2023 Amounts	_	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
License, permits, and fees Use of money and property	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 51,179 1,700	\$ 51,179 4,858	\$ - 3,158
Total Revenues	600	52,879	56,037	3,158
EXPENDITURES				
Current: Public works	400,000	400,000	6,571	393,429
Total Expenditures	400,000	400,000	6,571	393,429
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>(399,400</u> )	\$ <u>(347,121</u> )	49,466	\$ <u>396,587</u>
Fund balance - July 1, 2022			798,549	
Fund balance - June 30, 2023			\$ <u>848,015</u>	

#### HAZARDOUS WASTE - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	<u> </u>				-			
REVENUES .		Original	_	Final		Actual Amounts	w	/ariance rith Final Budget Positive legative)
KEVENOLO								
License, permits, and fees Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	100,000 1,000 5,000	\$ _	100,000 2,100 5,000	\$ 	114,794 6,622 55,000	\$ 	14,794 4,522 50,000
Total Revenues	_	106,000	_	107,100		176,416		69,316
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public works		157,039		201,738		170,928		30,810
Capital outlay		<del>-</del>	_	41,947	_	<u>-</u>	_	41,947
Total Expenditures	_	157,039	_	243,685	_	170,928		72,757
Net change in fund balance	\$	(51,039)	\$_	(136,585)		5,488	\$	142,073
Fund balance - July 1, 2022					_	505,179		
Fund balance - June 30, 2023					\$_	510,667		

#### LANDFILL CLOSURE - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amounts	_	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
License, permits, and fees Use of money and property	\$ 400,000 3,800	\$ 400,000 <u>8,300</u>	\$ 446,297 27,999	\$ 46,297 19,699
Total Revenues	403,800	408,300	474,296	65,996
EXPENDITURES				
Current: Public works	182,815	192,586	154,219	38,367
Total Expenditures	182,815	192,586	154,219	38,367
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	220,985	215,714	320,077	104,363
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(560,000)	(560,000)	(560,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(560,000)	(560,000)	(560,000)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>(339,015</u> )	\$ (344,286)	(239,923)	\$ <u>104,363</u>
Fund balance - July 1, 2022			2,292,122	
Fund balance - June 30, 2023			\$ 2,052,199	

#### ARMY BASE REUSE - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	B	Budgeted	l Am	nounts				
	Ori	ginal		_	Actual mounts	wit B Po	ariance th Final sudget ositive egative)	
REVENUES								
Use of money and property Other revenues	\$	4,810 25,175	\$	9,201 25,175	\$ 	9,228 23,430	\$	27 (1,745)
Total Revenues		29,985	_	34,376		32,658		(1,718)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Community Development		25,176	_	25,176		24,053		1,123
Total Expenditures		25,176	_	25,176		24,053		1,123
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		4,809	_	9,200		8,605		<u>(595</u> )
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(5,388)		(80,400)	_			80,400
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(5,388)	_	(80,400)		<u> </u>		80,400
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>(579</u> )	\$	(71,200)	_	8,605	\$	79,805
Fund balance - July 1, 2022						23,938		
Fund balance - June 30, 2023					\$	32,543		

#### PARKS AND RECREATION - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OR THE FISCAL TEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 202

	Buugetet	Amounts	-			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES						
License, permits, and fees Use of money and property	\$ 88,173 2,500	\$ 88,173 3,800	\$ 157,145 14,166	\$ 68,972 10,366		
Total Revenues	90,673	91,973	<u>171,311</u>	79,338		
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
Current:						
Public works		56,400	50,265	6,135		
Total Expenditures		56,400	50,265	6,135		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	90,673	35,573	121,046	85,473		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in Transfers out	5,170 (96,799)	5,170 (96,799)		(5,170) 96,799		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(91,629)	(91,629)		91,629		
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>(956</u> )	\$ (56,056)	121,046	\$ <u>177,102</u>		
Fund balance - July 1, 2022			640,896			
Fund balance - June 30, 2023			\$ <u>761,942</u>			

# FIREHOUSE BONDS - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### 2022 - 2023

	Budgeted	_	Variance with Final	
	Original*	Final*	Actual Amounts	Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Use of money and property	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>10</u>	\$ <u>10</u>
Total Revenues			10	10
EXPENDITURES				
Total Expenditures				
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	10	\$ <u>10</u>
Fund balance - July 1, 2022			2,041	
Fund balance - June 30, 2023			\$2,051	

<sup>\*</sup>The City did not adopt a budget for the Firehouse bonds fund as of June 30, 2023.

#### **CUSTODIAL FUNDS**

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The specific custodial funds used by the City are shown below:

#### Riverview Point

This fund collects assessments from homeowners for improvements within the assessment district, pays all administrative costs associated with the bond issue, and makes the bond principal and interest payments on a semi-annual basis.

#### Riverwalk Community Facilities District

This fund was created for the purpose of accepting advances of funds to be used for any authorized purpose related to any costs or expenses incurred by the City pertaining to the establishment of the Community Facilities District ("CFD") known as Riverwalk. The major tasks to be performed by the City include (1) coordination of formation of CFD and implementation of Mello-Roos Financing, (2) preparation of rate and method of apportionment, (3) preparation of legal documentation for Mello-Roos financing prior to issuance of bonds, and (4) preparation of appraisal.

#### Community Facilities District 2004-1

This fund and district were created by vote of current property owners in the 2004-05 fiscal year to issue and repay special tax bonds to help fund the construction of a new wastewater treatment facility. Assessments will be placed on the tax rolls of the property owners each year to cover the bond principal and interest charges and related administrative expenses.

#### Community Facilities District 2006-1

Formed by a vote of the current property owners in July 2006, this District serves to fund a portion of the construction costs of the Northwest Wastewater Treatment Plant. Annual assessments will be placed on the tax rolls of the property owners to cover the bond principal and interest as well as related administrative expenses. Additionally, the residential units in this District will pay an annual assessment to contribute to funding for public safety services.

