COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



CITY OF RIO VISTA CALIFORNIA



CITY OF RIO VISTA, CALIFORNIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

PREPARED BY FINANCE DEPARTMENT

COMPREHSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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Introductory Section

CITY OF RIO VISTA CALIFORNIA





One Main Street, Rio Vista, California 94571 Phone (707) 374-6451 Fax: (707) 374-5063

December 7, 2020

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Governing Council and Citizens of the City of Rio Vista:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Mann, Urrutia, Nelson, CPAs & Associates, LLP, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Rio Vista's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the government

The City of Rio Vista, incorporated in 1893, is located in the eastern end of Solano County, California, approximately 60 miles (100 kilometers) northeast of San Francisco, on the Sacramento River in the Sacramento River Delta. It currently occupies a total area of 7.1 square miles (18 km2), of which, 6.7 square miles (17 km2) of it is land, and 0.4 square miles (1.0 km2) of it is water, and serves a population of 9,987. The City of Rio Vista is empowered to levy a property tax on real property located within its boundaries through Solano County Assessor-Recorder's Department. The County Auditor-Controller Office applies 1% tax rate plus voter-approved or improvement bonds, service fees, and special assessments to the Assessor Roll values to determine actual amount of property taxes owed, and allocates the property tax revenues to local taxing agencies, including the County, schools, cities, libraries and special districts.

The City of Rio Vista has operated under the mayor-council form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the governing council (City Council) consisting of the mayor and four other members, all of whom are elected at large. Council members are elected to a 4-year term, two (2) each during alternating "general municipal elections" held in even numbered years. The Mayor is elected to a 4-year term running independently of the Council, and is the presiding officer of the Council. Following a general municipal election, when the Council is seated, the Vice Mayor is appointed by the Mayor with the majority approval of the rest of the Council. The Mayor, with Council approval, appoints the City of Rio Vista's manager, who in turn appoints its department heads.

The City of Rio Vista provides a range of services, including police and fire protection; refuse collection and disposal; water and wastewater utilities; parks and recreation; building inspections; licenses and permits; construction and maintenance of infrastructure; planning; general administrative services; municipal airport; and transit services.

The City Council is required to adopt an initial budget for the fiscal year no later than June 30 preceding the beginning of the fiscal year on July 1. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Rio Vista's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. Department heads may transfer resources within a department as they see fit upon written approval by the City Manager up to \$29,500. Also, upon written request by the City Manager, the Council may transfer by resolution part of any unencumbered appropriation balance between one department, office or agency and another.

Local economy

The City of Rio Vista is a community positioned for growth. Known as the Gateway to the Delta, Rio Vista offers scenic beauty, historic neighborhoods, recreational, and planned residential amenities. Rio Vista is within an easy drive to the Napa Wine Country, Coastal Beaches, San Francisco, Sierra ski resorts and Lake Tahoe.

Rio Vista is located near three major transportation corridors: Highway 12, a designated federal freight corridor, traverses the city and the Sacramento River, a deep-water ship channel, border along the easterly boundaries of the city. Rail freight (Dixon), shipping (Ports of West Sacramento and Stockton), and major freeways (Interstate 5, 680 and 80) are within 25 to 35 miles of the city offering flexible mode choices for freight movement. The Sacramento River bordering the city is used for shipping and is connected to the Port of West Sacramento. The city is centrally located between the major commercial centers of Sacramento and San Francisco, accessible within one-half hour to an hour.

The City of Rio Vista is considered one of the most affordable places in the San Francisco Bay Area to buy or build new homes, with a market value of \$290,000 to \$430,000 for two-to four-bedroom houses. Employers are conscious of the need for affordable housing for their new recruits, thus meeting the skill levels needed to run a successful industry or business. The calm and serene ambience and good schools will be an added attraction to new employees moving into the city.

During the past ten years, the unemployment rate decreased from 9.00 percent (2010) to 4.70 percent for the current year (2019). U.S. unemployment rates fell to 6.7 percent in November 2020, down by 8.0 percentage points from its recent high in April but is 3.2 percentage points higher than it was in February 2020, and the City of Rio Vista begins to experience unemployment rates consistently lower than national averages. Based on economic forecasts, a relatively stable unemployment rates are anticipated in fiscal year 2020-21.

Median household incomes within the City of Rio Vista are relatively lower than for the state as a whole. According to the Census ACS 1-year survey, the median household income for California was \$71,228, Solano County was \$77,609, and Rio Vista City was \$70,000 in 2018 dollars. Rio Vista's population continues to increase from 8,324 (2010) to 9,987 (2019), mainly because of new residential developments in the Trilogy and Liberty subdivisions.

During the past ten years, the government's expenditures related to public safety have increased not only in amount, but also as a percentage of total expenditures in governmental funds (currently 56 percent, reflecting a ten-year increase of 5 percent). Much of this increase reflects the salaries and benefits of firefighter and contractual service fees of patrol services growing to fulfill the needs for the growth in population.

Long-term financial planning and major initiatives

Unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) in the general fund at year end was 89 percent of total general fund revenues. This amount was significantly over the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., 15 percent target reserve). The year-end amount is above the minimum target set by the policy guidelines because of a \$56,345 surplus of revenues over expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2020.

As mentioned earlier, the City has undergone a recent period of growth and expansion. New residential development in Trilogy and Liberty areas have been extremely strong, with Trilogy subdivision consisting of approximately 3,008 senior homes completed in current year and Liberty Subdivision consisting of approximately 850 homes. Among the total 850 homes planned, 81 permits have been issued and the city is projecting a total of 75 homes to be constructed in fiscal year 2020-21.

The City of Rio Vista maintains a five-year Capital Improvement Program which serves as its planning document to ensure that its facilities, equipment, and infrastructure are well maintained and operating in peak condition. As part of the planning process, the City identifies and quantifies the operational costs associated with its capital projects and budgets resources accordingly. In addition, the department heads monitor the condition of all government equipment and vehicles and make recommendations on their replacement. The fiscal year 2020-21 Capital Improvement Program anticipates \$10.8 million in capital projects and \$522,612 in equipment/vehicle replacement. Included in this \$10.8 million is \$1.7 million for boat launch ramp improvement, \$2.8 million for sewer system improvements, and \$2.9 million for infrastructure and water system improvements. The remainder of the program will fund improvements to the City's parks, streets, airport, and technology.

Relevant financial policies

The City of Rio Vista has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies. During the current year, two of these policies were particularly relevant. The City of Rio Vista has a policy that requires the adoption of a balanced annual operating budget (i.e., estimated revenues equal to or in excess of appropriations). As a result of the capital improvement and infrastructure, estimated revenues were less than appropriations in the final budget amounts (\$36,328,329 vs. \$41,599,963). In such cases, the policy allows for the appropriation of fund balance to close the gap. The amount necessary for this purpose in the original budget was \$4,893,373, which increased to \$5,271,634 in the final amended budget. However, thanks to economic growth in new home developments and measures taken in postponing some capital improvement projects during the year, the City of Rio Vista ultimately had a surplus of \$2,466,112 for the year.

In addition, the City of Rio Vista has a policy to maintain a minimum of \$500,000 of its operating budget as contingency reserves in a separate line items in the General Fund Balance and a 15% General Fund reserves to protect the City in times of economic uncertainty or unforeseen circumstances. At the end of the current year, the General Fund Balance was \$6,100,751 with the net change of \$56,345, a 1 percent increase from prior year general fund balance.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Rio Vista for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We wish to thank all city departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit also is due to the mayor and Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Rio Vista's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert Hickey, City Manager

Soler Hely

Jen Lee, Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Rio Vista California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

ELECTED OFFICIALS AND EXECUTIVE STAFF

JUNE 30, 2020

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Ronald Kott
Vice Mayor Hope Cohn
Council Member David Hampton

Council Member Rick Dolk

Council Member Donald Roos

EXECUTIVE STAFF

Jeff Armstrong

City Manager Robert Hickey

Assistant City Manager / City Clerk Jose Jasso

Director of Finance Jen Lee

Community Development Director Vacant

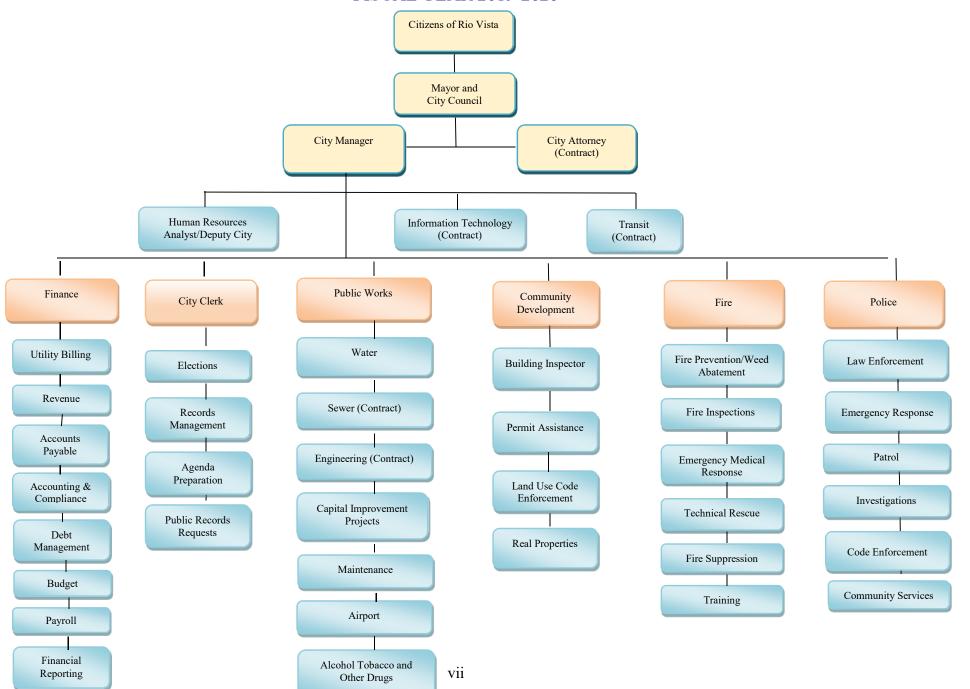
Director of Public Works Robin Borre

Chief of Police Jackson Harris

Fire Chief

This listing has been created for the purpose of this CAFR and as a reference of the structure at the time of production.

CITY OF RIO VISTA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART FISCAL YEAR 2019-2020



Financial Section

CITY OF RIO VISTA CALIFORNIA



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council of the City of Rio Vista Rio Vista, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rio Vista (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rio Vista, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension related schedules, and other postemployment benefit schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Rio Vista's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, and the statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Mann, Munting Nolson CPAX

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2020, on our consideration of the City of Rio Vista's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Rio Vista's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sacramento, California December 7, 2020

This section of the City of Rio Vista California's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements. which follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Rio Vista exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$101,524,991 (net position). Of this amount, \$18,107,799 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- City of Rio Vista's total net position increased \$2,466,112 (\$1,350,099 increase in Business-Type Activities and \$1,116,013 increase in Governmental Activities).
- At the close of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$19,010,866, an increase of \$1,084,971 in comparison with the prior year (\$56,345 increase in the General Fund and \$1,028,626 increase in Other Governmental Funds). Approximately 27% of this amount (\$5,051,500) is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- The City's business-type net position amounted to \$79,434,336, an increase of \$1,350,099 from the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

The financial section of this report consists of four parts:

- 1) Independent Auditor's Report;
- 2) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section);
- 3) Basic Financial Statements which include:

Government-Wide Financial Statements;

Fund Financial Statements;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements; and

4) Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements which present different views of the City.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position (page 17) presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial improvement or deterioration.

The Statement of Activities (page 18) presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the past year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows (accrual basis of accounting). Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue – "governmental activities" from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through users fees and charges – "business-type activities." The governmental activities of the City include general government, public protection, parks and recreation, development, and public ways and facilities. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, business park, airport, and the transit system.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Rio Vista, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Rio Vista can be divided into three categories:

- ** Governmental funds;
- ** Proprietary funds; and
- ** Fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as "governmental activities" in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike those statements, the focus in these statements is on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental fund financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Rio Vista maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (special revenue, debt service, capital projects, etc). The City Council adopts an annual appropriated budget for each fund within the City.

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. The concept of major funds, and the determination of which are major funds, was established by GASB Statement 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them as one total. Instead, each major fund is presented individually, with all nonmajor funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the detail of these nonmajor funds. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the City of Rio Vista's major funds included the General Fund, Capital Projects, and Municipal Improvements. Data from the remaining nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of "combining statements" starting on page 84.

A budgetary comparison statement has been provided in the basic financial statements which reflect both original and final budgets for the general fund.

Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customers – either outside customers, or internal departments of the City. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City has maintained one type of proprietary fund – enterprise funds – as described below:

** Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions as presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for water, sewer, airport, business park, and transit.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside and within the City. Since the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs, they are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements. The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position is found on page 31.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 32 - 71 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

This section provides budget to actual data and budgetary procedures. It also includes supplementary pension and other postemployment benefit data and can be found beginning on page 72.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

This final section of the report includes additional detailed information about nonmajor governmental funds and budgetary comparison schedules, as well as agency funds and can be found beginning on page 82.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table presents a summary of the City's assets, liabilities, and net position for its governmental and business type activities. As noted earlier, a government's net asset position may serve over time as a useful indicator of its financial position. The Summary of Net Position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 follows:

Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2020 and 2019 (in thousands)

	Gove	rnmental Act	ivities	Busir	ess-Type A	ctivities	Total Government				
100570	2020	2019	Net Change	2020	2019	Net Change	2020	2019	Net Change		
ASSETS Current and other assets Capital assets Total Assets	\$ 22,317 12,445 34,762	\$ 19,889 11,882 31,771	\$ 2,428 563 2,991	\$ 10,601	\$ 12,914 73,708 86,622	\$ (2,313) 4,409 2,096	\$ 32,918 90,562 123,480	\$ 32,803 <u>85,590</u> 118,393	\$ 115 4,972 5,087		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,501	1,813	(312)	371	230	141	1,872	2,043	<u>(171</u>)		
LIABILITIES Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities	10,608 3,159 13,767	10,359 2,008 12,367	249 1,151 1,400	7,219 2,277 9,496	6,176 2,534 8,710	1,043 (257) 786	17,827 5,436 23,263	16,535 4,542 21,077	1,292 894 2,186		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	405	243	162	159	58	101	564	301	263		
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	9,792 1,490 10,809 \$ <u>22,091</u>	9,618 1,508 9,849 \$	174 (18) 960 \$ <u>1,116</u>	72,135 - 7,299 \$ <u>79,434</u>	68,259 - 9,825 \$78,084	3,876 - (2,526) \$	81,927 1,490 18,108 \$ <u>101,525</u>	77,877 1,508 19,674 \$99,059	4,050 (18) (1,566) \$_2,466		

The City's total government-wide net position amounted to \$101,524,991 as of June 30, 2020. This represented an increase of \$2,466,112 over fiscal year 2019. The increase in the change in net position is reflected in the Statement of Activities shown in Table 2 for governmental funds and Table 3 for business-type activities.

By far, the largest portion of the City of Rio Vista's net position, 80.7%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City of Rio Vista uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Rio Vista's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Rio Vista's net position, 1.5%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$18,107,799 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

The City of Rio Vista's overall net position increased \$2,466,112 from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

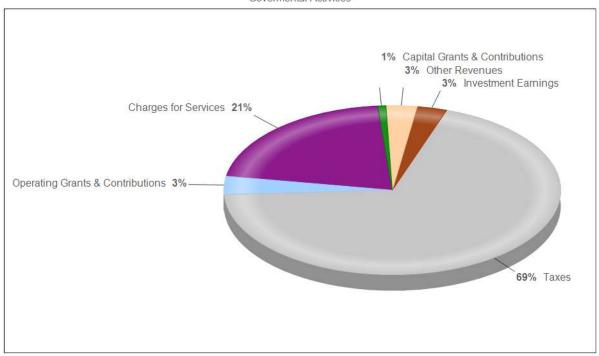
Governmental Activities. During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased \$1,116,013 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$22,090,655. Revenues decreased 19% and expenses increased 5% from prior year.