#### Liberty Project Community Facilities District

This fund was created for the purpose of accepting advances of funds to provide Community Facilities District ("CFD") formation services, and collecting the special tax to be levied in each fiscal year on each assessor's Parcel of Taxable Property within CFD No. 2018-1 to fund the annual services Special Tax Requirement.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS	Riverview Point	С	Riverwalk community lities District		Community cilities District 2004-1		Community cilities District 2006-1	<u>Li</u>	berty Project		Totals
Cash and investments Restricted cash Interest receivable	\$ - - -	\$	65,865 - -	\$ 	246,250 - 7	\$ 	461,568 - 14	\$ 	535,605 788,762 15	\$	1,309,288 788,762 36
Total Assets			65,865	_	246,257	_	461,582		1,324,382	_	2,098,086
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	<del>-</del>		65,865		727	_	713	_	264		67,569
Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>		65,865		727		713		264		67,569
NET POSITION  Restricted for: Individuals, organizations, and					245 520		460 960		1 224 149		2 020 547
other governments	<del>-</del>		<u>-</u>		245,530		460,869		1,324,118	_	2,030,517
Total Net Position	\$ <u> </u>	\$		\$	245,530	\$	460,869	\$	1,324,118	\$	2,030,517

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Riverview Point	Riverwalk Community Facilities District		Community cilities District 2004-1	F	Community acilities District 2006-1	_ <u>L</u>	liberty Project		Totals
ADDITIONS										
Taxes and assessments Interest income	\$ - 48	\$ - 	\$	304,123 199	\$	530,650 391	\$_	796,443 24,207	\$ _	1,631,216 24,845
Total Additions	48		_	304,322	-	531,041	_	820,650	_	1,656,061
DEDUCTIONS Operating costs	2,413	-		27,320		37,103		35,596		102,432
Debt service: Principal Interest costs	133,800 3,104		_	155,000 112,769	-	275,000 211,094	_	- 772,175	_	563,800 1,099,142
Total Deductions	139,317		_	295,089	-	523,197	_	807,771	_	1,765,374
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(139,269)	-		9,233		7,844		12,879		(109,313)
Fiduciary Net Position - July 1, 2022	139,269	<del>_</del>		236,297	_	453,02 <u>5</u>	_	1,311,239	_	2,139,830
Fiduciary Net Position - June 30, 2023	\$	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u></u>	245,530	\$ <u>_</u>	460,869	\$_	1,324,118	\$ <u>_</u>	2,030,517



### CITY OF RIO VISTA DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICAL SECTION

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the annual comprehensive financial report. The objectives of the statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess a government's economic condition.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	440 446
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	112 - 116
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	117 - 120
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	121 - 124
Economic and Demographic Information	
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	125 - 128
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	129 - 131

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules were derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

# CITY OF RIO VISTA Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 12,242,74	3 \$ 12,018,420	\$ 11,674,833	\$ 9,791,750	\$ 9,617,999	\$ 9,390,198	\$ 8,505,176	\$ 8,303,960	\$ 8,133,788	\$ 8,005,866
Restricted	1,580,29	5 1,192,358	1,259,269	1,490,373	1,508,127	1,113,728	1,348,402	1,645,523	1,729,701	1,761,545
Unrestricted	16,928,92	4 15,158,303	12,492,621	10,808,532	9,848,516	6,457,325	5,298,078	3,963,933	3,458,558	6,754,954
Total governmental										
activities net position	\$ 30,751,96	2 \$ 28,369,081	\$ 25,426,723	\$ 22,090,655	\$ 20,974,642	\$ 16,961,251	\$ 15,151,656	\$ 13,913,416	\$ 13,322,047	\$ 16,522,365
Business-type activities  Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$ 76,129,98 - 3,638,29 \$ 79,768,28	8 6,749,299	\$ 73,032,528 - - 8,896,940 \$ 81,929,468	\$ 72,135,069 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 68,259,071 - - 9,825,166 \$ 78,084,237	\$ 66,222,590 69,826 9,384,930 \$ 75,677,346	\$ 61,670,956 7,667,297 4,070,323 \$ 73,408,576	\$ 62,743,442 3,764,709 5,357,682 \$ 71,865,833	\$ 61,936,775 3,973,028 4,676,057 \$ 70,585,860	\$ 61,464,726 3,625,397 3,378,506 \$ 68,468,629
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 88,372,73	2 \$ 87,117,829	\$ 84,707,361	\$ 81,926,819	\$ 77,877,070	\$ 75,612,788	\$ 70,176,132	\$ 71,047,402	\$ 70,070,563	\$ 69,470,592
Restricted	1,580,29	5 1,192,358	1,259,269	1,490,373	1,508,127	1,183,554	9,015,699	5,410,232	5,702,729	5,386,942
Unrestricted	20,567,22	2 21,907,602	21,389,561	18,107,799	19,673,682	15,842,255	9,368,401	9,321,615	8,134,615	10,133,460
Total primary government			•	•	•	•			•	
net position	\$ 110,520,24	9 \$ 110,217,789	\$ 107,356,191	\$ 101,524,991	\$ 99,058,879	\$ 92,638,597	\$ 88,560,232	\$ 85,779,249	\$ 83,907,907	\$ 84,990,994

## CITY OF RIO VISTA Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Fiscal Year											
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		
Expenses												
Governmental Activities												
General government	\$ 1,107,345	\$ 1,248,580	\$ 997,087	\$ 1,093,575	\$ 1,046,077	\$ 2,185,641	\$ 731,232	\$ 1,957,778	\$ 841,859	\$ 1,031,421		
Public safety	7,546,301	7,323,410	7,191,105	5,993,732	5,760,539	4,181,955	4,281,315	3,959,472	3,896,171	3,236,753		
Parks and recreation	535,944	485,218	368,434	330,364	291,594	396,233	417,062	414,148	402,690	336,377		
Development	864,627	971,185	574,638	535,873	554,481	708,848	431,711	562,371	459,399	410,560		
Public works	1,786,184	1,582,802	1,814,017	1,481,672	1,310,362	1,287,966	1,002,986	1,121,209	831,194	998,604		
Interest and fiscal charges	55,177	62,514	98,379	84,650	72,390	7,867	12,093	5,748	26,457	16,159		
Total Government Activities	11,895,578	11,673,709	11,043,660	9,519,866	9,035,443	8,768,510	6,876,399	8,020,726	6,457,770	6,029,874		
Business-type Activities										_		
Water	3,094,301	2,908,694	2,600,233	2,647,687	2,173,595	2,165,629	1,856,390	1,866,243	1,857,751	1,743,482		
Beach Drive treatment facility	3,097,271	2,839,093	2,483,007	2,463,559	2,280,475	2,533,314	2,058,500	1,981,592	1,711,905	1,756,240		
NW Wastewater treatment facility	3,081,668	2,526,264	2,476,756	2,547,025	2,308,829	2,159,366	1,788,120	1,666,787	1,554,949	1,565,082		
Airport	648,139	601,870	636,446	594,425	516,404	502,760	636,210	482,432	494,935	447,658		
Business park	442,688	302,251	203,211	135,843	149,632	147,552	64,373	67,687	52,029	62,184		
Transit	601,239	550,006	537,912	531,722	520,971	636,614	578,923	497,618	496,244	486,499		
Total Business-type Activities	10,965,306	9,728,178	8,937,565	8,920,261	7,949,906	8,145,235	6,982,516	6,562,359	6,167,813	6,061,145		
7,600.000		2,: 22,2: 2	2,221,222	5,5 = 5, = 5	.,,	0,2 10,200	2,222,222	5,555,555	2,221,222	5,552,215		
Total Expenses	\$ 22,860,884	\$ 21,401,887	\$ 19,981,225	\$ 18,440,127	\$ 16,985,349	\$ 16,913,745	\$ 13,858,915	\$ 14,583,085	\$ 12,625,583	\$ 12,091,019		
Program Revenues												
Governmental Activities												
Charges for services												
General government	\$ 1,214,135	\$ 1,261,627	\$ 1,340,067	\$ 441,909	\$ 444,939	\$ 324,013	\$ 297,600	\$ 287,659	\$ 279,629	\$ 231,672		
Public safety	305,375	182,188	454,138	153,869	221,567	214,459	214,704	211,709	176,037	126,839		
Parks and recreation	65,856	124,257	46,512	75,373	97,124	78,442	71,780	73,302	80,572	83,312		
Development	560,477	1,294,456	788,816	589,375	1,666,547	1,891,859	778,385	925,921	733,182	546,258		
Public works	1,005,226	1,857,914	1,082,526	901,637	1,915,219	1,456,141	948,586	954,596	917,455	671,397		
Operating grants and contributions	721,446	300,836	452,132	360,035	317,333	454,010	359,939	532,182	419,863	153,070		
Capital grants and contributions	436,412	216,568	1,353,215	82,497	483,570	50,382	235,263	392,267	233,466	52,000		
Total Government Activities	4,308,927	5,237,846	5,517,406	2,604,695	5,146,299	4,469,306	2,906,257	3,377,636	2,840,204	1,864,548		
Business-type Activity												
Charges for services												
Water	3,226,526	3,280,873	3,082,978	3,215,186	2,990,397	2,827,108	2,736,726	2,693,691	2,687,366	2,642,326		
Beach Drive treatment facility	2,898,136	2,960,620	2,818,413	2,869,179	2,870,409	2,800,812	2,849,524	2,778,965	2,864,045	2,859,335		
NW Wastewater treatment facility	2,256,196	2,159,011	2,070,511	2,064,970	1,942,946	1,824,801	1,728,228	1,616,587	1,551,677	1,475,916		
Airport	279,917	255,293	246,871	248,831	223,617	213,911	187,983	204,884	223,579	242,314		
Business park	22,200	22,200	106,109	818,059	207,671	55,934	89,002	91,722	98,331	84,836		
Transit	10,669	10,891	4,829	13,935	20,299	35,261	34,710	34,848	45,448	85,538		
Operating grants and contributions	331,707	528,140	559,073	653,463	441,039	428,511	617,822	320,268	467,455	425,334		
Capital grants and contributions	178,388	794,333	123,250	179,482	176,903	378,547	191,928	80,816	730,835	, -		
Total Business-type Activities	9,203,739	10,011,361	9,012,034	10,063,105	8,873,281	8,564,885	8,435,923	7,821,781	8,668,736	7,815,599		
Total Program Revenues	\$ 13,512,666	\$ 15,249,207	\$ 14,529,440	\$ 12,667,800	\$ 14,019,580	\$ 13,034,191	\$ 11,342,180	\$ 11,199,417	\$ 11,508,940	\$ 9,680,147		
		<u> </u>										
Net (Expense)/Revenue												
Governmental Activities	\$ (7,586,651)	\$ (6,435,863)	\$ (5,526,254)	\$ (6,915,171)	\$ (3,889,144)	, , ,	\$ (3,970,142)	\$ (4,643,090)		\$ (4,165,326)		
Business-type Activity	(1,761,567)	283,183	74,469	1,142,844	923,375	419,650	1,453,407	1,259,422	2,500,923	1,754,454		
Total Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (9,348,218)	\$ (6,152,680)	\$ (5,451,785)	\$ (5,772,327)	\$ (2,965,769)	\$ (3,879,554)	\$ (2,516,735)	\$ (3,383,668)	\$ (1,116,643)	\$ (2,410,872)		

# CITY OF RIO VISTA Changes in Net Position (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

**Fiscal Year** 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 General Revenues Governmental Activities: **Property Taxes** 5,102,906 \$ 4,711,963 \$ 4,482,811 \$ 4,214,960 \$ 3,824,160 \$ 2,887,509 \$ 2,566,154 \$ 2,282,191 \$ 2,050,431 \$ 1,770,167 2,636,530 2,572,434 1,605,141 Sales Tax 2,822,795 2,720,912 2,309,181 2,005,714 1,941,216 1,820,102 1,958,660 687,366 565,196 353,599 414,103 Other taxes 651,503 616,611 566,204 414,029 341,570 403,841 Investment earnings 423,430 115,428 131,899 295,368 318,600 156,478 100,342 66,495 97,522 106,093 Rental income\* 79,525 81,208 77,639 98,115 81,284 106,074 Miscellaneous 632,885 678,833 235,234 305,260 267,021 360,479 203,180 200,728 157,934 62,110 Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Transfers in/out 486,415 397,699 674,855 340,211 275,599 10,000 25,000 (2,918)10,750 (21,719)Extraordinary item Total general revenues, transfers, and extraordinary item 9,969,532 9,378,221 8,862,322 8,031,184 7,902,535 5,915,417 5,208,382 4,846,230 4,746,754 4,074,438 Business-type Activities: 167,561 75,403 174,919 223,292 67,617 45,551 36,084 Investment earnings 33,756 116,429 38,056 3,020,115 372,547 1,535,823 1,987,624 313,965 Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Transfers in/out (486,415)(397,699) (674,855) (340,211)(275,599)(10,000)21,719 (25,000)2,918 (10,750)(318,854)(363,943)2,420,663 207,255 1,483,516 2,094,053 89,336 20,551 40,974 339,299 **Total Business-type Activities** 4,787,728 \$ Total primary government 9,650,678 \$ 9,014,278 \$ 11,282,985 \$ 8,238,439 \$ 9,386,051 \$ 8,009,470 \$ 5,297,718 \$ 4,866,781 \$ 4,413,737 Change in Net position **Governmental Activities** (90,888)2,382,881 \$ 2,942,358 \$ 3,336,068 \$ 1,116,013 \$ 4,013,391 \$ 1,616,213 \$ 1,238,240 \$ 203,140 \$ 1,129,188 \$ **Business-type Activities** (2,080,421)(80,760)2,495,132 1,350,099 2,406,891 2,513,703 1,542,743 1,279,973 2,541,897 2,093,753 Total Change in Net Position 302,460 \$ 2,861,598 \$ 5,831,200 \$ 2,466,112 6,420,282 4,129,916 2,780,983 1,483,113 \$ 3,671,085 \$ 2,002,865

<sup>\*</sup> Beginning from fiscal year ended on 6/30/2020, Rental income is reported as program revenue of the function that generates the revenue per GASB-S37: 12; GAAFR, page 19-17.