TABLE 2
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CHANGES IN NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30,

	2020			2019
REVENUES Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Taxes Investment earnings Other	\$	2,162,163 360,034 82,498 7,090,345 295,369 305,260	\$	4,345,396 317,333 483,570 6,961,790 318,600 346,546
Total Revenue	_	10,295,669	_	12,773,235
EXPENSES General government Public safety Parks and recreation Development Public Works Interest and fiscal charges	_	1,093,576 5,993,732 330,364 535,873 1,481,672 84,650	_	1,046,077 5,760,539 291,594 554,481 1,310,362 72,390
Total Expenses	_	9,519,867	_	9,035,443
Increase in net position before transfers		775,802		3,737,792
Transfers		340,211	_	275,599
Change in net position	_	1,116,013	_	4,013,391
Net position - beginning	_	20,974,642	_	16,961,251
Net position - ending	\$ <u></u>	22,090,655	\$_	20,974,642

Sources of Revenues

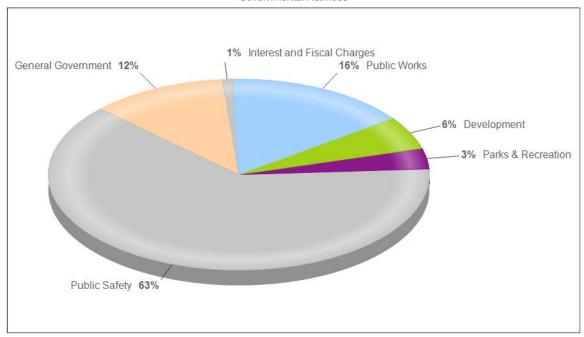
Governmental Activities



As reflected above, 69% or \$7,090,345 of the City's governmental activities revenues as of June 30, 2020 were comprised of tax increments. Program revenues were 25% of governmental activities. Of this amount, 3% or \$360,034 was derived from operating grants and contributions, 1% or \$82,498 was derived from capital grants and contributions, and 21% or \$2,162,163 was derived from charges for services. The remaining sources of revenues included 3% of investment earnings and 3% of other revenues. Total governmental revenues decreased \$2,477,566 or 19% mainly due to the decrease in building permits of new home construction from 158 single-family dwelling permits issued in FY2018-19 reduced to 64 permits in current fiscal year for a total of about \$1,718,660, impacted by the pandemic started from March 2020. The pandemic also caused a reduction in sales and use taxes by a total of \$263,253, of which \$140,782 was the decrease in local 1% rate and \$122,471 was the decrease in Measure O, a 0.75% add-on transactions and use tax. Other factors include the decrease in grant reimbursement of \$420,000 due to the project completion of Front Street Improvement and Boating Dock Infrastructure Improvement in prior fiscal year, and the decrease in investment income due to the decrease in interest rate.

Functional Expenses

Governmental Activities



As identified in the functional expenses chart, 63% or \$5,993,732 of the City's expenses were for public safety. 12% or \$1,093,576 were for general government expenses. The remaining functional expenses included 16% or \$1,481,672 for public works, 6% or \$535,873 in community development, 3% or \$330,364 in parks and recreation, and 1% or \$84,650 in interest and fiscal charges. The City's total governmental expenses increased \$484,424 or 5% from the prior fiscal year.

The change in expenses from prior year is attributable to various factors:

General Government Expenses

General government expenses increased \$47,499 or 5% mainly due to the 3% cost-of-living adjustments per memorandum of understanding approved by the City Council and 5% annual step increase for eligible staffs.

Public Safety Expenses

Public safety expenses increased 4% or \$233,193 mainly due to the salaries and benefits of the Fire Battalion Chief position added in the current fiscal year. Other factors include one-time emergency repair of fire ladder truck in an amount of \$57,487, and personal protective equipment and pandemic related expenses of \$52,601.

Community Development Expenses

Community development expenses decreased 3% or \$18,608 mainly due to the decrease in contractual services provided by the planning consultant for local business development impacted by the pandemic.

Public Works Expenses

Public works expenses increased 13% or \$171,310 mainly due to the costs in maintaining the Liberty Services District started in the current fiscal year in an amount of \$81,438. Other factors include the 3% cost-of-living adjustments per memorandum of understanding approved by the City Council and 5% annual step increase for eligible staffs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

TABLE 3 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CHANGES IN NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30,

	_	2020		2019		
REVENUES Charges for services Investment earnings Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Gain on sale of capital assets	\$	9,230,160 174,919 653,463 179,482 372,547	\$	8,255,339 223,292 441,039 176,903 1,535,823		
Total Revenue	_	10,610,571	_	10,632,396		
EXPENSES Water Beach Drive Treatment facility NW Wastewater Treatment facility Airport Business Park Transit	_	2,647,687 2,463,559 2,547,025 594,425 135,843 531,722	_	2,173,595 2,280,475 2,308,829 516,404 149,632 520,971		
Total Expenses	_	8,920,261	_	7,949,906		
Change in net position before transfers		1,690,310		2,682,490		
Transfers	_	(340,211)	_	(275,599)		
Change in net position		1,350,099		2,406,891		
Net position - beginning	_	78,084,237	_	75,677,346		
Net position - ending	\$_	79,434,336	\$_	78,084,237		

The City of Rio Vista uses fund accounting to segregate accounts for specific activities or objectives, including demonstrating finance related legal compliance.

Enterprise Funds

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,350,099.

Revenues

Charges for services increased \$974,821 or 12% due to the increase in cannabis annual facility fees and quarterly sales receipt fees in the amount of \$378,346. These fees were allocated to the Business Park Fund in the current fiscal year for the purpose of construction improvement costs funding. Other factor includes the increase in utility service customers from the new homes.

Operating grants and contributions increased \$212,424 or 48% mainly due to an increase in CARES Act Federal Transportation Administration (FTA) operation funding for transit services in an amount of \$97,748 and CARES Act Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) operating grant for airport services in an amount of \$30,000. Other factors include an increase in Transportation Development Act (TDA) allocation from Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC) for a total of \$69,676 and a \$15,000 increase in FTA Section 5311 operating grant for transit services.

Capital grants and contributions increased \$2,579 or 1% due to the Clean Air Funds program funding received from the Yolo-Solano Air Quality Management District for a replacement of tractor.

Gain on sale of capital assets decreased \$1,163,276 due to the decrease in land sales at the Business Park.

Expenses

Water expenses increased \$474,092 or 22% mainly due to the increase in annual adjustment of pension expenses in an amount of \$189,260 based on the valuation report provided by CalPERS. Other factors include salaries and benefits for a maintenance worker position added in current fiscal year and the 3% cost-of-living adjustments. Beach Drive Treatment Facility expenses increased \$183,084 or 8% mainly due to the increase in salaries and benefits related expenses including an increase in annual adjustment of pension expense of \$111,716. NW Treatment Facility expenses increased \$238,196 or 10% mainly due to the increase in salaries and benefits related expenses including an increase in annual adjustment of pension expense of \$104,783 and solar energy use of \$36,119. Airport expenses increased \$78,021 or 15% due to preliminary costs of design for a future capital improvement project amounted to \$32,359 and an increase in legal costs of \$26,367.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available to provide services and capital project construction. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net spendable resources.

At the end of FY 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$19,010,866, an increase of \$1,084,971 from the prior year. This increase is largely attributable to the special assessment of the Liberty Services District for maintenance and operation, Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program (RMRP) SB1 Local Streets and Roads allocation, and the franchise fees received from Rio Vista Sanitation Service, Inc. to support the maintenance of landfill post-closure process. Besides, taxes and assessments with secured property taxes increased by 11% from prior year. Measure O transactions and use tax was passed in November 2012 and resulted in temporary sales tax increase of 0.75%. The total revenues received in FY 2020 from Measure O were \$1,031,077.

Of the total fund balance of \$19,010,866 approximately \$919,178 is nonspendable, \$2,593,760 is restricted, \$174,897 is committed, \$10,271,531 is assigned for various purposes, and \$5,051,500 is unassigned.

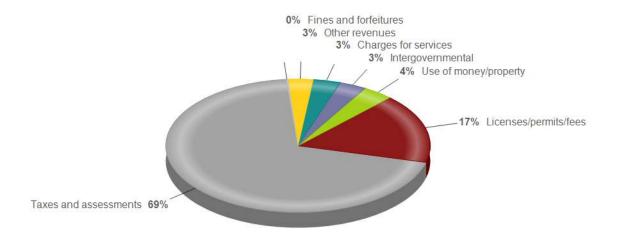
The table below presents the amount of revenues from various sources for the current and prior fiscal year.

Revenues Classified by Source Governmental Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

					2019				
		Amount	% of Total		Amount	% of Total			
Revenues by Source									
Taxes and assessments	\$	7,090,345	69.5 %	\$	6,961,790	53.6 %			
Licenses, permits, and fees		1,729,701	17.0 %		3,658,854	28.2 %			
Fines and forfeitures		19,882	0.2 %		25,056	0.2 %			
Use of money and property		372,560	3.7 %		398,125	3.1 %			
Intergovernmental revenues		344,596	3.4 %		1,018,608	7.8 %			
Charges for services		335,389	3.3 %		661,486	5.1 %			
Other revenue	_	305,261	3.0 %	_	267,021	2.1 %			
Total Revenue	\$_	10,197,734	<u>100</u> %	\$_	12,990,940	100 %			

Revenues Classified by Source

Governmental Funds FY 2019-20



Key elements of the changes noted above include:

Taxes and assessments provide the greatest source of revenues for the City. These sources represent 69% of total revenues and increased 2% from prior year mainly due to increase in property taxes. Charges for services represents 3% of total revenues and decreased 49% from prior year mainly due to decrease in building permits of new home construction. Other revenues reflect all revenues not included in the individual revenue source categories listed above. Other revenues represent 3% of total revenues and increased 14% from prior year mainly due to increase in the residual balance share from the Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund. Licenses, permits and fees represents 17% of total revenues and decreased 53% mainly due to a decrease in building permits and development fees. Intergovernmental revenues represents 3% of total revenues and decreased 66% mainly due to the one-time grant reimbursements recorded in prior fiscal year for the projects completed, including front street improvement project and boating dock project.

The following table presents expenditures by function compared to prior year amounts:

Expenditures by Function Governmental Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

		20	20		20	19	
		Amount	% of Total		Amount	% of Total	
Expenditures by Function							
General government	\$	886,204	9.0 %	\$	989,231	9.7 %	
Public safety		5,570,374	56.3 %		4,960,106	48.4 %	
Parks and recreation		146,278	1.5 %		75,424	0.7 %	
Community development		510,363	5.2 %		525,456	5.1 %	
Public Works		1,156,384	11.7 %		1,112,242	10.9 %	
Debt service							
Principal		152,060	1.5 %		133,447	1.3 %	
Interest and other charges		84,650	0.9 %		72,407	0.7 %	
Capital outlay	_	1,384,815	<u>14.0</u> %	_	2,369,352	23.1 %	
Total Expenditures	\$	9,891,128	100 %	\$_	10,237,665	100 %	

Key elements of the changes noted above include:

General government represents 9% of total expenditures and costs decreased 10% mainly due to decreases in legal costs related to potential litigation. Public safety represents 56% of total expenditures and costs increased 12% mainly due to increases in salaries and benefits of new position at the fire department and final accrued benefit payment related to dissolution of the police department. Community development represents 5% of total expenditures and costs decreased 3% mainly due to a decrease in services of planning and construction management. Public works represents 12% of total expenditures and costs increased 4%.

Major Funds

General Fund. The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2020, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$5,141,231 while the total fund balance amounted to \$6,100,751. The General Fund saw an increase of fund balance of \$56,345. Total revenues decreased \$946,785 or 12% from the prior fiscal year. This was primarily due to a decrease in sales and use taxes, grant reimbursement, and building permit fees. Total expenditures increased \$175,352 or 3%.

Capital Projects Fund. The Capital Projects Fund had an ending fund balance of \$300,622, an decrease of \$50,328 from the prior year. The decrease represents the use of funding received from California Energy Commission loan in prior year for energy saving projects.

Municipal Improvement Fund. The Municipal Improvement Fund had an ending fund balance of \$6,621,646, an increase of \$243,215 from the prior year.

Other Governmental Funds. Nonmajor governmental funds aggregated to a \$835,739 increase in fund balances as revenues exceeded expenditures mainly due to the special assessments for Liberty Services District and franchise fees for solid waste.

Enterprise Funds

The following presents the net operating income (loss) for the City's Enterprise Funds for the year ended June 30:

Proprietary Funds
Net Operating Income (Loss) for the Year Ended June 30,

	2020		2019
Water Beach Treatment Facility NW Wastewater Treatment Facility Business Park Airport Other Enterprise Funds	\$ 649,38 449,13 (452,68 682,2° (304,48 	64 63) 6 67)	902,813 626,950 (358,999) 58,039 (288,687) (59,633)
Total	\$ <u>1,129,27</u>	2 \$_	880,483

The Enterprise Funds showed an increase of \$248,789 in net operating income (loss) compared to the prior fiscal year. Each Enterprise Fund showed a significant change from the prior year as discussed below:

Water – Net operating income increased to \$649,356. Expenditures in the Water Fund increased from the prior fiscal year expenditure of \$2,087,584 to a total of \$2,565,830 in the current fiscal year. Total current year operating revenues of \$3,215,186 increased \$224,789 over prior year. After net non-operating expenditures, the water fund realized an increase in net position of \$444,416.

Beach Treatment Facility – Total operating revenues of \$2,869,179 less total operating expenditures of \$2,420,045, resulted in net operating income of \$449,134. After net non-operating income of \$8,330, the Beach Treatment Facility had a net change of \$392,253 in net position.

NW Wastewater Treatment Facility – Total operating revenues of \$2,064,970 less total operating expenditures of \$2,517,623, resulted in a net operating loss of \$452,653. The NW Treatment Facility had a change of net position of \$(428,204).

Business Park - Total operating revenues of \$818,059 less total operating expenditures of \$135,843 resulted in a net operating income of \$682,216. After net non-operating revenues of \$414,151, the Business Park had a net change of \$1,061,367 in net position.

Airport – The airport's net operating loss of \$304,457 increased from the prior year net loss of \$288,687. Depreciation expense of \$336,183 contributed significantly to the net operating loss.

Other Enterprise Funds – This fund, which includes Transit, resulted in total net operating income of \$105,676 in the current fiscal year. Operating expenditures of \$531,722 increased from prior year operating expenditures of \$520,971 by \$10,751.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, was \$90,562,546 and \$85,589,448 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes: infrastructure, land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, construction in progress and equipment. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for FY 2020 was \$4,973,098.

For government wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets are depreciated from the acquisition date over their useful lives. Governmental fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures. Capital assets for the governmental and business type activities are presented in the following table to illustrate changes from the prior year.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation) As of June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020						2019							
		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		
Land	\$	1,968,598	\$	547,987	\$	2,516,585	\$	1,968,598	\$	548,337	\$	2,516,935		
Construction in progress		1,922,472		9,417,417		11,339,889		1,002,018		6,075,670		7,077,688		
Buildings & improvements		1,834,683		39,067,763		40,902,446		1,829,886		39,692,309		41,522,195		
Runways		-		6,223,234		6,223,234		-		6,367,229		6,367,229		
Equipment		140,411		240,306		380,717		175,292		108,405		283,697		
Vehicles		1,293,016		529,802		1,822,818		1,368,356		157,850		1,526,206		
Infrastructure	_	5,286,284	_	22,090,573	_	27,376,857	_	5,537,710	_	20,757,788	_	26,295,498		
Total Net Capital Assets	\$_	12,445,464	\$_	78,117,082	\$_	90,562,546	\$_	11,881,860	\$_	73,707,588	\$_	85,589,448		

Additional information about the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The City uses a variety of indebtedness to finance various capital acquisitions. At June 30, 2020, the City's long-term debt outstanding was \$8,664,992. Of this total, \$2,653,714 was in governmental activities and \$6,011,278 was in business-type activities. Additional information about the City's long-term obligations can be found in Note 6 in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements. The following table recaps the City's long-term liabilities as of June 30:

Long-Term Debt Outstanding Balances As of June 30, 2020

Description	_	2020		2019
Governmental Activities:				
California CEC Loan	\$	422,785	\$	323,594
PG&E Retrofit Loan		8,684		11,107
SNB Energy Savings Project Purchase Agreement		442,722		-
PNC Fire Engines Lease		866,237		957,125
Zion's Energy Loan		830,871		869,016
Police Software	_	82,415		103,019
Total Governmental Activity Debt	\$ <u></u>	2,653,714	\$	2,263,861
Business-type Activities:				
Land Capital Lease	\$	75.355	\$	81,355
SNB Energy Savings Project Purchase Agreement	*	634,278	*	-
Vactor Truck Loan		280,496		-
Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement		785,000		850,000
Water Meter Installment Purchase Agreement		3,125,000		3,355,000
Zion's Energy Loan	_	1,111,149	_	1,162,162
Total Business-Type Activity Debt	\$	6,011,278	\$	5,448,517

Special Assessment District Debt:

Special assessment districts in different parts of the City have also issued debt to finance infrastructure and facilities construction entirely in those districts. At June 30, 2020, a total of \$21,556,800 in special assessment district debt was outstanding, issued by three assessment districts. The Community Facilities Districts No. 2004-1 and 2006-1 were created to assist in financing a portion of the Northwest and Beach Wastewater Facilities in the amounts of \$3,225,000 and \$6,050,000. Reassessment District No. 2007-1R refunding bonds had a balance of \$386,800. The Liberty Community Facilities District No. 2018-1 had a balance of \$11,895,000. All district debt is secured only by special assessments on the real property in the district issuing the debt, and is not the City's responsibility, although the City does act as these Districts' agent in the collection and remittance of assessments.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Liberty Community Development

The Liberty Subdivision contained 220 market rate homes that are sold. Regarding the active adult, of the 850 homes planned, the City has issued 60 permits to date with 21 permits issued this fiscal year. The City is projecting a total of 75 homes to be built in fiscal year 2020-2021.