# CITY OF RIO VISTA Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year																
	_	2023	_	2022		2021	_	2020		2019		2018	2017	2016	 2015		2014
General Fund																	
Nonspendable	\$	832,168	\$	906,405	\$	911,765	\$	919,178	\$	997,420	\$	1,001,736	\$ 1,007,568	\$ 1,007,313	\$ 1,012,200	\$	1,059,917
Restricted		537,697		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-		-
Assigned		218,784		40,369		38,790		40,342		57,270		55,484	48,146	29,570	12,083		-
Unassigned		8,543,457		8,354,194		6,912,060		5,141,231		4,989,716		3,863,430	3,099,519	2,850,810	1,989,508		1,338,938
Total General Fund	\$	10,132,106	\$	9,300,968	\$	7,862,615	\$	6,100,751	\$	6,044,406	\$	4,920,650	\$ 4,155,233	\$ 3,887,693	\$ 3,013,791	\$	2,398,855
All other governmental funds																	
Nonspendable*	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	863,441	\$	982,138	\$ 1,101,661	\$ 1,219,022	\$ 2,526,877	\$	2,520,205
Restricted		3,096,828		3,038,350		2,806,426		2,593,760		2,088,975		1,113,728	1,348,402	1,645,523	1,729,701		1,761,545
Committed		199,113		80,605		132,617		174,897		191,130		244,702	147,639	142,569	89,298		102,454
Assigned		12,125,143		11,939,608		10,548,560		10,231,189		8,815,842		6,767,604	6,303,288	5,454,734	3,687,867		3,215,109
Unassigned		(77,177)		-		(69,835)		(89,731)		(77,899)		(257,871)	(352,600)	(422,126)	(514,014)		(267,601)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	15,343,907	\$	15,058,563	\$	13,417,768	\$	12,910,115	\$	11,881,489	\$	8,850,301	\$ 8,548,390	\$ 8,039,722	\$ 7,519,729	\$	7,331,712

<sup>\*</sup> Only the general fund may report nonspendable fund balance for long-term loans and notes receivable, long-term interfund receivables, as well as property held for resale. All other governmental funds should include these items within restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance, as appropriate, based on the limitations placed on the use of the proceeds arising from the collection of the receivables or from the sale of the property. [GASB-S54: 6; COD 1800.166-.167; COD 2200.163; Q&A Z.54.4; GAAFR, page 13-8; eGAAFR, page 186]

#### Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year 2022 2021 2020 2019 2016 2015 2023 2018 2017 2014 **REVENUES** Taxes and assessments 8.426.802 Ś 8.186.261 Ś 7.820.334 \$ 7.090.345 \$ 6.961.790 Ś 5.307.252 Ś 4.848.940 4.455.892 \$ 4.412.932 3.789.411 2,938,348 2,502,948 3,971,921 1,729,701 3,658,854 2,936,492 1,833,217 1,936,254 1,729,115 1,267,207 Licenses, permits, and fees Fines and forteitures 18.527 20.634 17.146 19.882 25,056 17,930 25.206 24.348 13.623 14.243 177,981 212,167 Use of money and property 510,937 195,255 204,465 372,559 398,125 237,686 164,610 178,806 Intergovernmental 955,462 591,227 1,815,383 344,596 1,018,608 285,075 670,528 1,035,031 440,990 261,730 Charges for services 542.087 648,060 683.999 335,389 661.486 1,010,492 452,632 492,585 444,137 378,028 Other revenues 567,422 655,925 425,310 305,261 267,021 385,479 203,180 200,728 157,934 62,110 **Total Revenues** 13,524,185 14,269,283 13,904,985 10,197,733 12,990,940 10,180,406 8,211,684 8,309,448 7,377,537 5,984,896 **EXPENDITURES** Current: General administration 1,273,239 889,734 802,458 886,204 989,231 1,864,583 795,177 815,427 727,973 898,331 Public safety 7,508,645 6,774,012 6,604,542 5,570,374 4,960,106 3,719,978 4,176,162 3,881,046 3,706,076 3,042,253 Parks and recreation 332,194 242,673 146.028 146,278 75,424 221,550 305,134 296,487 311.801 271.343 Development 817,918 958,531 525,608 510,363 525,456 678,654 466,777 565,524 461,514 376,872 Public works 1,792,672 1,497,430 1,221,332 1,156,384 1,112,242 1,107,411 898,706 1,001,195 755,678 755,782 Debt Service: 127,940 101,098 Principal 213,095 225,864 1,005,976 152,060 133,447 160,130 133,389 124,020 Interest and fiscal charges 55,177 62,514 98,379 84,650 72,407 7,867 12,093 18,451 24,845 7,781 Capital Outlay 966,641 959,984 2,737,869 1,384,815 2,369,352 2,551,749 626,319 622,712 689,618 614,452 Total Expenditures 12,959,581 11,610,742 13,142,192 9,891,128 10,237,665 10,311,922 7,413,757 7,328,782 6,801,525 6,067,912 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures 564.604 2.658.541 762.793 306.605 2.753.275 (131,516)797.927 980.666 576.012 (83,016)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 1,472,289 1,273,534 1,559,225 976,783 983,338 1,495,039 432,711 204,442 283,362 167,750 Transfers out (985,874)(875,835)(884,370) (636,572)(707,739)(1,485,039) (454,430) (179,442)(286, 280)(157,000)Lease liabilities issued 65,463 22,908 Payments to loan escrow agent (103,759)Proceeds from long-term debt 831,869 541,913 1,126,070 1,188,846 137,500 386,198 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 551,878 420,607 1,506,724 778,365 1,401,669 (21,719)25,000 1,198,846 134,582 396,948 1,116,482 \$ 3,079,148 \$ 2,269,517 \$ 1,084,970 \$ 4,154,944 \$ 1,067,330 \$ 776,208 \$ 1,005,666 \$ 710,594 \$ 313,932 Net Change in Fund Balances Capitalized expenditures 849,820 906,802 2,425,165 1,229,069 1,923,497 2,484,752 616,281 586,367 634,842 580,194 Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures 2.22% 2.69% 10.30% 2.73% 2.48% 2.15% 2.14% 2.17% 2.41% 1.98%