Final Phase of Trilogy

The Trilogy subdivision is now complete with a total of 3,008 homes.

Trilogy has purchased the golf course and facilities, and it is providing for upgrades to the course. The City is awaiting plans for the fourth clubhouse.

Business Park Development

The Business Park land sales have increased in fiscal year 2020-2021, and the council has approved the sale of the final five parcels that can be used for Cannabis operations. These land sales will fully fund the \$6.5 million infrastructure improvement project that will supply utilities to the business park. The infrastructure project is now completed, and the City has approved 10 projects that are now working through the design and construction phases. The City anticipates there will be another 10 projects that will go to the planning commission in this fiscal year.

As of October 31, 2020, the City has recorded a total revenue of \$221,193 received from the cannabis business.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This MD&A is designed to provide the City's residents, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about this document or require additional information, contact the Finance Department at One Main Street, Rio Vista, CA 94571 or you may visit our website at www.riovistacity.com for contact information.

CITY OF RIO VISTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$	17,864,050	\$	11,512,414	\$	29,376,464
Accounts receivable, net		875,493		1,435,958		2,311,451
Interest receivable		42,509		15,559		58,068
Notes receivable (Note 3)		75,000		(0.000.400)		75,000
Internal balances		3,000,129		(3,000,129)		40.457
Prepaid items and deposits		31,123		11,334		42,457
Inventory		400 500		11,806		11,806
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Capital assets (Note 5)		428,520		613,931		1,042,451
Land and construction in progress		3,891,070		9,965,404		13,856,474
Capital assets being depreciated, net	-	8,554,394		68,151,678	_	76,706,072
Total capital assets	-	12,445,464	-	78,117,082		90,562,546
Total Assets	-	34,762,288	-	88,717,955		123,480,243
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Changes in the net pension liability (Note 8)		1,426,183		313,781		1,739,964
Changes in the total OPEB liability (Note 9)		74,651		27,947		102,598
Deferred amount on bond refunding (Note 6)	_	-	_	29,265		29,265
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,500,834		370,993		1,871,827
	_		-	<u> </u>		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts payable		2,092,832		1,035,647		3,128,479
Accrued payroll and benefits		65,211		42,232		107,443
Accrued expenses		-		270,504		270,504
Interest payable		-		46,068		46,068
Deposits payable		152,263		246,899		399,162
Unearned revenue		604,597		139,713		744,310
Compensated absences (Note 6):						
Due within one year		49,600		40,400		90,000
Due in more than one year		165,751		135,008		300,759
Landfill post-closure (Note 15):						
Due in more than one year		1,946,504		-		1,946,504
Long-term liabilities (Note 6):						
Due within one year		194,854		455,091		649,945
Due in more than one year		2,458,860		5,556,187		8,015,047
Other postemployment benefits (Note 9)						
Due in more than one year		870,524		325,875		1,196,399
Net pension liability (Note 8)						
Due in more than one year	-	5,166,710	-	1,201,981		6,368,691
Total Liabilities	-	13,767,706		9,495,605		23,263,311
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Changes in the net pension liability (Note 8)		295,102		117,953		413,055
Changes in the total OPEB liability (Note 9)		109,659		41,054		150,713
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	404,761	•	159,007	_	563,768
Total Bolotton Illions of Resources	-	404,701	-	100,001	_	000,700
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		9,791,750		72,135,069		81,926,819
Restricted for:						
Capital projects		747,313		-		747,313
Debt service		2,016		-		2,016
Specific projects and programs		741,044		-		741,044
Unrestricted	-	10,808,532		7,299,267		18,107,799
Total Net Position	\$_	22,090,655	\$	79,434,336	\$	101,524,991

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
						Primary G	Government				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities			Total	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT											
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Parks and recreation Community development Public works Interest and fiscal charges Total governmental activities	\$ 1,093,576 5,993,732 330,364 535,873 1,481,672 84,650 9,519,867	\$ 441,909 153,869 75,373 589,375 901,637 	\$ 162,408 - 197,626 - 360,034	\$ - - 82,498 - - 82,498	\$	(651,667) (5,677,455) (254,991) 53,502 (299,911) (84,650) (6,915,172)	\$	-	\$	(651,667) (5,677,455) (254,991) 53,502 (299,911) (84,650) (6,915,172)	
Business-type activities:						,		040,400		,	
Water Beach Drive treatment facility NW Wastewater treatment facilities Airport Business park Transit	2,647,687 2,463,559 2,547,025 594,425 135,843 531,722	3,215,186 2,869,179 2,064,970 248,831 818,059 13,935	30,000 - 623,463	45,000 - 39,250 - 95,232		- - - - -		612,499 405,620 (482,055) (276,344) 682,216 200,908		612,499 405,620 (482,055) (276,344) 682,216 200,908	
Total business-type activities	8,920,261	9,230,160	653,463	179,482			_	1,142,844	_	1,142,844	
Total primary government	\$ <u>18,440,128</u>	\$ <u>11,392,323</u>	\$1,013,497	\$261,980	\$	(6,915,172)	\$	1,142,844	\$	(5,772,328)	
	General revenues: Property taxes Sales taxes Other taxes Investment earning Miscellaneous				\$	4,214,960 2,309,181 566,204 295,369 305,260	\$	- - - 174,919 -	\$	4,214,960 2,309,181 566,204 470,288 305,260	
	Gain on sale of cap Transfers	oital assets				340,211		372,547 (340,211)		372,547	
	Total general re	evenues			_	8,031,185	_	207,255	_	8,238,440	
	Change in net p	oosition				1,116,013		1,350,099		2,466,112	
	Net position - July	1, 2019				20,974,642	_	78,084,237	_	99,058,879	
	Net position - June	30, 2020			\$	22,090,655	\$	79,434,336	\$	101,524,991	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		General Fund		Capital Projects	<u>In</u>	Municipal nprovements	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
<u>ASSETS</u>											
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid items Due from other funds Notes receivable Advances to other funds	\$ \$_	6,492,504 570,481 25,866 31,123 32,529 888,055 8,040,558	\$ \$	805,930 428,520 2,500 - - - - 1,236,950	\$ - \$_	4,440,295 - 10,487 - - 2,173,474 6,624,256	\$ 	6,125,321 - 302,512 6,156 - 75,000 25,000 6,533,989	\$ - \$_	17,864,050 428,520 875,493 42,509 31,123 32,529 75,000 3,086,529 22,435,753	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>											
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and benefits Unearned revenue Deposits payable Due to other funds Advances from other funds	\$	1,366,306 51,146 461,987 60,368	\$	606,252 - 140,000 - -	\$	- 2,610 - -	\$ 	120,274 14,065 - 91,895 32,529 86,400	\$	2,092,832 65,211 604,597 152,263 32,529 86,400	
Total Liabilities	_	1,939,807	_	746,252	_	2,610	_	345,163	_	3,033,832	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues	_	-	_	190,076	_	-	_	200,979	_	<u>391,055</u>	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances	_	919,178 - - 40,342 5,141,231 6,100,751	_	300,622	_	6,621,646 	_	2,293,138 174,897 3,609,543 (89,731) 5,987,847	_	919,178 2,593,760 174,897 10,271,531 5,051,500 19,010,866	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$_	8,040,558	\$ <u></u>		\$ <u></u>	6,624,256	\$ <u></u>	6,533,989	\$ <u></u>	22,435,753	

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Total fund balances of governmental funds					
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$9,233,928.		12,445,464			
Certain notes, loans, and interest receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are offset by deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.					
Deferred inflows of resources		265,076			
Deferred outflows of resources related to changes in the net pension liability are not reported in the governmental funds		1,426,183			
Deferred outflows of resources related to changes in the total OPEB liability are not reported in the governmental funds.		74,651			
Long-term liabilities are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		(2 2 2 2 4 4)			
Long-term liabilities Compensated absences		(2,653,714) (215,351)			
Total OPEB obligation		(870,524)			
Landfill closure liability		(1,946,504)			
Net pension liability Deferred inflows related to changes in the net pension liability		(5,166,710) (295,102)			
Deferred inflows related to changes in total OPEB liability		(109,659)			
Certain accounts receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are offset by deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.	_	125,979			
Net position of governmental activities	\$_	22,090,655			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Capital Projects	Municipal Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes and assessments Licenses, permits, and fees Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 5,275,420 756,095 19,882 204,867 6,460 335,389 240,987	\$ - - 1,253 2,500	\$ - 262,493 - 87,400 -	\$ 1,814,925 711,113 - 79,040 335,636 - 64,274	\$ 7,090,345 1,729,701 19,882 372,560 344,596 335,389 305,261
Total Revenues	6,839,100	3,753	349,893	3,004,988	10,197,734
EXPENDITURES					
Current: General administration Public safety Parks and recreation Development Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	886,204 4,797,742 21,653 496,450 606,549 9,157 38,145 30,772	1,164,399 - 14,293		772,632 124,625 13,913 549,835 211,259 113,915 39,585	886,204 5,570,374 146,278 510,363 1,156,384 1,384,815 152,060 84,650
Total Expenditures	6,886,672	1,178,692		1,825,764	9,891,128
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(47,572)	(1,174,939)	349,893	1,179,224	306,606
Issuances of long-term debt Payments to loan escrow agent Transfers in Transfers out	103,917 	541,913 (103,759) 686,457	- - - (106,678)	- - 186,409 (529,894)	541,913 (103,759) 976,783 (636,572)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	103,917	1,124,611	(106,678)	(343,485)	778,365
Net Change in Fund Balances	56,345	(50,328)	243,215	835,739	1,084,971
Fund Balances - July 1, 2019	6,044,406	350,950	6,378,431	5,152,108	17,925,895
Fund Balances - June 30, 2020	\$ <u>6,100,751</u>	\$ 300,622	\$ <u>6,621,646</u>	\$5,987,847	\$ <u>19,010,866</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Reconciliation of the change in fund balances - total governmental funds to the change in net position of governmental activities:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,084,971
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital asset purchases Depreciation expense	1,229,069 (665,465)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Proceeds from long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Debt principal payments Proceeds of long-term liabilities	152,060 (541,913)
Compensated absence expenditures reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in a governmental fund. This is the net change in compensated absences for the current period.	116,452
Loan proceeds deposited into an escrow fund are not recognized as a liability until project expenditures are incurred. Change in unearned loan proceeds	103,759
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Changes in the net pension liability and deferred outflows and inflows Changes in the total OPEB liability Landfill closure	(270,913) (82,439) (107,504)
Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities will not be collected for several months after year-end and do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	125,979
Some revenues reported in the prior year Statement of Activities were recognized in the governmental funds in the current year.	 (28,043)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,116,013

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
			Major Funds				
			Beach Drive	NW Wastewater			
		Water	Treatment Facility	Treatment Facility			
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	4,016,289	\$ 3,506,612	\$ 2,758,725			
Restricted cash and investments		-		613,931			
Accounts receivable, net		432,353	320,982	187,826			
Interest receivable		6,771	5,002	3,312			
Prepaid items		5,838	2,748	2,748			
Inventory		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>			
Total Current Assets	_	4,461,251	3,835,344	3,566,542			
Non Current Assets							
Advances to other funds		138,704	38,705	_			
Capital assets, non-depreciable		1,383,839	430,028	957,964			
Capital assets - depreciable, net		19,983,127	7,806,048	33,254,527			
Total Non-Current Assets		21,505,670	8,274,781	34,212,491			
Total Assets		25,966,921	12,110,125	37,779,033			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Changes in net pension liability		139,775	78,438	71,005			
Changes in the total OPEB liability		12,884	6,956	6,116			
Deferred amount on debt refunding		,00.	29,265	-			
Total Deferred Outflows	_	152,659	114,659	77,121			
		,					
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable		205,725	48,212	304,090			
Accrued salaries and benefits		17,091	11,371	10,589			
Accrued expenses		32,108	18,415	42,063			
Accrued interest payable		6,805	9,316	10,368			
Deposits payable		115,621	-	-			
Unearned revenues		-	-	-			
Compensated absences - current		17,996	10,099	9,142			
Loans payable - current		9,229	37,453	87,141			
Bonds payable - current		240,000	70,000				
Total Current Liabilities	_	644,575	204,866	463,393			
Non-Current Liabilities							
Advances from other funds		-	691,612	-			
Compensated absences - noncurrent		60,140	33,748	30,551			
Loans payable - noncurrent		131,316	272,039	1,336,616			
Bonds payable - noncurrent		2,885,000	715,000				
OPEB liability		150,245	81,114	71,312			
Net pension liability		535,427	300,460	271,997			
Total Non-Current Liabilities		3,762,128	2,093,973	1,710,476			
Total Liabilities		4,406,703	2,298,839	2,173,869			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Changes in net pension liability		52,541	29,486	26,689			
Changes in the total OPEB liability		18,927	10,218	8,985			
Total Deferred Inflows		71,468	39,704	35,674			
NET POSITION:							
Net investment in capital assets		18,101,421	7,170,849	32,788,734			
Unrestricted		3,539,988	<u>2,715,392</u>	2,857,877			
	_						
Total Net Position	\$	21,641,409	\$ <u>9,886,241</u>	\$ 35,646,611			

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Bus	ınds		
	Major	Fund	ties - Enterprise Fu Non-Major	
	Business Park	Airport	Transit	Totals
ASSETS	<u> Duomicoo i un</u>	Allport	Trunsit	Totals
Current Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 613,911	\$ 311,349	\$ 305,528	\$ 11,512,414
Restricted cash and investments	400 500	-	204.024	613,931
Accounts receivable, net Interest receivable	109,560 42	60,303 279	324,934 153	1,435,958 15,559
Prepaid items	42	219	100	11,334
Inventory	-	11,806	_	11,806
Total Current Assets	723,513	383,737	630,615	13,601,002
Non Current Assets				
Advances to other funds	_	_	_	177,409
Capital assets, non-depreciable	6,535,576	657,997	-	9,965,404
Capital assets - depreciable, net	368,274	6,633,208	106,494	68,151,678
Total Non-Current Assets	6,903,850	7,291,205	106,494	78,294,491
Total Assets	7,627,363	7,674,942	737,109	91,895,493
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Changes in net pension liability	14,771	5,795	3,997	313,781
Changes in the total OPEB liability	734	929	328	27,947
Deferred amount on debt refunding				29,265
Total Deferred Outflows	15,505	6,724	4,325	370,993
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	280,502	54,506	142,612	1,035,647
Accrued salaries and benefits Accrued expenses	1,845 164,998	833 12,920	503	42,232 270,504
Accrued interest payable	104,990	19,579	-	46,068
Deposits payable	114,462	16,816	_	246,899
Unearned revenues	-	139,713	-	139,713
Compensated absences - current	1,902	746	515	40,400
Loans payable - current	-	11,268	-	145,091
Bonds payable - current Total Current Liabilities	563,709	256,381	143,630	310,000 2,276,554
Non-Current Liabilities Advances from other funds	1,453,355	1,032,571	_	3,177,538
Compensated absences - noncurrent	6,355	2,494	1,720	135,008
Loans payable - noncurrent	-	216,216	-	1,956,187
Bonds payable - noncurrent	-	-	-	3,600,000
OPEB liability	8,551	10,827	3,826	325,875
Net pension liability Total Non-Current Liabilities	56,583	22,200	15,314	1,201,981
Total Non-Current Liabilities	1,524,844	1,284,308	20,860	10,396,589
Total Liabilities	2,088,553	1,540,689	164,490	12,673,143
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Changes in net pension liability	5,553	2,180	1,504	117,953
Changes in the total OPEB liability Total Deferred Inflows	1,078 6,631	1,365 3,545	481 1,985	<u>41,054</u> 159,007
iotai Deletieu IIIIOWS	0,031		1,365	100,007
NET POSITION:	0.000.050	7.000.701	100 101	70 105 000
Net investment in capital assets	6,903,850	7,063,721	106,494	72,135,069
Unrestricted	(1,356,166)	(926,289)	<u>468,465</u>	7,299,267
Total Net Position	\$5,547,684	\$ <u>6,137,432</u>	\$ 574,959	\$ 79,434,336

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Major Funds						
		Water	Beach Drive Treatment		NV	V Wastewater Treatment Facility	
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	3,090,957	\$	2,869,179	\$	2,052,770	
Rents Sale of fuel		-		-		-	
Grant revenue		-		-		-	
Other revenue		124,229		_		12,200	
Total Operating Revenue		3,215,186		2,869,179		2,064,970	
ODEDATING EVDENGES							
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and benefits		1 001 106		647 207		604 240	
Materials, supplies, & operational		1,081,186		647,387		604,249	
expenses		303,295		181,593		303,422	
Repairs and maintenance		229,735		89,588		185,730	
Power and utilities		233,169		101,207		173,546	
Contractual services		98,249		996,489		759,662	
Professional services		13,311		7,411		5,724	
Insurance		28,181		21,475		16,614	
Miscellaneous		9,345		16,461		12,387	
Depreciation and amortization		569,359	-	358,434	_	456,289	
Total Operating Expenses	_	2,565,830	_	2,420,045	_	2,517,623	
Operating Income (Loss)	_	649,356	-	449,134	_	(452,653)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest income		71,917		51,844		41,851	
Interest expense		(81,857)		(43,514)		(29,402)	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	_	(0 1,001) 	_	-	_		
Total Non-Operating Revenues		(2.2.42)				10.110	
(Expenses)		<u>(9,940</u>)	-	8,330	_	12,449	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Contributions		639,416	_	457,464	_	(440,204)	
TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS							
Transfers in		-		-		12,000	
Transfers out		(240,000)		(65,211)		-	
Capital grants	_	45,000	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	
Total Transfers and Contributions	_	(195,000)	-	(65,211)	_	12,000	
Change in net position		444,416		392,253		(428,204)	
Net Position - July 1, 2019		21,196,993	_	9,493,988	_	36,074,815	
Net Position - June 30, 2020	\$	21,641,409	\$_	9,886,241	\$_	35,646,611	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise F						unc	ds
		Major				Non-Major		
	В	usiness Park		Airport		Transit		Totals
OPERATING REVENUES	_		_		_	40.00=	_	
Charges for services Rents	\$	378,152	\$	202 529	\$	13,935	\$	8,404,993
Sale of fuel		29,488		202,528 21,470		_		232,016 21,470
Grant revenue		_		30,000		623,463		653,463
Other revenue	_	410,419		24,833	_	<u>-</u>	_	571,681
Total Operating Revenue	_	818,059	_	278,831	_	637,398	_	9,883,623
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries and benefits		115,039		55,150		29,401		2,532,412
Materials, supplies, & operational		-,		,		-, -		,,
expenses		5,761		55,015		48,267		897,353
Repairs and maintenance		-		15,973		13,467		534,493
Power and utilities		-		28,625		-		536,547
Contractual services Professional services		622 210		45,220 34,723		314,668		2,214,910 149,508
Insurance		595		7,433		88,129 5,799		80,097
Miscellaneous		-		4,966		5,799		43,159
Depreciation and amortization	_	13,616	_	336,183	_	31,991	_	1,765,872
Total Operating Expenses	_	135,843	_	583,288	_	531,722	_	8,754,351
Operating Income (Loss)	_	682,216	_	(304,457)	_	105,676	_	1,129,272
NON-OPERATING REVENUES								
(EXPENSES)								
Interest income		4,317		3,395		1,595		174,919
Interest expense		-		(11,137)		-		(165,910)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	_	409,834	_	<u> </u>	_	(37,287)	_	372,547
Total Non-Operating Revenues								
(Expenses)	_	<u>414,151</u>		<u>(7,742</u>)	_	(35,692)	_	<u>381,556</u>
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and								
Contributions	_	1,096,367	_	(312,199)	_	69,984	_	1,510,828
TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS								
TRANSFERS AND CONTRIBUTIONS Transfers in		_		_		_		12,000
Transfers out		(35,000)		_		(12,000)		(352,211)
Capital grants	_		_	39,250	_	95,232	_	179,482
Total Transfers and Contributions	_	(35,000)	_	39,250	_	83,232	_	(160,729)
Change in net position		1,061,367		(272,949)		153,216		1,350,099
Net Position - July 1, 2019	_	4,486,317	_	6,410,381	_	421,743	_	78,084,237
Net Position - June 30, 2020	\$_	5,547,684	\$_	6,137,432	\$_	574,959	\$_	79,434,336

CITY OF RIO VISTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Major Funds							
		Water		Beach Drive Treatment Facility	NV	V Wastewater Treatment Facility		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	_	77410.	_	- uomity	_	- uomity		
ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from customers	\$	3,069,585	\$	2,818,320	\$	2,076,352		
Cash paid to suppliers		(796,881)		(1,575,304)		(1,268,284)		
Cash paid to employees	_	(840,656)	_	(502,536)	_	(474,551)		
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)								
Operating Activities		1,432,048	_	740,480	_	333,517		
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interfund receipts		20,000				12 000		
Interfund disbursements		(240,000)		(203,533)		12,000		
intentina dispuisements	_	(240,000)	_	(203,333)	-			
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-								
Capital Financing Activities		(220,000)	_	(203,533)	_	12,000		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND								
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Capital contributions		45,000		-		-		
Proceeds on new debt		-		-		634,278		
Proceeds received from sale of assets		- (4.500.474)		(040 504)		(404.007)		
Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on capital leases		(1,508,474)		(310,581)		(481,067)		
Principal paid on capital debt		(238,993)		(14,114) (72,770)		(14,114) (29,806)		
Interest paid on capital debt		(82,544)		(42,766)		(27,093)		
morest para on supriar dest		(02,011)	_	(12,700)	_	(21,000)		
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital								
and Related Financing Activities		(1,785,011)	_	(440,231)	_	82,198		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING								
<u>ACTIVITIES</u>								
Interest and dividends		<u>78,635</u>	_	<u>56,976</u>	_	45,991		
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		78,635	_	56,976	_	45,991		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash								
Equivalents		(494,328)		153,692		473,706		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2019		4,510,617		3,352,920		2,898,950		
•	_				_			
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2020	\$	4,016,289	\$	3,506,612	\$_	3,372,656		
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position								
Cash and investments	\$	4,016,289	\$	3,506,612	\$	2,758,725		
Restricted cash and investments	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	613,931		
Cook and Cook Equivalents - June 20, 2020	¢	4.016.290	¢	2 506 640	ф			
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2020	.\$_	4,016,289	\$_	3,506,612	\$ <u>-</u>	3,372,656		

CITY OF RIO VISTA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Busin	unds		
	<u>Major</u> l	Funds	Non-Major	
	Business Park	Airport	Transit	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$ 732,174	\$ 387,340	\$ 447,464	\$ 9,531,235
Cash paid to suppliers	(870,708)	(124,075)	(470,514)	(5,105,766)
Cash paid to employees	(82,582)	(55,525)	(21,898)	(1,977,748)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)				
Operating Activities	(221,116)	207,740	<u>(44,948</u>)	2,447,721
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(0= 000)			(0.004)
Interfund receipts Interfund disbursements	(35,000)	399	(12,000)	(2,601)
interiuna dispursements	<u>1,453,355</u>	-	(12,000)	997,822
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-	4 440 055	200	(40,000)	005.004
Capital Financing Activities	<u>1,418,355</u>	399	(12,000)	995,221
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND				
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital contributions	_	39,250	95,232	179,482
Proceeds on new debt	-	-	-	634,278
Proceeds received from sale of assets	410,184		-	410,184
Acquisition of capital assets	(3,210,791)	(7,490)	(95,232)	(5,613,635)
Principal paid on capital leases Principal paid on capital debt	-	(10 444)	-	(28,228)
Interest paid on capital debt		(10,444) (8,425)		(352,013) (160,828)
Net Ocab Brasidad by (Head for) Conital				
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(2,800,607)	12,891		(4,930,760)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING				
ACTIVITIES				
Interest and dividends	6,059	3,651	1,745	193,057
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	6,059	3,651	1,745	193,057
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash				
Equivalents	(1,597,309)	224,681	(55,203)	(1,294,761)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2019	2,211,220	86,668	360,731	13,421,106
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2020	\$ 613,911	\$ 311,349	\$ 305,528	\$ <u>12,126,345</u>
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position				
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 613,911 	\$ 311,349	\$ 305,528	\$ 11,512,414 613,931
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2020	\$ 613,911	\$ 311,349	\$ 305,528	\$ <u>12,126,345</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Water	Beach Drive Treatment Facility			NW Wastewater Treatment Facility		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Operating Income (loss)	\$	649,356	\$	449,134	\$	(452,653)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:								
Depreciation		569,359		358,434		456,289		
Pension and OPEB expense Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts		218,204		132,862		118,519		
receivable		(131,839)		(50,859)		11,382		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses Decrease in inventory		(13)		(42)		(42)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		107,148		(141,641)		173,519		
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		11,269		(19,397)		15,324		
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		(13,762)		-		-		
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages Increase (decrease) in compensated		3,181		3,109		2,964		
absences	_	<u> 19,145</u>	_	8,880	_	<u>8,215</u>		
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$_	1,432,048	\$_	740,480	\$_	333,517		
Supplementary information:								
Capital assets acquired with capital lease financing	\$	-	\$	154,362	\$	154,362		
Capital assets purchased through payables	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Major Funds				Non-Major	•	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Bus	siness Park		Airport		Transit		Totals
Operating Income (loss)	\$	682,216	\$	(304,457)	\$	105,676	\$	1,129,272
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:								
Depreciation Pension and OPEB expense Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts		13,616 34,276		336,183 2,009		31,991 6,964		1,765,872 512,834
receivable		(108,935)		108,333		(189,934)		(361,852)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		-		594		500		997
Decrease in inventory Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(880,409)		26,048 49,383		(684)		26,048 (692,684)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		16,889		(8,145)		(004)		15,940
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		23,050		176		_		9,464
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages Increase (decrease) in compensated		(3,167)		(981)		85		5,191
absences		1,348	_	(1,403)	_	454	_	36,639
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ <u></u>	(221,116)	\$_	207,740	\$_	(44,948)	\$_	2,447,721
Supplementary information:								
Capital assets acquired with capital lease financing	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	308,724
Capital assets purchased through payables	\$	290,644	\$	-	\$	-	\$	290,644

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

<u>ASSETS</u>	Agency Funds
Cash and investments (Note 2) Interest receivable Restricted cash and investments (Note 2)	\$ 1,743,888 712 800,969
Total Assets	\$ <u>2,545,569</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts payable and other liabilities Agency obligations	\$ 66,019 2,479,550
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>2,545,569</u>

JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Rio Vista (the "City") was incorporated in 1893, as a municipal corporation under the laws and regulations of the State of California. The City operates under a City Manager-Council form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. Other services include utilities, transit, and airport.

The financial statements and accounting policies of the City conform with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting policies are summarized below:

A. The Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial activities of the City along with the financial activities of its blended component unit, which is an entity for which the City is financially accountable. Together these entities comprise the primary government for reporting purposes. Although they are separate legal entities, blended component units are in substance part of the City's operations and are reported as an integral part of the City's financial statements. The City's component unit, which is described below, is blended.

City of Rio Vista Public Financing Authority

The City of Rio Vista Public Financing Authority (the "Authority") was formed as a joint powers authority between the City and the former Redevelopment Agency to serve as a financing mechanism of various capital projects. The City Council acts as the governing board in a concurrent session, as necessary. The bond issuance authorizations are approved by the City's Council and the legal liability for the Authority's debt remains with the City. The Authority provides services solely for the benefit of the City and is presented as a debt service fund. No separate financial statements are issued for the Authority.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

These standards require that the financial statements described below be presented.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include the activities of the overall City government except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the City. The City's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and its blended component unit. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories with each major fund displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds in a single column, regardless of their fund type.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - Debt service funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> - Capital project funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Proprietary Funds

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Fiduciary Funds (not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds - Agency funds are clearing type funds for the collection of taxes or deposits, on behalf of individuals, private organizations or other governments. The funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Maior Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30. 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Projects - This fund is used to account for the City's major capital projects.

<u>Municipal Improvements</u> - This fund is used to collect fees paid by developers of construction projects to be used to help fund future capital municipal improvements needed as a result of current development.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds in the accompanying financial statements:

Water Fund - This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's water resources.

<u>Beach Drive Treatment Facility Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the cost of providing services to residents and businesses connected to the Beach Drive Sewer Facility.

<u>Northwest (NW) Wastewater Treatment Facility Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the cost of providing services to residents and businesses connected to the Northwest Sewer Facility.

<u>Business Park</u> - This fund is used to allocate staff time and available resources from leases and sales of lands in the Business Park to finance public improvements, create development-ready land parcels, and provide incentives for development of businesses on City-owned land.

Airport Fund - This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's airport operations.

The City also reports the following fund types:

Non-Major Proprietary Fund: Transit - This fund is used to account for transportation services provided to the City through Rio Vista Delta Breeze, a program of the City that provides deviated fixed route bus service on three routes serving Rio Vista, Isleton, Antioch, Pittsburgh/Bay Point BART Station, Suisun City, and Fairfield, with connections to I odi

Agency Funds - These funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of the results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. These funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for other governmental units or individuals.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item "b" below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds are accounted for using a "current financial resources" measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. All proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with the operation of these funds are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

c. As agency funds report only assets and liabilities, they do not have a measurement focus. However, they use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables. The "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting is used for trust funds.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. In addition, all fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City defines available to be within 60 days of year-end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds for governmental long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual include taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest and charges for services. Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

Grant revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements are met. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City may fund certain programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position are available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary funds' principal operations. The principal operating revenues of the water, sewer, and transit enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Property Taxes

The County of Solano levies, bills, and collects property taxes and special assessments for the City. Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue when received, in the fiscal year or levy, due to the adoption of the "alternate method of property tax distribution", known as the Teeter Plan, by the City and the County of Solano. The Teeter Plan authorizes the Auditor/Controller of the County of Solano to allocate 100% of the secured property taxes billed, but not yet paid. The County of Solano remits tax monies to the City in three installments as follows:

50% remitted in December 45% remitted in April 5% remitted in June

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Tax collections are the responsibility of the County Tax Collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments; the first is due November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10; and the second is due on February 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do no constitute a lien against real property unless the tax becomes delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the County for late payment.

Property valuations are established by the Assessor of the County of Solano for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls. Under the provisions of Article XIIIA of the State Constitution, properties are assessed at 100% of purchase price or value in 1978 whichever is later. From this base assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of 2 percent. However, increases to full value are allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal property is excluded from these limitations, and is subject to annual reappraisal.

Tax levy dates are attached annually on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property, as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

E. Cash and Investments

The City pools the cash of all funds, except for monies deposited with fiscal agents in accordance with related bond indentures. The cash and investments balance in each fund represents that fund's equity share of the City's cash and investment pool. As the City places no restrictions on the deposit or withdrawal of a particular fund's equity in the pool, the pool operates like a demand deposit account for the participating funds.

Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly to the various funds based on month-end balances and is adjusted at fiscal year-end. Interest income on restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

The City's investments are carried at fair value. The fair value of equity and debt securities is determined based on sales prices or bid-and-asked quotations from SEC-registered securities exchanges or NASDAQ dealers. LAIF determines the fair value of their portfolio quarterly and reports a factor to the City; the City applies that factor to convert its share of LAIF from amortized cost to fair value. This amount is included in cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the governmental and business-type funds. Changes in fair value are allocated to each participating fund.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City has defined cash and cash equivalents to be change and petty cash funds, equity in the City's cash and investment pool, and restricted non-pooled investments with initial maturities of three months or less.

F. Accounts and Interest Receivable

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Receivables are recorded in the financial statements net of any allowance for doubtful accounts if applicable, and estimated refunds due. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants, police fines and other fees. Federal and state grants are considered receivable and accrue as revenue when reimbursable costs are incurred. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30. 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis, but not in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Long-term loans in governmental funds are treated as expenditures in the year advanced and as revenues in the year repayment is measurable and available. Loans receivable are recorded in the fund statements, but are offset by deferred inflows of resources to indicate they do not represent current financial resources. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables.

G. Prepaid Expenses and Inventory

Inventories are stated at cost (average cost per unit) for governmental and proprietary funds. The cost is recorded as an expenditure/expense in the funds at the time individual inventory items are consumed, rather than purchased. Inventories of governmental funds are offset by nonspendable fund balance to indicate they do not constitute resources available for future appropriation.

Prepaid items are also recognized under the consumption method. Payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Assets acquired with grant funds may be capitalized even though their individual cost is less than \$5,000.

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets. The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Buildings and improvements 10 -100 years Equipment and machinery 5 - 20 years Vehicles 5 - 12 years Runways 50 years 100 years 50 years 50 years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of debt financed capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick days in varying amounts based on classification and length of service. Upon termination or retirement, the City is to pay 100% of vacation and 50% of sick time accrued up to a maximum of 60 days, after three years of service. The City's liability for compensated absences is recorded at the City-wide level in the Statement of Net Position for governmental activities or in the proprietary funds as appropriate. The liability for compensated absences is determined annually, however such compensated absences payments are not distinguished from regular payroll paid during the fiscal year.

Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability. The long-term portion of governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

J. Long Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term liabilities, and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Initial issue bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The difference between the reacquisition price of refunding bonds and the net carrying amount of refunded debt (deferred amount on refunding) is amortized over the shorter of the lives of the refunding debt or remaining life of the refunded debt. Bond issuance costs, except for insurance, are expensed in the period incurred. Amortization of bond premiums or discounts, insurance costs, and deferred amounts on refunding is included in interest expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs during the period issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position, or balance sheet, will sometimes report a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will be be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position, or balance sheet, will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For the purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liabilities and asset information with certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date
Measurement Date
Measurement Period

June 30, 2019 June 30, 2019 July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

N. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

O. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Net position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources over all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, regardless of fund. Net position is divided into three categories. These categories apply only to net position, which is determined at the government-wide level, and are described below:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints place on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Statements

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Amounts that are restricted for specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- d. Assigned Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted or committed.
- e. Unassigned Amounts representing the residual classification for the general fund and residual negative fund balance of special revenue and capital project funds.

Further detail about the City's fund balance classification is described in Note 10.

P. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Q. Reclassifications

Certain accounts in prior-year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the presentation in the current-year financial statements.

R. Implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board Statements

Effective July 1, 2019, the City implemented the following accounting and financial reporting standards:

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 95

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018 and later. The City adopted this accounting guidance for its June 30, 2020 year-end.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30. 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

S. Future Government Accounting Standards Board Statements

These statements are not effective until July 1, 2020 or later. The City has not determined the effects on the financial statements.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 89

In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 90

In August 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 61. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. This Statement establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30. 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 91

In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 92

In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 93

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. The primary objective of this Statement is to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate (IBOR). The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. All other requirements of this statement are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 94

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). A PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial assets, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). An APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that my include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. The requirements of this statement are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments, defines a SBITA, establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset-an intangible asset-and a corresponding liability, provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA, and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. The requirements of this statement are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 97

In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a partial component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. The requirements of this statement related to the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 were classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Cash and Investments	Restricted Cash and Investments	Total		
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 17,864,050 11,512,414	\$ 428,520 613,931	\$ 18,292,570 12,126,345		
Total government-wide cash and investments	29,376,464	1,042,451	30,418,915		
Fiduciary activities	1,743,888	800,969	2,544,857		
Total cash and investments	\$ <u>31,120,352</u>	\$ <u>1,843,420</u>	\$ 32,963,772		

Cash and investments were carried at fair value as of June 30, 2020 and consisted of the following:

Cash on hand Cash in banks	\$ 650 <u>8,495,997</u>
Total cash	8,496,647
Certificates of Deposit Money market funds Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	1,500,000 12,184,994 10,782,131
Total investments	24,467,125
Total cash and investments	\$ <u>32,963,772</u>

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Investments of the City

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by the City's investment policy. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Credit Quality	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in one Issuer
U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds	(A)	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
U.S. Government-Sponsored Enterprise Agencies:				
Government National Mortgage Association	5 years	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Federal National Mortgage Association	5 years	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	5 years	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Federal Home Loan Bank	5 years	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	N/A	50%	(B)
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	Α	30%	No Limit
California Local Agency Investment Fund	Ň/A	N/A	No Limit	\$40,000,000
ű ,				per account
Passbook Savings Account Demand Deposits	N/A	N/A	No Limit	No Limit

⁽A) Maximum maturities of 5 years or greater with specific City Council approval

⁽B) \$100,000 unless collateralized by eligible securities as provided by California Governmental Code Sections 53651 and 53652.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged as reserves to be used if the City fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City ordinance, bond indentures or State statute. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments with fiscal agents. The bond indentures contain no limitations for the maximum investment in any one issuer or the maximum percentage of the portfolio that may be invested in any one investment type. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	N/A
U.S. Agency Obligations	None	N/A
U.S. Government-Sponsored Agency Obligations State Obligations:	None	N/A
General Obligation	None	Α
General Short-Term Obligation	None	A-1+
Special Revenue Bonds	None	AA
Pre-Refunded Municipal Obligation	None	AAA
Unsecured Certificates of Deposit	30 days	A-1
FDIC-Insured Deposit	None	N/A
Repurchase Agreements	None	Α
Commercial Paper	270 Days	Three highest categories
Bankers' Acceptances	(A)	A-1
Money Market Mutual Funds	None	Three highest categories
Investment Agreement	None	N/A
Tax-Exempt Obligations	None	Three highest categories
State of California- Local Agency Investment Fund	None	N/A

(A) Maximum maturity is 30 days for all debt issues except the Community Facilities District No. 2006-1, which permits a maximum of up to 270 days.

Investment Valuation

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City's money market funds held by bond and loan trustees were measured using Level 2 inputs at June 30, 2020.

Disclosure Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City's interest rate risk is mitigated is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity as of June 30, 2020:

	Remaining Maturity					
		2 months or less	_	1-5 years		Fair Value
Local Agency Investment Fund Money market - depository Held by bond trustee:	\$	10,782,131 10,341,574	\$	- -	\$	10,782,131 10,341,574
Money market funds Held by loan trustee:		800,969		-		800,969
Money market funds		1,042,451		-		1,042,451
Certificates of Deposit	_	1,500,000	-		-	1,500,000
	\$_	24,467,125	\$_		\$_	24,467,125

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City had no investments (including investments held by bond trustees) that were highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations as of June 30, 2020.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the fiscal year for each investment type.

			Rating as of Fiscal				
		Total	S&P	Moody's	N/A		
Local Agency Investment Fund Money market - depository Held by bond trustee:	\$	10,782,131 10,341,574			Not rated Not rated		
Money market funds Held by loan trustee:		800,969	AAAm	Aaa-mf			
Money market funds Certificates of Deposit	-	1,042,451 1,500,000	AAAm	AAA-mf	Not rated		
	\$ <u>_</u>	24,467,125					

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the LAIF for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which is recorded on an amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$20,337,571 and bank balances were \$20,450,027, of which \$500,000 was insured by FDIC coverage limits.

Allocation of Interest Income Among Funds

Interest income from pooled investments is allocated to those funds which are required by law or administrative action to receive interest. Interest is allocated monthly based on the ending cash balances of the previous month in each fund receiving interest.

NOTE 3: NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE

The City has engaged in programs designed to encourage construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing or other projects. Under these programs, grants or loans are provided under favorable terms to homeowners who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's terms. The balances of the loans arising from these programs at June 30, 2020 totaled \$75,000. The loans have varying maturity dates and interest rates, depending on loan agreements. The balance of the notes receivable has been offset in the fund financial statements by deferred inflows of resources as they are not deemed measurable and available within 60 days, except for those loans that have current payment activity.

NOTE 4: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Due to/from Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Description	 Amount
General Fund	ATOD Grant Street Projects Storm Drain	Overdrawn cash balances Overdrawn cash balances Overdrawn cash balances	\$ 20,618 21 11,890
		Total Due to/From	\$ 32,529

Advances to/from Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund General Fund	Army Base Airport	\$	86,400 801,655
Т	_	888,055	
Municipal Improvement Municipal Improvement Municipal Improvement Parks and Recreation	Airport Beach Drive Treatment Business Park Beach Drive Treatment	_	153,507 566,612 1,453,355 25,000
Total (_	2,198,474	
Water Water Beach Drive Treatment	Airport Beach Drive Treatment Airport	_	38,704 100,000 38,705
	Total Proprietary Major Fund Advances	\$	177,409

The City made an interfund advance in the current year in an amount of \$1,453,355 from the Municipal Improvement Fund to the Business Park Fund authorized by the City Council in February 2019 to fund the construction costs of the Business Park Improvement Project. The City Council approved an interfund repayment schedule at an annual interest rate of 1.47% and to be repaid by June 2022. Principal and interest payments are made annually with a prepayment option on June 30, 2021. Interest will be recalculated based on the unpaid principal due on June 30, 2022.

Other advances listed above were all made in prior years. In March 2016, the City Council approved an interfund repayment schedule for the above advances. Principal and interest payments are made annually at 0.34%, using a simple average interest method, unless waived by Council due to insufficient funds. Advances are set to be repaid by 2025.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 4: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Interfund Transfers to/from Other Funds

Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Transfer from	Transfer To	Description of Transfer	 mount
Governmental Funds Municipal Improvements Municipal Improvements	Capital Projects General Fund	Capital project funding ABM Debt Service Payment	\$ 37,761 68,917
	Total N	lajor Governmental Interfund Transfers	 106,678
Gas Tax Streets Projects Streets Projects Personnel Services District Personnel Services District Parks and Recreation	Capital Projects Capital Projects Gas Tax Vehicle Replacement Vehicle Replacement Capital Projects	Capital project funding Capital project funding Funding for street projects Equipment funding Fire truck debt service reserves Capital project funding	\$ 40,085 59,482 22,366 104,043 35,000 268,918
	Total Non- N	lajor Governmental Interfund Transfers	 529,894
Proprietary Funds Water Water Beach Drive Treatment Business Park Business Park Transit	Capital Projects Vehicle Replacement Capital Projects General Fund General Fund NW Wastewater	Capital project funding Fire truck debt service reserves Capital project funding Funding for website costs ATOD support services Rental payment	 215,000 25,000 65,211 15,000 20,000 12,000
		Total Proprietary Interfund Transfers	 352,211
		Total Interfund Transfers	\$ 988,783

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental activities:

	Balance at July 1, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2020
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction-in-progress	\$ 1,968,598 1,002,018	\$ - 1,114,257	\$ - -	\$ - (193,803)	\$ 1,968,598 1,922,472
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,970,616	1,114,257		(193,803)	3,891,070
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Vehicles Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	5,358,784 3,595,586 1,295,231 7,283,289	107,629 7,183	(53,183) - -	193,803 - - -	5,552,587 3,650,032 1,302,414 7,283,289
Total capital assets being depreciated	17,532,890	114,812	(53,183)	193,803	17,788,322
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings and improvements Vehicles Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	(3,528,898) (2,227,230) (1,119,939) (1,745,579)	(189,006) (182,969) (42,064) (251,426)	53,183 - 	- - - -	(3,717,904) (2,357,016) (1,162,003) (1,997,005)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,621,646)	(665,465)	53,183		(9,233,928)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>11,881,860</u>	\$ 563,604	\$	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>12,445,464</u>

Depreciation was charged to functions based on their usage of the related assets as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General administration	\$ 65,358
Public safety	289,792
Parks and recreation	175,501
Development	3,459
Public works	 131,355
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 665,465

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Business-type activities:

Duomoco type uoumioo.	Balance at July 1, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2020
Nondepreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 548,337	\$ -	\$ (350)	\$ -	\$ 547,987
Construction-in-progress	6,075,670	5,526,069		(2,184,322)	9,417,417
Total nondepreciable assets	6,624,007	5,526,069	(350)	(2,184,322)	9,965,404
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	54,184,538	-	-	-	54,184,538
Runways	11,960,483	-	-	187,888	12,148,371
Machinery and equipment	1,597,350	176,275	-	-	1,773,625
Vehicles	749,792	510,659	(89,489)	-	1,170,962
Infrastructure	24,018,625			1,996,434	26,015,059
Total capital assets being					
depreciated	92,510,788	686,934	(89,489)	2,184,322	95,292,555
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(14,492,229)	(624,546)	-	-	(15,116,775)
Runways	(5,593,254)	(331,883)	-	-	(5,925,137)
Machinery and equipment	(1,488,945)	(44,374)	-	-	(1,533,319)
Vehicles	(591,942)	(101,420)	52,202	-	(641,160)
Infrastructure	(3,260,837)	(663,649)	-		(3,924,486)
Total accumulated depreciation	(25,427,207)	(1,765,872)	52,202		(27,140,877)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>73,707,588</u>	\$ <u>4,447,131</u>	\$ <u>(37,637</u>)	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>78,117,082</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City's business-type activities as follows:

Water	\$ 569,359
Beach Drive Treatment Facility	358,434
NW Wastewater Treatment Facility	456,289
Airport	336,183
Business Park	13,616
Transit	 31,991
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 1,765,872

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in the City's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

		ance at 1, 2019	Α	dditions		eductions/ justments		Balance ne 30, 2020		Current Portion
Governmental activities:										<u> </u>
Compensated absences	\$	331,803	\$	95,338	\$	(211,790)	\$	215,351	\$	49,600
CA CEC Loan		323,594		99,191		-		422,785		18,170
PG&E Retrofit Loan		11,107		· <u>-</u>		(2,423)		8,684		2,424
SNB Energy Savings Project		,				(, ,		,		,
Purchase Agreement		_		442,722		_		442,722		18,087
PNC Fire Engines Lease		957,125		· -		(90,888)		866,237		94,414
Zion's Energy Loan		869,016		-		(38,145)		830,871		41,155
Police Software Lease		103,019		-		(20,604)		82,41 <u>5</u>		20,604
Total Governmental activities	\$ 2	595,664	\$	637,251	\$	(363,850)	\$	2,869,065	\$_	244,454
			_						_	
		ance at						Balance		Current
		ance at 1, 2019	A	dditions	Re	eductions		Balance ne 30, 2020		Current Portion
Business-type activities:		1, 2019	_A	dditions	Re	eductions			_	
Business-type activities: Compensated absences				additions 77,656	<u>Re</u> \$	(41,017)	<u>Ju</u>		\$	
Compensated absences Land Capital Lease	July	1, 2019					<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2020	\$	Portion
Compensated absences Land Capital Lease SNB Energy Savings Project	July	1, 2019 138,769		77,656 -		(41,017)	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2020 175,408 75,355	\$	40,400 6,000
Compensated absences Land Capital Lease	July	1, 2019 138,769				(41,017)	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2020 175,408	\$	Portion 40,400
Compensated absences Land Capital Lease SNB Energy Savings Project	July	1, 2019 138,769		77,656 -		(41,017)	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2020 175,408 75,355	\$	40,400 6,000
Compensated absences Land Capital Lease SNB Energy Savings Project Purchase Agreement	July	1, 2019 138,769		77,656 - 634,278		(41,017) (6,000)	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2020 175,408 75,355 634,278	\$	40,400 6,000 25,913
Compensated absences Land Capital Lease SNB Energy Savings Project Purchase Agreement Vactor Truck Loan	July	1, 2019 138,769		77,656 - 634,278		(41,017) (6,000)	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2020 175,408 75,355 634,278	\$	40,400 6,000 25,913
Compensated absences Land Capital Lease SNB Energy Savings Project Purchase Agreement Vactor Truck Loan Wastewater Installment	July	138,769 81,355		77,656 - 634,278		(41,017) (6,000) - (28,228)	<u>Ju</u>	175,408 75,355 634,278 280,496	\$	40,400 6,000 25,913 58,140
Compensated absences Land Capital Lease SNB Energy Savings Project Purchase Agreement Vactor Truck Loan Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement	July \$	138,769 81,355		77,656 - 634,278		(41,017) (6,000) - (28,228)	<u>Ju</u>	175,408 75,355 634,278 280,496	\$	40,400 6,000 25,913 58,140
Compensated absences Land Capital Lease SNB Energy Savings Project Purchase Agreement Vactor Truck Loan Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement Water Meter Installment	July \$	138,769 81,355 - 850,000		77,656 - 634,278		(41,017) (6,000) - (28,228) (65,000)	<u>Ju</u>	175,408 75,355 634,278 280,496 785,000	\$	40,400 6,000 25,913 58,140 70,000