### CITY OF RIO VISTA Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

**Fiscal Year** 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 Category Residential 1,682,113,600 1,159,346,673 939,374,207 840,958,987 697,061,917 1,581,586,686 1,527,851,464 1,406,080,903 1,279,694,531 1,044,739,510 Commercial 47,044,583 45,828,432 38,503,367 32,734,454 32,959,494 45,218,607 43,917,857 40,595,752 37,580,237 33,756,141 Industrial 65,900,473 51,828,024 50,872,727 46,745,256 46,743,480 50,842,693 43,024,145 45,630,329 57,996,367 67,850,774 Dry Farm 617,885 605,828 599,264 582,783 571,359 560,159 1,624,223 181,334 177,784 176,981 **Government Owned** 1,485,615 1,440,825 1,434,878 1,415,001 1,396,168 1,382,857 1,349,340 1,340,393 1,321,301 1,315,877 Institutional 943,289 885,063 1,017,542 858,816 841,978 880,731 783,291 771,528 756,418 753,000 Irrigated 251,728 2,259,048 2,235,889 2,194,372 2,151,201 2,109,035 2,067,526 2,396,140 2,349,117 2,338,394 Recreational 524,724 512,014 507,329 619,810 477,707 469,177 461,356 496,321 487,843 486,261 101,821,570 79,807,943 65,308,929 80,477,316 61,969,412 61,739,749 64,832,319 66,624,127 57,393,653 62,713,575 Vacant **Total Secured** 1,900,703,467 1,764,144,038 1,695,656,454 1,582,892,114 1,434,441,588 1,315,834,441 1,196,461,947 1,090,570,520 994,175,924 865,656,273 Unsecured 45,032,055 32,509,008 41,797,206 51,641,697 41,097,371 35,120,378 30,610,457 31,424,478 39,769,504 52,362,157 Total Taxable Assessed Value (1) 1.952.345.164 1,809,176,093 1,736,753,825 1,618,012,492 1,466,950,596 1,346,444,898 1.227.886.425 1.130.340.024 1.035.973.130 918,018,430 % Change 7.91% 4.17% 7.34% 10.30% 8.95% 9.66% 8.63% 9.11% 12.85% 4.34% **Total Direct Rate** 0.12419 0.12206 0.12062 0.12363 0.12317 0.12354 0.12336 0.12426 0.12747 0.12926

Source: HdL from the Solano County Assessor 2013/14-2022/23 Combined Tax Rolls

#### Notes:

In 1978, the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13, which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed as a result of new construction activity or at the time it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property is reassessed based upon the added value of the construction or at the purchase price (market value) or economic value of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

(1) Exempt values are not included in Total.

# CITY OF RIO VISTA Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years (Rate per \$100 of Taxable Value)

					Fiscal \	ear ear				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Agency										
Basic Levy <sup>(1)</sup>	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Refund Of Excess Taxes Fd 177	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00333	0.00000	0.00000
Rio Vista Debt Service	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00035	0.00325	0.00373
River Delta Sfid	0.06860	0.05860	0.02150	0.00000	0.04410	0.01250	0.01500	0.03050	0.03800	0.05470
San Joaquin Community College	0.01440	0.01630	0.01830	0.01990	0.02250	0.01800	0.01800	0.01980	0.02330	0.01940
Solano County Flood State Water Pj Zone Ben#1	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000
Total Direct & Overlapping <sup>(2)</sup> Tax Rates	1.10300	1.09490	1.05980	1.03990	1.08660	1.05050	1.05300	1.06731	1.08455	1.09783
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.12171	0.12103	0.12065	0.12151	0.12138	0.12147	0.12144	0.12158	0.12158	0.12137
Voter Approved City Debt Rate								0.00035	0.00325	0.00373
Redevelopment Rate <sup>(4)</sup>										
Total Direct Rate <sup>(5)</sup>	0.12419	0.12206	0.12062	0.12363	0.12317	0.12354	0.12336	0.12426	0.12747	0.12926

Sources: Solano County Assessor's Office

#### Notes:

- (1) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.
- (2) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all property owners.
- (3) City's Share of 1% Levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the City. The ERAF portion of the City's Levy has been subtracted where known.
- (4) Redevelopment Rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area and only includes rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values. The approval of ABX1 26 eliminated Redevelopment from the State of California for the fiscal year 2012/13 and years thereafter.
- (5) Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the City/Agency preparing the statistical section information and excludes revenues derived from aircraft.

  Beginning in 2013/14, the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. Challenges to recognized enforceable obligations are assumed to have been resolved during 2012/13. For the purpose of this report, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City/Agency in the same proportions as general fund revenue.

# CITY OF RIO VISTA Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

### Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy

**Total Collection to Date** 

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent of Levy	ollection subsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Levy
2023	\$ 2,357,953	\$ 2,333,902	99%	\$ 24,051	\$ 2,357,953	100%
2022	2,144,552	2,122,772	99%	21,780	2,144,552	100%
2021	2,023,798	2,000,814	99%	22,984	2,023,798	100%
2020	1,919,670	1,900,975	99%	18,695	1,919,670	100%
2019	1,732,800	1,723,715	99%	9,085	1,732,800	100%
2018	1,615,813	1,607,952	100%	7,862	1,615,813	100%
2017	1,468,597	1,455,107	99%	13,490	1,468,597	100%
2016	1,363,962	1,332,563	98%	31,400	1,363,962	100%
2015	1,279,147	1,242,459	97%	36,688	1,279,147	100%
2014	1,130,312	1,095,704	97%	34,608	1,130,312	100%

Sources: Solano County Auditor-Controller's Office, Property Tax Division

CITY OF RIO VISTA
Principal Property Taxpayers
Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