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

A description of the long-term liabilities related to governmental activities at June 30, 2020 follows:

A. Governmental Activities

California CEC Loan

In August 2018, the City entered into a loan agreement in the amount of \$422,795 with California Energy Commission at a rate of 1% per annum on the unpaid principal, computed from the date of each disbursement. Loan funds are disbursed on a reimbursement basis. Principal and interest is due and payable in semiannual installments beginning on or before December 22 of the fiscal year following the year in which the project is completed and continuing thereafter on each June 22 and December 22. As of June 30, 2020, the City had expended \$422,785 on the project. Future debt service payments are as follows:

CEC Loan									
For the Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest			Total			
2021 2022 2023	\$	18,170 21,951 22,171	\$	7,723 3,992 3,772	\$	25,893 25,943 25,943			
2024 2025 2026 - 2030 2031 - 2035 2036 - 2039		22,383 22,617 116,526 122,488 76,479		3,559 3,325 13,185 7,223 1,346		25,942 25,942 129,711 129,711 77,825			
Total	\$	422,785	\$	44,125	\$	466,910			

PG&E Retrofit Loan

In March 2014, the City entered into a loan agreement with Pacific Gas & Electric (PG&E) in the amount of \$24,032 for energy efficient / demand response equipment and services. Monthly payments of \$202 are due through December 2023. The loan does not bear any interest. Future debt service payments are as follows:

PG&E Retrofit Loan								
For the Year Ending June 30,	Pı	incipal	In	terest		Total		
2021 2022	\$	2,424 2,424	\$	-	\$	2,424 2,424		
2023 2024	_	2,424 1,412		<u>-</u>	_	2,424 1,412		
Total	\$	8,684	\$		\$	8,684		

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

PNC Fire Engines Lease

In February 2018, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,044,617 for two fire engines. The lease has an effective interest rate of 3.88%. Annual principal and interest payments totaling \$128,024 are due each February. The outstanding balance of the lease as of June 30, 2020 was \$866,237. The fire engines were included in capital assets at a net book value of \$936,781, with accumulated depreciation totaling \$107,837. Amortization of the leased vehicles under capital assets is included in depreciation expense. Future lease payments are as follows:

	Fire Engines Lease								
For the Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal		Interest		Total			
2021 2022	\$	94,414 98.077	\$	33,610 29,947	\$	128,024 128,024			
2023 2024		101,882 105,835		26,141 22,188		128,023 128,023			
2025 2026 - 2029		109,942 356,087	_	18,082 27,983		128,024 384,070			
Total	\$	866,237	\$_	157,951	\$	1,024,188			

Zion's Energy Loan

In April 2018, the City entered into a fixed-rate all property purchase agreement in the amount of \$2,077,404 for multiple locations of facility improvements concerning about energy conservation measures in the City. The facility improvements include installation of HVAC Systems, lighting, heat pumps, and other equipment and systems related to energy efficiency efforts. The lease has an effective interest rate of 3.58%. Thirty semi-annual payments are due each October and April through April 2033. The lease balance has been divided amongst governmental and business-type activities. The outstanding balance included in governmental activities as of June 30, 2020 was \$830,871. The lease purchase agreement is on a reimbursement basis. The loan proceeds of \$2,077,404 were originally deposited into an escrow fund under the Depository Escrow Agreement. As of June 30, 2020, all project funds have been expended. Future payments allocated to governmental activities is as follows:

	Zion Energy Loan								
For the Year Ending June 30,	<u></u>	Principal		Interest		Total			
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 - 2030 2031 - 2035	\$	41,155 44,314 47,629 51,105 54,749 334,829 257,090	\$	29,380 27,879 26,263 24,527 22,665 80,548 16,497	\$	70,535 72,193 73,892 75,632 77,414 415,377 273,587			
Total	\$ <u></u>	830,871	\$	227,759	\$	1,058,630			

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

Police Software

In December 2017, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Sun Ridge Systems, Inc. in the amount of \$144,249 for the purchase of a police records management system. The lease has an interest rate of 4%. Annual principal and interest payments totaling \$23,054 are due each June. The outstanding balance of the lease purchase agreement as of June 30, 2020 was \$82,415. The software is included in capital assets at a net book value of \$88,941, with accumulated depreciation of \$56,288. Amortization of the leased software under capital assets is included in depreciation expense. Future lease payments are as follows:

	Polic	e Software				
For the Year Ending June 30,	Р	rincipal		nterest		Total
2021	 \$	20,604	\$	2,449	\$	23,053
2022		20,604	·	2,449	·	23,053
2023		20,604		2,449		23,053
2024		20,603		2,449	_	23,052
Total	\$	82,415	\$	9,796	\$	92,211

Sterling National Bank Energy Savings Project Lease Purchase Agreement

In April 2020, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,077,000 for the second phase of multiple facility improvements concerning energy conservation measures in the City. The facility improvements include field lighting at Egbert Sports Field, upgrade of HVAC and lighting at library, and solar system at swimming pool and northwest wastewater treatment plant. The lease has an effective interest rate of 2.28%. Forty semi-annual payments are due each October and April through April 2040. The lease balance has been divided amongst governmental and business-type activities. The outstanding balance included in governmental activities as of June 30, 2020 was \$442,722. The lease purchase agreement is on a reimbursement basis. The loan proceeds of \$1,077,000 were originally deposited into an escrow fund under the Depository Escrow Agreement. As of June 30, 2020, the escrow fund had a balance of \$1,042,451. The City will request for disbursement for payments of costs incurred. Future payments allocated to governmental activities is as follows:

SNB Energy S For the Year Ending June 30,	Project Pure	chas	se Agreement Interest	:	Total
2021	\$ 18,087	\$	9,673	\$	27,760
2022	18,087		9,579		27,666
2023	18,498		9,166		27,664
2024	18,909		8,740		27,649
2025	19,320		8,309		27,629
2026 - 2030	103,590		34,687		138,277
2031 - 2035	116,333		22,231		138,564
2036 - 2040	 129,898	_	8,285	_	138,183
Total	\$ 442,722	\$_	110,670	\$	553,392

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities Amortization

Total Governmental Activities

IUlai	GUV	eriiiieiitai Ac	uvi	lies		
For the Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$	194,854	\$	82,835	\$	277,689
2022		205,457		73,846		279,303
2023		213,208		67,791		280,999
2024		220,247		52,723		272,970
2025		206,628		52,381		259,009
2026 - 2030		911,032		156,403		1,067,435
2031 - 2035		495,911		45,951		541,862
2036 - 2040	_	206,377		9,631	_	216,008
Total	\$_	2,653,714	\$_	541,561	\$_	3,195,275

A description of the long-term liabilities related to business-type activities at June 30, 2020 follows:

B. Business-type Activities

2013 Land Capital Lease

The City entered into a capital ground lease for the purpose of installation of Arsenic filtration equipment for Well 10. The lease has an option to purchase the property at the end of the lease. The capital lease has a 20-year term, beginning in January 2013 and expiring in January 2033. Annual principal payments of \$6,000 are made from water revenues. The land is included in capital assets at \$120,000. Future debt service payments are as follows:

2013 Land Capital Lease

	<u> </u>	na vapitai ze	-			
For the Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$	6,000	\$	_	\$	6,000
2022		6,000	·	_	•	6,000
2023		6,000		_		6,000
2024		6,000		_		6,000
2025		6,000		_		6,000
2026 - 2030		30,000		_		30,000
2031 - 2034		15,355		_		15,355
			_			
Total	\$	75,355	\$_	_	\$	75,355

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement

In December 2015, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement for the purpose of refunding its portion of the installment payments due under the 2000 Installment Purchase Agreement and Indenture related to the 2000 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds. The refunding provides a net savings of approximately \$181,000 with a net present value of approximately \$153,000 or 14.47% of the prior bonds being refunded. The refunding also lowers overall debt service by approximately \$12,431 per year from FY 2016 to FY 2029. The difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$29,265 has been recorded as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position and is being amortized over the life of the installment purchase agreement. The installment purchase agreement is secured by a pledge of net revenues from the Sewer Enterprise Fund. Installment payments of principal and interest are due annually on October 1 through October 1, 2029. Interest is charged at an effective interest rate of 3.010% per annum.

The City covenants that it shall prescribe, revise, and collect charges for the wastewater system, that after allowances for contingencies, produces revenues sufficient in each fiscal year to provide net revenues to at least 1.20 times (120%) the sum of (i) the 2015 Installment Payments becoming due and payable in such fiscal year, and (ii) all debt service. The City was in compliance with this coverage for the year ended June 30, 2020. Future debt service payments are as follows:

Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement								
For the Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 - 2030	\$	70,000 70,000 75,000 80,000 80,000 410,000	\$	23,629 21,522 19,415 17,308 1,505 38,678	\$	93,629 91,522 94,415 97,308 81,505 448,678		
Total	\$ <u></u>	785,000	\$_	122,057	\$	907,057		

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

Water Meter Installment Purchase Agreement

In July 2016, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement for the purpose of financing the acquisition and installation of consumer water meters in the amount of \$3,990,000. The installment purchase agreement is secured by a pledge of net revenues from the Water Enterprise Fund. Semi-annual installment payments of principal and interest are due each December 1 and June 1 through December 2031. Interest is charged at an effective interest rate of 2.43% per annum.

The City covenants that it shall prescribe, revise, and collect charges for the water system, that after allowances for contingencies, produces revenues sufficient in each fiscal year to provide net revenues to at least 1.20 times (120%) the sum of (i) the 2016 Installment Payments becoming due and payable in such fiscal year, and (ii) all debt service. The City was in compliance with this coverage for the year ended June 30, 2020. Future debt service payments are as follows:

Water Meter Installment Purchase Agreement								
For the Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 - 2030 2031 - 2034	\$	240,000 240,000 255,000 255,000 260,000 1,420,000 455,000	\$	74,480 68,648 62,755 56,558 50,301 151,754 11,117	\$	314,480 308,648 317,755 311,558 310,301 1,571,754 466,117		
Total	<u> </u>	3,125,000	\$_	475,613	\$	3,600,613		

Zion's Energy Loan

In April 2018, the City entered into a fixed-rate all property purchase agreement in the amount of \$2,077,404 for multiple locations of facility improvements concerning about energy conservation measures in the City. The facility improvements include installation of HVAC Systems, lighting, heat pumps, and other equipment and systems related to energy efficiency efforts. The lease has an effective interest rate of 3.58%. Thirty semi-annual payments are due each October and April through April 2033. The lease balance has been divided amongst governmental and business-type activities. The outstanding balance included in business-type activities as of June 30, 2020 was \$1,111,149 The lease purchase agreement is on a reimbursement basis. The loan proceeds of \$2,077,404 were originally deposited into an escrow fund under the Depository Escrow Agreement. As of June 30, 2020, all project funds have been expended. Future payments allocated to business-type activities is as follows:

	Zion Energy Loan								
For the Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total			
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 - 2030 2031 - 2034	\$	55,038 59,263 63,696 68,344 73,218 447,777 343,813	\$	39,291 37,283 35,122 32,801 30,311 107,719 22,061	\$	94,329 96,546 98,818 101,145 103,529 555,496 365,874			
Total	\$	1,111,149	\$_	304,588	\$	1,415,737			

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

Sterling National Bank Energy Savings Project Lease Purchase Agreement

In April 2020, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,077,000 for the second phase of multiple facility improvements concerning energy conservation measures in the City. The facility improvements include field lighting at Egbert Sports Field, upgrade of HVAC and lighting at library, and solar system at swimming pool and northwest wastewater treatment plant. The lease has an effective interest rate of 2.28%. Forty semi-annual payments are due each October and April through April 2040. The lease balance has been divided amongst governmental and business-type activities. The outstanding balance included in business-type activities as of June 30, 2020 was \$634,278. The lease purchase agreement is on a reimbursement basis. The loan proceeds of \$1,077,000 were originally deposited into an escrow fund under the Depository Escrow Agreement. As of June 30, 2020, the escrow fund had a balance of \$1,042,451. The City will request for disbursement for payments of costs incurred. Future payments allocated to business-type activities is as follows:

SNB Energy Savings Project Purchase Agreement For the Year **Ending June 30, Principal** Interest Total \$ 25,913 \$ 13,859 \$ 39,772 2021 2022 25,913 13,723 39,636 2023 26,502 13,132 39,634 2024 27,091 12,521 39,612 2025 11,904 39,583 27,679 2026 - 2030 148,410 49,696 198,106 2031 - 2035 166,667 31.850 198,517 2036 - 2040 186,103 11,870 197,973

KS Statebank Vactor Truck Loan

Total

In April 2018, the City entered into a vehicle and equipment financing agreement in the amount of \$308,739 for the purchase of one (1) vactor truck. Interest is charged at an effective rate of 3.95% per annum. Semi-annual payments are due each September and March through September 2024. Future payments are as follows:

634,278

158,555

792,833

Vactor Truck Loan					
For the Year Ending June 30,	F	rincipal		Interest	Total
2021	\$	58,140	\$	10,512	\$ 68,652
2022 2023		60,459 62,871		8,192 5,781	68,651 68,652
2024 2025		65,379 33,647	_	3,273 665	 68,652 34,312
Total	\$	280,496	\$_	28,423	\$ 308,919

JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

Total Business-Type Long-Term Liabilities Amortization

Total Business-Type Activities

Total Business-Type Activities						
For the Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$	455,091	\$	161,771	\$	616,862
2022		461,635		149,368		611,003
2023		489,069		136,205		625,274
2024		501,814		122,461		624,275
2025		480,544		94,686		575,230
2026 - 2030		2,456,187		347,847		2,804,034
2031 - 2035		980,835		65,028		1,045,863
2036 - 2040		186,103		11,870		197,973
Total	\$_	6,011,278	\$_	1,089,236	\$_	7,100,514

NOTE 7: SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT

Special assessment bonds have been issued pursuant to the provisions of the Improvement Bond Acts of 1915. The City is in no way liable for repayment of any bonds of the funds related to the Agency funds, according to bond counsel, but is acting only as an agent for the property owners/bond holders in collecting and forwarding the special assessments. Balances of the various assessment district bonds at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Community Facilities District No. 2004-1 (Northwest Wastewater Facility)	\$	3,225,000
Community Facilities District No. 2006-1		6,050,000
Reassessment District No. 2007-1R Refunding Bonds		386,800
Community Facilities District No. 2018-1 (Liberty Community)	_	11,895,000
Total Special Assessment Debt	\$	21 556 800

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors five rate plans (two miscellaneous and three safety). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 (age 52 for Miscellaneous Plan members if membership date is on or after January 1, 2013) with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Special Death Benefit (Safety only), the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous			
III o Boto	Classic	(PEPRA)		
Hire Date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or After January 1, 2013		
Benefit Formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62		
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service		
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life		
Retirement Age	50 and up	52 and up		
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible	1	•		
Compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% - 2.5%		
Required Employee Contribution Rates	7.000%	6.750%		
Required Employer Contribution Rates*	24.319%	7.086%		
	Sa	ıfety		
	Classic	(PEPRA)		
Hire Date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or After January 1, 2013		
		2-2/ 2		
Benefit Formula	2.0% @ 50	2.7% @ 57		
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service		
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life		
Retirement Age	50 and up	50 and up		
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible				
Compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	2.0% to 2.7%		
Required Employee Contribution Rates	9.000%	12.000%		
Required Employer Contribution Rates*	49.534%	13.311% (Fire)		
		13.452% (Police)		

^{*} The employer contribution rate includes the employer's normal cost rate and unfunded accrued liability.