				2023		2014				
Rank	Тахрауег	Тах	Taxable Assessed Value		Percentage of Total Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value	
1	LGI Homes-California LLC	\$	26,508,092	1	1.36%					
2	California Resources Products Corp		15,308,586	2	0.78%					
3	Merk Family Trust		14,280,000	3	0.73%					
4	Civic Liberty at Rio Vista LLC		12,016,414	4	0.62%					
5	Taron Family Revocable Trust		11,934,000	5	0.61%					
6	David L and Laura E Santos		9,463,633	6	0.48%					
7	Airport Road Self Storage LLC		8,505,924	7	0.44%	\$	5,960,662	9	0.65%	
8	Planasa US Holdings LLC		7,680,441	8	0.39%					
9	ARB Inc		7,495,447	9	0.38%					
10	Solano Properties LLC		7,248,946	10	0.37%		6,247,107	8	0.68%	
	Vintage Production California LLC						44,705,756	1	4.87%	
	RVCP LLC						18,712,221	2	2.04%	
	Shea Homes LP						15,472,251	3	1.69%	
	Cessna Finance Corporation						10,169,468	4	1.11%	
	California Vegetable Spec Inc						7,961,054	5	0.87%	
	Delta Industrial Properties LLC						6,910,129	6	0.75%	
	Paul Graham Drilling and Service Company						6,554,901	7	0.71%	
	Warren E Gomes Excavating Inc						5,053,016	10	0.55%	
		\$	120,441,483		6.17%	\$	127,746,565		13.92%	

Sources: Solano County Assessor's Office

### CITY OF RIO VISTA Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	ı 	Leases or Financed Purchases	A	edevelopment Agency Debt - ax Allocation Bonds	Ot	her Debt <sup>(4)</sup>	 Revenue Bonds <sup>(3)</sup>	F	eases or inanced urchases	Ot	her Debts <sup>(5)</sup>	Total utstanding Debt	Percentag Persona Income	al	Population <sup>(2)</sup>	Debt per Capita
			Governm	ental	Activities			Bus	siness	-type Activ	ities						
2023	\$ -		\$ 672,207	\$	-	\$	1,456,812	\$ -	\$	93,543	\$	4,565,288	\$ 6,787,850	1.57%		9,988	680
2022	-		723,565		-		1,553,087	-		103,849		5,050,785	7,431,286	1.93%		9,925	749
2021	-		833,634	ļ	-		1,645,973	-		69,355		5,514,578	8,063,540	2.14%		10,080	800
2020	-		948,652		-		1,705,062	-		75,355		5,935,923	8,664,992	2.58%		9,987	868
2019	-		1,060,144	ļ	-		1,203,717	-		81,355		5,367,162	7,712,378	2.37%		9,416	819
2018	-		1,168,241		-		905,490	-		87,355		5,683,611	7,844,697	2.73%		9,188	854
2017	29,00	00	71,532	!	-		55,690	-		93,355		4,780,000	5,029,577	1.79%		9,019	558
2016	57,00	00	150,556	i	-		93,084	-		99,355		1,040,000	1,439,995	0.56%		8,601	167
2015	83,00	00	219,375		-		126,205	1,053,292		105,355		105,355	1,692,582	0.65%		7,946	213
2014	107,00	0	284,876	<b>i</b>	-		23,224	1,089,844		111,355		111,355	1,727,654	0.66%		7,934	218

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> Personal income is disclosed in Demographic and Economic Statistics

<sup>(2)</sup> US Census Bureau

<sup>(3)</sup> Presented net of original issuance discounts. In December 2015, the City refunded these bonds with a Wastewater System Installment Purchase Agreement.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes PG&E Retrofit Loan, Phase I Energy Lease Purchase Loan Refinanced, SNB Energy Savings Loan, and California Energy Commission Loan.

<sup>(5)</sup> Includes Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement, Water Meter Installment Purchase Agreement, Phase I Energy Lease Purchase Loan Refinanced, Vactor Truck Loan, and SNB Energy Savings Loan.

#### CITY OF RIO VISTA Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### Water Meter Installment Purchase Agreement (1)

Fiscal	Fiscal Utility Service		Les	s: Operating	Ne	t Available	Debt S	ervice	Coverage
Year		Charges		Expenses		Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2023	\$	3,226,526	\$	3,030,741	\$	195,785	255,000	62,247	0.62
2022		3,280,873		2,839,196		441,677	240,000	68,169	1.43
2021		3,082,978		2,522,964		560,014	240,000	74,001	1.78
2020		3,215,186		2,565,830		649,356	230,000	79,671	2.10
2019		2,990,397		2,087,584		902,813	230,000	85,178	2.86
2018		2,827,108		2,100,580		726,528	220,000	91,125	2.34
2017		2,736,726		1,711,469		1,025,257	185,000	80,694	3.86

#### Wastewater Revenue Bonds/Installment Purchase Agreement (2)

Fiscal	Ut	Utility Service		Utility Service		Service Less: Operating		t Available	Debt S	Coverage
Year		Charges		Expenses		Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	
2023	\$	2,898,136	\$	3,064,893	\$	(166,757)	70,000	22,018	(1.81)	
2022		2,960,620		2,802,771		157,849	70,000	24,580	1.67	
2021		2,818,413		2,442,161		376,252	70,000	27,142	3.87	
2020		2,869,179		2,420,045		449,134	65,000	28,253	4.82	
2019		2,870,409		2,243,459		626,950	60,000	27,391	7.17	
2018		2,800,812		2,492,835		307,977	65,000	29,348	3.26	
2017		2,849,524		2,018,427		831,097	65,000	23,652	9.37	
2016		2,778,965		1,929,033		849,932	45,000	62,300	7.92	
2015		2,864,045		1,647,267		1,216,778	40,000	64,638	11.63	
2014		2,859,335		1,689,402		1,169,933	40,000	66,838	10.95	

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> In July 2016, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement for the purpose of financing the acquisition and installation of consumer water meters.

<sup>(2)</sup> In December 2015, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement for the purpose of refunding its Wastewater Revenue Bonds.

#### CITY OF RIO VISTA Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 Net Total Assessed Value (1) 1,952,345,164 1,346,444,898 1,227,886,425 1,130,340,024 1,035,973,130 1,809,176,093 1,736,753,825 1,618,012,492 1,466,950,596 918,018,430 Legal debt margin Debt Limit (15% of Assessed Value) 292,851,775 271,376,414 260,513,074 242,701,874 220,042,589 201,966,735 184,182,964 169,551,004 155,395,970 137,702,765 Debt applicable to limit: Total Bonded Debt 29,000 57,000 83,000 107,000 Less: Tax Allocation Bonds Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit 29,000 57,000 83,000 107,000 Legal Debt Margin \$ 292,851,775 \$ 271,376,414 \$ 260,513,074 \$ 242,701,874 \$ 220,042,589 \$ 201,966,735 \$ 184,153,964 \$ 169,494,004 \$ 155,312,970 \$ 137,595,765 Total debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit 0.00% 0.03% 0.05% 0.08% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.02%