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The City's contributions to the Plan for the year ending June 30, 2020 were \$755,033.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2020, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$6,368,691. Of this total, \$5,166,710 was reported in governmental activities and \$1,201,981 was reported in business-type activities.

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2019 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.06191%
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.06215%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00024%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,502,400. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	755,033	\$	-
Difference between actual contributions made by employer and the employer's proportionate share of the risk pool's total contribution Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Adjustment due to differences in proportions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	_	180,592 426,968 278,973 98,398	_	145,552 14,412 74,786 80,715 97,590
Total	\$	1,739,964	\$	413,055

\$755,033 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

_	Year Ended June 30,	
	2021	\$ 520,413
	2022	(35,612)
	2023	67,736
	2024	19,339

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2018 Measurement Date June 30, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.15% Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.15% net of pension plan investment expenses; includes

inflation

Mortality (1) Derived using CalPERS membership data for all funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.50% until purchasing power

protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies,

2.50% thereafter

(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries 90 percent scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Changes in Assumptions

For the measurement period June 30, 2020, there were no changes in assumptions.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent and reflects the long-term expected rate of return for the Plan net of investment expenses and without reduction for administrative expenses. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for public agency plans (including PERF C), the amortization and smoothing periods adopted by the Board in 2013 were used. For the Plan, the crossover test was performed for a miscellaneous agent plan and a safety agent plan selected as being more at risk of failing the crossover test and resulting in a discount rate that would be different from the long-term expected rate of return on pension investments. Based on the testing of the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for PERF C. The crossover test results can be found on CalPERS' website at https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/employers/actuarial-services/gasb.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set to equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 (a)	Real Return Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	(0.92%)

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	 0iscount Rate -1% (6.15%)	Current Discount Rate (7.15%)		Di	Discount Rate +1% (8.15%)	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,036,330	\$	6,368,691	\$	3,352,688	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

NOTE 9: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Description of the Plan

The City provides health care benefits for all retired employees based on retirement age of 50 for safety employees and 55 for all other employees. A retired full-time City employee is permitted to participate in the City health, dental, and vision programs provided the retiree pays his or her entire premium, less the employer mandatory contribution. In addition, retirees with 15 years of continuous service are eligible to receive one year of fully paid City health, dental and vision coverage. If the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare, these benefits are integrated with the Medicare plan. The City's Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the City who has the authority to establish and amend the Plan's benefit terms and financing requirements to the City Council. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4. There are no separate financial statements issued for the OPEB Plan.

NOTE 9: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2019 measurement date, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the Health Plan:

	Number of Covered Participants
Active employees Inactive employees, spouses, or beneficiaries	45
currently receiving benefit payments	17
Total	<u>62</u>

Contributions

The City makes contributions based on an actuarially determined rate. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City paid \$19,256 on behalf of retirees and the estimated implicit subsidy was \$15,397, for a total contribution of \$34,653. The City does not have a trust.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 based on the following assumptions:

•
Retiree pays difference between premiums and the PEMHCA minimum, unless the City is paying the entire premium.
3.13%
2.50%
CalPERS 1997-2011 experience study
2.75%. Additional merit based increases based on CalPERS merit salary increase table.6.50% in the first year, trending down to 3.84% over 57
years.
Based on CalPERS tables
Current retirees: assume current elections continue until decrement. Future retiree election assumptions: • Less than 15 service years: Service retirement: 60% Disability retirement 60% • 15 or more service years:

benefits.

Service retirement: 70%
Disability retirement: 70%
Assumed all covered spouses elect survivor spouse

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 9: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Changes in Assumptions

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2019, the discount rate changed from 3.62% to 3.13%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.13%. The City's OPEB plan is an unfunded plan, therefore the discount rate was set to the rate of tax-exempt, high-quality 20-year municipal bonds, as of the valuation date.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability for the health care plan are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at July 1, 2019	\$ 1,168,323
Changes recognized for the measurement period: Service cost Interest Assumption changes Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Implicit subsidy fulfilled	113,063 45,519 (82,557) - (18,370) (29,579)
Net changes	28,076
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ <u>1,196,399</u>

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for the measurement period ended July 1, 2019:

	Disc	Discount Rate -1% Current Discount R (2.13%) (3.13%)			Disc	ount Rate +1% (4.13%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,346,100	\$	\$ 1,196,399		1,071,469
Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liab	oility to Chan	ges in the Health (Care Cost Trend Rate			
	1% D	ecrease (5.50%)	Currer	nt Trend (6.50%)	1% Ir	ncrease (7.50%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,040,574	\$	1,196,399	\$	1,390,731

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30. 2020

NOTE 9: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$132,555. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB:

	D Ou <u>Re</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	34,653	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions		- 67,945		141,224 9,489
Total	\$ <u></u>	102,598	\$	150,713

\$34,653 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	-	
2021 2022 2023	\$	(10,631) (10,631) (10,631)
2024 2025		(10,631) (10,631)
Thereafter		(29,613)

NOTE 10: FUND BALANCE

The City of Rio Vista has established the following fund balance policies:

Committed Fund Balance: Only the City Council may have the authority to create or change a fund balance commitment through an adoption of resolution. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City Council taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned Fund Balance: Intent is expressed by the City Council or the City Manager to which the City Council has delegated authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

The accounting policies of the City consider restricted fund balance to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and unassigned amounts.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 10: FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2020, fund balances consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Capital Projects	Municipal Improvements	Non-Major Funds	Total
Nonspendable: Prepaids and Supplies Advances Total Nonspendable	\$ 31,123 888,055 919,178	· · <u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ - - -	\$ 31,123 888,055 919,178
Restricted: Economic Development Debt Service Streets and Capital Projects Community Development Public Safety Liberty Services District Total Restricted	- - - - -	300,622 - - 300,622	- - - - - - -	59,688 2,016 446,691 190,005 491,351 1,103,387 2,293,138	59,688 2,016 747,313 190,005 491,351 1,103,387 2,593,760
Committed: Vehicle Replacement		<u> </u>	=	174,897	174,897
Assigned: Transient Occupancy Tax Road Way Impact Municipal Improvement Hazardous Waste Landfill Closure Parks and Recreation Total Assigned	40,342	- - - -	6,621,646 - - - - 6,621,646	361,950 - 478,021 1,894,319 <u>875,253</u> 3,609,543	40,342 361,950 6,621,646 478,021 1,894,319 875,253 10,271,531
Unassigned	5,141,231	<u> </u>		(89,731)	5,051,500
Total	\$ <u>6,100,751</u>	\$ 300,622	\$ <u>6,621,646</u>	\$ <u>5,987,847</u>	\$ <u>19,010,866</u>

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT

Coverage

The City is a member of the Northern California Cities Self Insurance Fund (NCCSIF) along with twenty other northern California cities. The NCCSIF is a joint powers authority (JPA) organized in accordance with Article 1, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1 of the California Government Fund Programs. The purpose is to create a common pool of funds to be used to meet obligations of the parties to provide workers' compensation benefits for their employees and to provide excess liability insurance. The NCCSIF provides claims processing, administrative services, risk management services, and actuarial studies. A member from each city governs the NCCSIF. The City Council members do not have significant oversight responsibility, since they evenly share all factors of responsibility with the other cities. The City does not retain the risk of loss. However, ultimate liability for payment of claims and insurance premiums resides with member cities. The NCCSIF is empowered to make supplemental assessments as needed to eliminate deficit positions of member cities. If the JPA become insolvent, the City is responsible only to the extent of any deficiency in its equity balance.

The NCCSIF establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claims settlement expenses) that have been reported but not settled, plus estimates of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Because actual claims costs depend on various factors, the claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency, and other economic and social factors. A provision of inflation is implicit in the calculation of estimated future claims costs. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The City's insurance coverage for general liability includes claims up to \$40,000,000 and workers' compensation claims up to the statutory limit and up to \$5,000,000 for employer's liability. The limit for employment practices liability claims is up to \$10,000,000. The City has a self insured retention or deductible of \$50,000 per claim for general liability claims. The City's self-insured retention is \$100,000 for worker's compensation claims. Once the City's self-insured retention for claims is met, NCCSIF becomes responsible for payment of all claims up to the limit.

Financial statements for NCCSIF may be obtained from Alliant Insurances, 2180 Harvard Street, Suite 460, Sacramento, California 95815.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the fiscal year. Also, settlements have not exceeded the insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The City also has commercial policies which provide commercial property and airport liability coverage up to a maximum of \$35.5 million and \$5 million, respectively, per claim. The City has a deductible or uninsured liability of \$5,000 per claim for the commercial property coverage and no deductible for airport liability coverage.

NOTE 12: EXCESS EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following fund incurred expenditures and/or transfers in excess of appropriations in the following amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Fund	Fina	al Budget	Actual	\	/ariance
Streets Project	\$	81,723	\$ 81,848	\$	125

The excess expenditures were covered by available fund balance in the fund.

NOTE 13: DEFICIT FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

As of June 30, 2020, the following funds had a fund deficit:

ATOD Grant \$ 10,180 Storm Drain 8,409 Army Base Reuse 71,142	<u>Fund</u>			Deficit
	Storm Drain		\$	8,409

These deficits were a result of expenditures incurred in advance of receipt of revenue and will be eliminated through future revenues and expenditure reductions.

As of June 30, 2020, the following proprietary funds had a deficit unrestricted net position:

F	und	 Deficit
Airport Business Park	\$	\$ 926,289 1,356,166

Deficit unrestricted net position for the enterprise funds will be cured by future grant revenues and expenditure reductions.

NOTE 14: CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

Grant Awards

The City participates in certain Federal and State assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

Construction and Other Commitments

The City has signed agreements for \$3,696,859 in various construction projects that were not complete as of June 30, 2020. Construction completed and paid subsequent to June 30, 2020 on these projects was \$1,485,093.

Delta Rural Fire Protection District

The City entered into an amended contractual agreement to provide fire protection services to the Delta Rural Fire Protection District (the District). The agreement commenced on January 1, 2016 and is effective for 10 years ending December 31, 2025. If either party chooses to terminate the agreement prior to the term of the contract, parties must provide 12-months written notice to the other party. The agreement states that the District shall pay to the City the sum of property tax revenue equal to the amount received by the District from the Sacramento County Auditor-Controller for that fiscal year that is attributable to the District's service area; however, that annual payment amount will be at least \$100,000. The semi-annual payments shall be due on January 1 and June 1, of each year. In addition, 75% of the District's assessment proceeds will be used for capital equipment to support fire protection services. Any equipment purchased from those proceeds shall become the property of the City upon termination of the agreement.

Solano County Law Enforcement Contract

On September 30, 2019, the City entered into a Memorandum of Agreement with the Solano County Sheriff's Office to provide limited law enforcement services on a temporary basis to the City. In September, the Rio Vista Police Department found itself unable to properly staff the department shifts following a number of officer resignations and vacancies. The Solano County Sheriff's Office agreed to provide deputy sheriffs to assist in patrol duties until the City can maintain acceptable levels of staffing. The City will reimburse the Sheriff's Office at the rates of \$108.46 per hour for Deputy Sheriff and \$73.20 per shift for patrol vehicle. If either party chooses to terminate the agreement prior to the term of the contract, parties must provide 180 days written notice to the other party. Upon termination, the City shall pay all outstanding costs not in dispute incurred by the County under the agreement.

Worldwide Public Health Emergency - Coronavirus (COVID-19) Outbreak

The World Health Organization declared the worldwide coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak a public health emergency on January 30, 2020 and officially declared it a pandemic as of March 11, 2020. The City has performed an evaluation of certain financial statement line items such as accounts receivable, investments, notes payable, net pension liability, and other post employment benefit obligations to determine whether valuation of impairment adjustments should be made. The City has determined that the amounts reported on the financial statements are properly valued as of June 30, 2020. However, since the duration and full effects of the COVID-19 outbreak are yet unknown there could be future negative impacts to City's financial position that have yet to be determined.

NOTE 15: LANDFILL POST-CLOSURE COSTS

The City accounts for certain costs associated with its landfill in accordance with GASB Statement No. 18, Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost. Under Statement No. 18, the City is required to recognize a liability equal to the estimated total current cost of postclosure care for its landfill. Postclosure care of the City's landfill after its closure is mandated by state and federal laws and consists of various maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site. The City placed a final cover on its closed landfill site in 2002 and is performing maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. As of June 30, 2020, the City has accrued \$1,946,504 to cover the costs of these functions.

NOTE 16: GAS LEASE

The City leases the right to extract minerals to a natural gas supplier. The revenues from the gas royalties are contingent upon the sales amount of the gas extracted. The lease remains in force as long as there is gas available for production. Royalty payments for the fiscal year amounted to \$32,998.

NOTE 17: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

2020 Phase I Energy Lease Financing

On October 1, 2020, the City finalized and closed the refinancing of the Zion's Energy Loan and entered into a lease purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,944,352.46 with Sterling National Bank ("SNB"). The lease agreement with SNB has an interest rate of 2.07% in comparison with 3.58% before refinancing. The overall savings from the Phase I Energy Lease Refunding is estimated at \$159,181.78 with an average annual savings of \$12,244.74. Twenty-five semi-annual payments are due each October and April starting from April 2021 through April 2033.

Measure O Extension

On November 3, 2020, Rio Vista voters approved the extension of the existing Measure O, a three-quarters (0.75%) transactions and use tax which was previously approved by the voters in 2012 and extended in 2016, with 62.29% voter support. The revenues from Measure O are used to support continued operations of Rio Vista general services primarily for public safety. Collection will continue April 1, 2022, following the current extension expires on March 31, 2022, for a period of five (5) years.



GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2019 - 2020 Budgeted Amounts

	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes and assessments License, permits, and fees Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 5,183,577 1,026,339 19,056 147,154 1,900 370,807 27,395	\$ 5,461,827 852,945 19,056 147,154 4,632 370,807 206,306	\$ 5,275,420 756,095 19,882 204,867 6,460 335,389 240,987	\$ (186,407) (96,850) 826 57,713 1,828 (35,418) 34,681
Total Revenues	6,776,228	7,062,727	6,839,100	(223,627)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Current: General administration City council City Manager City administration City clerk Finance Information technology Non-departmental Transient occupancy tax	92,204 93,252 222,602 157,211 133,572 96,918	92,237 93,316 242,602 179,271 133,674 96,918	101,448 89,401 267,566 160,370 107,472 121,132 188 38,627	(9,211) 3,915 (24,964) 18,901 26,202 (24,214) (188)
Total General administration	830,759	876,645	886,204	(9,559)
Public safety Fire Police Total Public safety	1,894,457 2,839,679 4,734,136	1,921,919 2,825,882 4,747,801	2,093,738 2,704,004 4,797,742	(171,819) 121,878 (49,941)
Parks and recreation Recreation Recreation education Total Parks and recreation	33,195 20,000 53,195	33,195 20,000 53,195	14,773 6,880 21,653	18,422 13,120 31,542
Community development Building Planning General plan Code enforcement Economic development Total Community development	191,833 264,288 20,000 54,184 19,631 549,936	192,911 269,323 20,000 56,538 19,646 558,418	163,376 290,741 - 34,961 7,372 496,450	29,535 (21,418) 20,000 21,577 12,274 61,968

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2019 - 2020 Budgeted Amounts

	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Public works	40.740	40.700	40.000	2.540
City Hall building/grounds	46,748	46,782	43,263 87,397	3,519
Swimming pool Youth center	73,553 16,775	103,583 17,013	67,397 15,723	16,186 1,290
Corporation yard	79,777	71,780	72,827	(1,047)
Senior center	21,486	21,927	21,624	303
Parks	108,737	154,189	123,934	30,255
Streets	106,737	106,264	125,954	(18,796)
Public works administration	92,706	105,001	105,251	(250)
Library	58,543	58,547	11,470	47,077
Total Public works	604,555	685,086	606,549	78,537
Total Labile Works		000,000	000,010	10,001
Capital outlay	50,000	82,000	9,157	72,843
Debt service:	,	,,,,,,	,	,
Principal	38,145	38,145	38,145	-
Interest and fiscal charges	30,772	30,772	30,772	-
·				
Total Expenditures	6,891,498	7,072,062	6,886,672	185,390
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(115,270</u>)	(9,335)	(47,572)	(38,237)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	040.054	040.054	400.047	(400 007)
Transfers in Transfers out	243,254	243,254	103,917	(139,337)
Transiers out	(43,667)	(160,128)		<u>160,128</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	199,587	83,126	103,917	20,791
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>84,317</u>	\$ <u>73,791</u>	56,345	\$ <u>(17,446</u>)
Fund balance - July 1, 2019			6,044,406	
Fund balance - June 30, 2020			\$ <u>6,100,751</u>	