Source: (1) HdL from the Solano County Assessor 2013/14-2022/23 Combined Tax Rolls

## CITY OF RIO VISTA Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2023

2022-23 Assessed Valuation: \$ 1,952,345,164

Governmental Unit:	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	SI	City's hare of Debt	
Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt					
San Joaquin Delta Community College District	\$ 175,675,000	1.815%	\$	3,188,501	
River Delta Joint Unified School District	Ψ = 2.0,0.0,000	2.02070	Ψ	-	
School Facilities Improvement District No. 1	16,510,539	54.689%		9,029,449	
City of Rio Vista Community Facilities District No. 2004-1	2,770,000	100%		2,770,000	
City of Rio Vista Community Facilities District No. 2006-1	5,265,000	100%		5,265,000	
City of Rio Vista Community Facilities District No. 2018-1	11,230,000	100%		11,230,000	
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			\$	31,482,950	
Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt					
Solano County General Fund Obligations	\$ 75,815,000	2.816%	\$	2,134,950	
Solano County Pension Obligation Bonds	9,310,000	2.816%		262,170	
City of Rio Vista General Fund Obligations	2,129,019	100%		2,129,019	
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$	4,526,138	
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT			\$	2,129,019	
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT				33,880,069	
COMBINED TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$	36,009,088	(2)
Ratios to 2021-22 Assessed Valuation:					
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	1.61%				
Total Direct Debt (\$2,129,019)	0.11%				
Combined Total Debt	1.84%				

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

#### Notes:

- (1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value of overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the city.
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, sales tax revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

CITY OF RIO VISTA

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Median Age	Pe	rsonal Income	er Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	% of Population 25+ with High School Degree	% of Population 25+ with Bachelor's Degree
2023	9,988	64.0	\$	433,519,000	\$ 43,404	10.7%	94.0%	38.3%
2022	9,925	63.6		385,166,000	38,808	13.5%	91.2%	31.8%
2021	10,080	64.4		376,270,000	37,328	11.7%	93.4%	33.6%
2020	9,987	62.2		335,583,000	33,602	4.7%	95.3%	29.2%
2019	9,416	62.3		324,960,000	34,511	3.1%	92.0%	23.0%
2018	9,188	62.3		287,638,000	31,306	3.9%	91.9%	24.4%
2017	9,019	60.0		280,388,000	31,089	10.9%	92.1%	26.9%
2016	8,601	57.9		259,342,000	30,153	12.1%	91.8%	24.2%
2015	7,946	59.3		260,955,000	32,841	14.5%	90.2%	24.5%
2014	7,934	59.8		260,203,000	32,796	5.2%	93.5%	24.7%

Sources: Population: California State Department of Finance

Unemployment Data: California Employment Development Department

Income, Age, and Education Data: US Census Bureau

## CITY OF RIO VISTA Principal Employers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

2014 (1) 2023 Percentage of Percentage of **Total City Total City Employer Employees** Rank **Employment Employees** Rank **Employment** River Delta Unified School District 255 1 9.16% 250 1 9.44% Rio Vista Farms. LLC 125 2 4.49% Paul Graham Drilling & Service Company 110 3 3.95% 100 2 3.78% California Vegetable Specialties, Inc. 80 4 2.87% 72 3 2.72% Lira's Supermarket 57 5 48 4 2.05% 1.81% **Lindsay Transportation Solutions** 44 6 1.58% 38 5 1.44% 7 City of Rio Vista 37 1.33% 37 6 1.41% F&M Bank / Bank of Rio Vista 30 8 20 8 0.76% 1.08% McDonalds 25 9 0.90% 25 7 0.94% 9 Warren E Gomes Excavating Inc. 20 10 0.72% 16 0.60% Oilwell Materials & Hardware Co. Inc. 13 10 0.49% Dolk Tractor Company, Inc. 0.49% 13 10 2,785 28.11% 2,647 23.89%

Source: City of Rio Vista, Community Development

#### Note:

(1) The number in the year 2014 were estimated based on the information provided by the citizens and current employees.

### Principal Sales Tax Producers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

2023				2014
	Rusiness Type	_	Taynayer	

Taxpayer	Business Type	Taxpayer	Business Type		
Abel Chevrolet Pontiac Buick	Auto Sales - New	Abel Chevrolet Pontiac Buick	Auto Sales - New		
Asta Construction Co.	Bldg.Matls-Whsle	Abel Collision Center	Auto Parts/Repair		
Burgerlicious	Restaurants	AR Services	Light Industry		
Chevron Service Stations	Service Stations	Chevron Service Stations	Service Stations		
Delta Marina	Miscellaneous Retail	Coghran Mechanical Service	Energy Sales		
Delta Pharmacy	Drug Stores	Delta Marina	Miscellaneous Retail		
Discount Liquor & Cigarette	Liquor Stores	Delta Pharmacy	Drug Stores		
Dolk Tractor Company	Heavy Industry	Dolk Tractor Company	Heavy Industry		
Family Dollar Stores	Department Stores	Foster's Bighorn	Restaurants		
Foster's Bighorn	Restaurants	Lira's Supermarket	Food Markets		
Haze - MMD	Drug Stores	Lucy's Cafe	Restaurants		
Kentucky Fried Chicken/Taco Bell	Restaurants	Maxx For Less Service Station	Service Stations		
Kwik Serve Station	Service Stations	McDonald's Restaurants	Restaurants		
Lira's Supermarket	Food Markets	Nelson Drilling Tools	Bldg.Matls-Retail		
Lucy's Cafe	Restaurants	Oilwell Materials & Hardware	Bldg.Matls-Retail		
McDonald's Restaurants	Restaurants	Paul Graham Drilling & Service	Energy Sales		
Napa Auto Parts	Auto Parts/Repair	Pizza Factory	Restaurants		
Rio Vista Ace Hardware	Bldg.Matls-Retail	Rio Vista Bait & Tackle	<b>Recreation Products</b>		
Rio Vista Dodge Chrysler Jeep	Auto Sales - New	Rio Vista Dodge Chrysler Jeep	Auto Sales - New		
Rio Vista Farms - MMD	Drug Stores	Rio Vista Ford & Mercury	Auto Sales - New		
Shell Service Stations	Service Stations	Rio Vista Liquors	Liquor Stores		
The Point Restaurant	Restaurants	Shell Service Stations	Service Stations		
Tortilla Flats	Restaurants	Stewart Industrial Supply	Bldg.Matls-Whsle		
Trilogy at Rio Vista Master Association	Miscellaneous Retail	Taco Bell	Restaurants		
Weatherford US LP	Light Industry	Weatherford Enterra	Energy Sales		

Sources: MuniServices / Avenu Insights Analytics

CITY OF RIO VISTA

Taxable Sales by Category (in thousands of dollars)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

**Fiscal Year** 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 \$ 134,076 Accommodation and Food Services 136,260 \$ 111,000 \$ 94,000 \$ 115,704 \$ 118,600 \$ 103,989 118,984 72,596 72,345 Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting 6,662 11,591 14,000 17,000 34,801 859 11 16 Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation 10,449 9,000 4,879 6,653 5,155 6,806 5,605 1,897 Construction 9,199 20,220 20,000 31,000 11,130 241 526 737 1,236 649 **Educational Services** 87 1,421 1,000 2,000 323 460 334 261 531 343 Information 15,550 9,000 130 98 45 7,000 92 103 156 Manufacturing 3,802 84,000 1,166 8,000 73,314 5,596 1,225 5,283 102,440 13,351 Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction 5,223 93,441 81,000 2,000 42,567 29.443 12,718 14,787 18,457 10,195 Other Services (except Public Administration) 15,513 13,759 12,000 16,000 18,131 18,821 20,142 19,306 22,508 21,148 Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services 533 590 1,000 1,000 2,863 1,978 2,375 2,041 2,885 4,181 Real Estate and Rental and Leasing 11,551 9,398 4,000 9,000 3,390 11,377 5,967 5,850 10,292 14,545 516,129 Retail Trade 669,925 783,374 847,000 756,000 639,820 559,821 566,789 662,368 628,196 Utilities 1,302 5,986 8,395 9,158 9,733 8,680 9,690 7,051 6,615 6,410 All Other Sectors 195,169 21,183 19,605 8,842 35,910 40,462 28,736 39,228 49,389 42,634 Total \$ 1,060,855 \$ 1,116,575 \$ 1,134,000 \$ 1,048,000 \$ 1,015,205 \$ 883,119 \$ 819,156 \$ 780,254 \$ 859,510 \$

Sources: MuniServices / Avenu Insights Analytics

CITY OF RIO VISTA
Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program					Fiscal	Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General Government										
Building permits issued										
Residential	381	363	313	332	262	260	305	300	254	220
Commercial	13	15	20	20	4	14	33	29	12	27
Business licenses issued	491	544	422	547	541	500	428	481	392	347
Public Safety										
Number of traffic violations	473	660	615	678	1,733	1,210	1,145	1,442	1,153	370
Number of parking violations	43	41	52	75	155	335	477	793	635	266
Number of arrests	359	365	193	294	205	247	211	195	229	113
Number of paid firefighters	12	12	12	12	11	11	10	10	10	7
Number of emergency responses	2,796	2,463	2,242	2,150	2,200	2,212	2,088	1,773	1,563	1,408
Number of fires extinguished	92	62	103	96	65	77	61	55	72	46
Number of fire inspections	40	1,213	60	16	140	100	35	44	52	35
Transit										
Total Route Miles	51,408	44,075	55,723	61,374	66,085	63,947	65,333	64,973	68,505	75,890
Total Passengers	3,978	3,779	4,673	8,342	10,441	10,023	9,683	10,134	11,778	10,248
Utility Billing										
Residential/Other Customers	5,397	4,995	4,781	4,986	5,023	4,756	4,622	4,454	4,298	4,166
Commercial Customers	237	293	279	280	239	225	218	219	220	217
Public Works										
Water										
Average daily consumption (gallons)	1,974,000	2,072,000	2,059,000	1,911,000	1,860,000	1,889,000	1,792,000	1,718,000	2,229,000	2,250,000
Wastewater										
Average daily consumption (gallons)	760,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,200,000	1,000,000	987,000	941,760	908,640	882,790	819,440
Emergency calls	120	103	116	123	100	92	87	71	82	87

Sources: Various city departments

CITY OF RIO VISTA

Capital Asset and Infrastructure Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal	Year				
2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
56	56	51	51	48	48	42	42	42	42
1,250	1,250	1,200	1,200	1,000	1,000	950	950	900	850
54	54	50	43	40	40	38	38	36	36
11	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10
31	31	31	14	15	15	15	15	15	15
54	54	50	43	40	38	35	32	29	26
650	650	620	510	440	424	424	400	400	375
450	450	400	350	300	300	280	280	280	250
45	45	42	37	34	34	32	32	32	30
	1 1 1 3 56 1,250 54 11 31 54 650	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2023         2022         2021         2020         2019           1         1         1         1         1           1         1         1         1         1         1           1         1         1         1         1         1           3         3         1         1         1         1           56         56         51         51         48           1,250         1,250         1,200         1,200         1,000           54         54         50         43         40           31         31         31         14         15           54         54         50         43         40           650         650         620         510         440           450         450         400         350         300	1       1	2023         2022         2021         2020         2019         2018         2017           1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1           1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1           1	2023         2022         2021         2020         2019         2018         2017         2016           1 <td>2023         2022         2021         2020         2019         2018         2017         2016         2015           1</td>	2023         2022         2021         2020         2019         2018         2017         2016         2015           1

Sources: Various city departments

CITY OF RIO VISTA
Full-time Equivalent Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function					Fiscal	Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
General government (1)	8.79	8.97	8.02	8.32	9.27	8.44	8.28	8.05	8.25	8.11
Public safety (sworn and non-sworn personnel)										
Fire <sup>(3)</sup>	12.78	11.93	11.84	10.67	9.67	9.95	9.48	9.70	8.78	5.99
Police (4)	2.31	2.05	2.16	9.85	14.21	12.85	12.61	14.02	12.00	12.41
Community Development	1.65	1.17	1.51	1.43	1.94	2.24	1.97	2.00	1.71	2.01
Building and Planning	0.60	0.47	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.84	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Public works	11.03	11.05	11.24	12.03	9.96	10.73	10.75	10.48	10.12	9.53
Transit <sup>(2)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.36	0.46
Total employees	37.16	35.64	35.77	43.30	46.05	45.05	44.09	45.25	42.22	39.52

Source: City of Rio Vista, Finance Department

#### Note:

- (1) The number of employees does not include the five elected official positions in the City Council.
- (2) The City has previously managed the transit system with part-time employees and/or through a department head. Since 2015, the City contracts with Solano Transportation Authority to provide the transit management services.
- (3) The number of employees does not include the volunteers receive a stipend.
- (4) Starting from March 2020, the Patrol Services were fully provided by Solano County Sheriff's Office, and it's not included in the FTE.