CITY OF RIO VISTA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Budgetary Control and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. <u>Budget Process</u> The City of Rio Vista operates on a fiscal year basis that begins on July 1 of each year and ends the following year on June 30. The City Manager's Office and Finance Department manage the budget process, with support from each of the operating departments. The preparation of the budget takes place between March and June, culminating with the adoption of an annual budget by the City.
- 2. <u>Budget Guidelines</u> The operating budget is adopted no later than June 30th for the ensuing fiscal year. Every six months after the adoption of the budget, the City Council formally reviews the City's fiscal condition and amends appropriation as needed. The City Council may, by majority votes, amend or supplement the budget any time after its adoption.
- 3. <u>Council Approval</u> After submission of the budget by the City Manager, the City shall hold an open budget study session to the City Council and the Public. During the open budget study session, City staff will address City Council and the Public's concerns and questions. If needed, additional budget study session will be held in the following week after the first open budget study session.
 - After the budget study session, the Council may revise the budget in any manner if necessary and shall adopt a budget by resolution for the ensuing fiscal year no later than the last day of the current fiscal year. If it fails to adopt the budget by this date, the amounts appropriated for current operation for the current fiscal year shall be adopted for the ensuing fiscal year on a month-to-month basis, with all items in it prorated accordingly, until the Council adopts a budget for the ensuing fiscal year. Adoption of the budget shall constitute appropriations of the amounts specified therein as expenditures from the funds indicated and shall constitute a levy of the property tax therein proposed.
- 4. Legal level of budgetary control Budget control is established at the following levels: a) General Fund Department Level, b) Other Funds Fund level, and c) Capital Projects Department level. At any time during the fiscal year, the City Manager may transfer part (or all) of any unencumbered appropriation balance among programs within a department or fund up to \$29,500. Also, upon written request by the City Manager, the Council may transfer by resolution part (or all) of any unencumbered appropriation balance between department or fund for adjustments over \$29,500. In the same manner, the City Manager may also appropriate available funds not included in the budget.
- 5. <u>Budgetary basis of accounting</u> Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governmental funds. The General Fund, Capital Project Funds, Debt Service Fund, and Special Revenues Funds are structured in this category.

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Prepared for the City's Miscellaneous and Safety Plan, Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan As of June 30, 2020 Last 10 Years *

	Measurement Period										
		2019	_	2018		2017		2016	2015		2014
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.06215 %		0.06191 %		0.06282 %		0.06459 %	0.06617 %		0.07212 %
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	6,368,691	\$	5,965,906	\$	6,229,988	\$	5,588,692	\$ 4,542,224	\$	4,512,022
Covered payroll	\$	3,652,693	\$	3,437,547	\$	3,214,867	\$	3,017,116	\$ 2,773,550	\$	2,037,002
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		174.36 %		173.55 %		193.79 %		185.23 %	163.77 %		221.50 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.30 %		75.30 %		73.30 %		74.06 %	78.40 %		79.82 %

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in assumptions

For the measurement period June 30, 2018, the CalPERS Board adopted new mortality assumptions for plan participants participating in the PERF. The new mortality table was developed from the December 2017 experience study and includes 15 years of projected ongoing mortality improvement using 90 percent of scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. The inflation assumption is reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent. The assumptions for individual salary increases and overall payroll growth are reduced from 3.00 percent to 2.75 percent.

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2017, the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, the discount rate remained at 7.65 percent. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.50 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expenses). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.50 percent discount rate.

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN Prepared for the City's Miscellaneous and Safety Plan, Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan As of June 30, 2020 Last 10 Years *

Fiscal Year-End 2020 2019 2017 2016 2015 2018 Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) 755,033 \$ 764,291 \$ 773,902 \$ \$ 876,512 \$ 722,340 \$ 678,478 Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions 755,033 876,512 764,291 773,902 773,902 678,478 Contribution deficiency (excess) (51,562) \$ Covered payroll \$ 3,406,715 \$ 3,652,693 \$ 3,437,547 \$ 3,214,867 \$ 3,017,116 \$ 2,773,550 Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 24.00 % 22.23 % 22.16 % 24.07 % 25.65 % 24.46 %

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS As of June 30, 2020 Last 10 Years *

	Measurement Period					
	2019			2018		2017
Changes in the Total OPEB Liability Service Cost Interest Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions Differences between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions Implicit subsidy fulfilled	\$	113,063 45,519 (18,370) (159,101) 76,544 (29,579)	\$	111,897 40,220 (16,474) - (12,194) (25,536)	\$	108,769 36,869 (14,979) - - (24,672)
Net Changes		28,076	_	97,913	_	105,987
Total OPEB Liability (beginning of year)		1,168,323		1,070,410		964,423
Total OPEB Liability (end of year)	\$	1,196,399	\$	1,168,323	\$_	1,070,410
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		- %		- %		- %
Covered employee payroll	\$	2,805,471	\$	2,730,385	\$	2,654,951
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		43 %		43 %		40 %

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in assumptions

For the measurement period June 30, 2019, the discount rate changed from 3.62% to 3.13%. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2018, the discount rate changed from 3.50% to 3.62%; inflation changed from 2.75% to 2.50%, and salary increases changed from 2.875% to 2.75%

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE OPEB PLAN As of June 30, 2020 Last 10 Years *

	Fiscal Year						
	_	2020		2019		2018	
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) Contributions in relation to the ADC	\$	34,653 34,653	\$_	47,949 47,949	\$	42,010 42,010	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u></u>		\$_	_	\$_	_	
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	2,920,603	\$	2,805,471	\$	2,730,385	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		1 %		2 %		2 %	

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.



CAPITAL PROJECTS - MAJOR FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES **BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2019 - 2020 **Budgeted Amounts**

	Budgeted	d Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$ - 1,719,330	\$ - 1,759,330	\$ 1,253 2,500	\$ 1,253 _(1,756,830)
Total Revenues	1,719,330	1,759,330	3,753	(1,755,577)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay Debt Service:	2,757,630	3,093,170	1,164,399	1,928,771
Interest	-		14,293	(14,293)
Total Expenditures	2,757,630	3,093,170	1,178,692	1,914,478
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,038,300)	(1,333,840)	(1,174,939)	158,901
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from long-term debt Payments to loan escrow agent Transfers in	1,038,300	- - 1,333,840	541,913 (103,759) <u>686,457</u>	541,913 (103,759) <u>(647,383</u>)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,038,300	1,333,840	1,124,611	(209,229)
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	(50,328)	\$(50,328)
Fund balance - July 1, 2019			350,950	
Fund balance - June 30, 2020			\$ 300,622	

MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS - MAJOR FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES **BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2019 - 2020 **Budgeted Amounts**

	Budgeted	d Amounts	-	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
License, permits, and fees Use of money and property	\$ 405,764 65,000	\$ 405,764 65,000	\$ 262,493 87,400	\$ (143,271) 22,400
Total Revenues	470,764	470,764	349,893	(120,871)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>				
Current:				
Total Expenditures	-		-	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	470,764	470,764	349,893	(120,871)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in Transfers out	117,175 <u>(1,726,144</u>)	117,175 (1,986,685)	(106,678)	(117,175)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,608,969)	(1,869,510)	(106,678)	1,762,832
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>(1,138,205</u>)	\$ <u>(1,398,746</u>)	243,215	\$ <u>1,641,961</u>
Fund balance - July 1, 2019			6,378,431	
Fund balance - June 30, 2020			\$6,621,646	

COMBINING FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The following funds are reported in total on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements under the column Other Governmental Funds.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Law Enforcement

This fund was created to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the funding of one Police Officer and one Community Services Officer. The revenue from the grant and the actual expenditures incurred are tracked in the fund.

Asset Forfeiture

Under authority of CA Health and Safety Code Section 11489, this fund accounts for funds turned over to the City by the courts for money and property seized because of drug arrests. These funds are also used to assist in drug sting operations to arrest drug dealers.

ATOD Grant

Alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs (ATOD) is a program offered by the City and County of Solano to provide educational programs to both the youth and adults within the community. The City is responsible for providing the agreed upon programs and completing the reporting requirements to the County on the progress of the program in achieving the program goals.

Gas Tax

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the maintenance and improvements of the City's roads and street landscaping that is funded through the receipt of the City's share of the gas tax.

CDBG Housing Rehabilitation

This fund is used to provide and meet the capital needs of businesses located throughout the City. The intent of the program is to provide appropriate assistance to businesses with the potential to increase the overall economic base of the City. In addition, this fund accounts for loans to residents for housing rehabilitation. The loans were offered as second mortgages and were to be paid off upon sale or transfer of the home.

Streets Projects

This fund was created to account for the Exchange Funding Agreement with the City of Vacaville, and to be used for the repair and maintenance of local streets and roads. Vacaville agreed to reimburse the City with other less restrictive local transportation funding in exchange for the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) stimulus funds which was awarded to the City.

Personnel Services District

This fund is used to account for the services portion of CFD 2006-1 which will be used to fund public safety.

Liberty Services District

This fund was created for the purpose of maintaining records for the list of authorized services specified in Exhibit C under Resolution No. 2018-010 for Liberty Community - CFD No. 2018-1. The special tax will be used on the maintenance and operation services in the District.

Developers Revolving

This fund is used to hold advance deposits and reimbursements received from the developers and to draw down from those funds as the City pays expenditures on behalf of the developers. Prior to approval of their tentative maps, the City receives an administrative fee for providing this management service to developers.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

<u>Vehicle Replacement</u> - This fund was created to account for the vehicle fees received from the State of California for the use of the City's fire vehicles when responding to service calls from the Office of Emergency Services Strike Team. The City acts as a pass-through agent receiving wage revenue from the State and paying the revenue out to Strike team members.

Storm Drain

This fund is used to collect a fee from each water customer and is set aside to pay for future maintenance, repair, or replacement of the City's storm drain system. The fee is collected in the monthly utility billings.

Roadway Impact

This fund is used to collect fees paid by developers of construction projects to be used to offset the impact of development on the City's local streets. The fee is collected as part of the building permit process and is accumulated in this fund for use as needed for capital roadway projects.

Hazardous Waste

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures incurred from offering hazardous waste disposal programs. The City collects revenues through customer's sanitation bills to provide for special collections events such as the HHW event to collect household hazardous waste.

Landfill Closure

The City collects a franchise fee from the local sanitation agency. This fee is set aside in this fund to help offset the current and future cost of maintaining the landfill. In addition, the City is required to hold in reserve an amount sufficient to cover any costs due to contamination of the ground water in and around the landfill.

Army Base Reuse

The City is currently working with the Department of Water Resources to finance and construct a field operation laboratory/science center on the former Army base site. The \$20 million plus project is currently planned as a reuse of 12 to 14 acres of the former 28-acre army base at the south end of the City.

Parks and Recreation

This fund is used to collect fees paid by developers of construction of projects to be used to help fund future capital park and recreation facilities. This fee, collected through the building permit process, ensures that the City's facilities will stay proportionate to their population.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Firehouse Bonds

The 1977 Firehouse General Obligation Bonds have been paid off as of August 1st, 2017. This fund will be closed as soon as the prior period adjustments for this voter debt are corrected and cleared payments.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2020

						Special Rev	enu/	e Funds				
	<u>Er</u>	Law nforcement	Asse	Asset Forfeiture		ATOD Grant		Gas Tax	CDBG Housing Rehabilitation		Stree	et Projects
ASSETS	•	445.005	•	4.700	•		•	440.000	•	100.005	Φ.	
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$	115,885	\$	4,728	\$	22,967	\$	442,926 24,904	\$	189,695	\$	-
Interest receivable		51		3		-		801		310		21
Notes receivable		-		-		-		-		75,000		-
Advances to other funds		115,936	\$	4,731	\$	22,967	φ-	468,631	_	265,005	\$	- 21
Total Assets	Ψ	113,930	Ψ	4,731	Ψ_	22,907	Ψ_	400,031	Ψ	203,003	Ψ	21
LIABILITIES:												
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	-	\$	_	\$	12,200	\$	19,560	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued payroll and benefits		-		3,457		329		2,380		-		-
Deposits payable Due to other funds		-		-		20,618		-		-		- 21
Advances from other funds		-		-		20,010		_		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		3,457		33,147	_	21,940		-		21
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Deferred inflow of resources	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		75,000		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):												
Restricted		115,936		1,274		-		446,691		190,005		-
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned Unassigned		-		-		(10,180)		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		115,936		1,274	_	(10,180)		446,691		190,005		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	115,936	\$	4,731	\$_	22,967	\$_	468,631	\$	265,005	\$	21

CITY OF RIO VISTA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS (continued) JUNE 30, 2020

		Sp	ecia	I Revenue Fu	ınd	s	Capital Project Funds						
		Personnel Services District	Lib	erty Services District		Developers Revolving	Vehicle Replaceme					Roadway Impact	
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Notes receivable Advances to other funds	\$	452,925 - 392 - - 453,317	\$	1,104,822 - 280 - - - 1,105,102	\$	5,173 25 -	\$	185,304 - 365 - - 185,669	\$	99,190 5 - 99,195	\$ _ \$	361,533 - 417 - - - 361,950	
Total Assets	Ψ_	433,317	Ψ=	1,103,102	Ψ	01,020	Ψ_	105,009	Ψ_	99,193	Ψ_	301,930	
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and benefits Deposits payable Due to other funds Advances from other funds Total Liabilities	\$	74,316 4,860 - - - - 79,176	\$	1,715 - - - 1,715	\$	1,932 - - - - - 1,932	\$	10,772 - - - - - 10,772	\$	1,472 63 - 11,890 - 13,425	\$	- - - - -	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow of resources	_	_	_				_		_	94,17 <u>9</u>	_		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	=	374,141 - - - 374,141	_	1,103,387 - - - - 1,103,387		59,688 - - - - 59,688	_	174,897 - 174,897	-	- - - (8,409) (8,409)	<u>-</u>	361,950 - 361,950	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$_	453,317	\$_	1,105,102	\$	61,620	\$_	185,669	\$_	99,195	\$_	361,950	

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS (continued) JUNE 30, 2020

				Capital Pro	ojec	ct Funds			D	ebt Service]		
	<u> </u>	lazardous Waste	La	ndfill Closure		Army Base Reuse		Parks and Recreation		Firehouse Bonds		tal Non-major overnmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Notes receivable Advances to other funds Total Assets	\$ \$ <u></u>	450,889 58,946 555 - - 510,390	\$ \$	1,802,803 89,952 2,193 - - - 1,894,948	\$ \$_	14,916 1,380 47 - - 16,343	\$	940,459 - 689 - 25,000 966,148	\$ \$_	2,014 - 2 - - 2,016	\$ \$	6,125,321 302,512 6,156 75,000 25,000 6,533,989	
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and benefits Deposits payable Due to other funds Advances from other funds Total Liabilities	\$ 	11 558 - - - 569	\$	8 621 - - - 629	\$	3 82 1,000 - 86,400 87,485	\$	90,895 - - 90,895	\$	- - - - -	\$ 	120,274 14,065 91,895 32,529 86,400 345,163	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow of resources	_	31,800	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	200,979	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	478,021 478,021	_	1,894,319 - 1,894,319	-	- - (71,14 <u>2</u>) (71,14 <u>2</u>)	-	875,253 - 875,253	<u>-</u>	2,016 - - - 2,016	_	2,293,138 174,897 3,609,543 (89,731) 5,987,847	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ <u></u>	510,390	\$ <u></u>	1,894,948	\$_	16,343	\$_	966,148	\$ <u>_</u>	2,016	\$ <u></u>	6,533,989	

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Special Rev	venue Funds		
	Law Enforcement	Asset Forfeiture	ATOD Grant	Gas Tax	CDBG Housing Rehabilitation	Street Projects
REVENUES Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 385,317	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits, and fees	Ψ -	Ψ - -	Ψ - -	ψ 303,31 <i>1</i>	Ψ -	Ψ - -
Use of money and property	1,473	44	-	6,773	2,547	125
Intergovernmental	155,948	-	48,463	-	-	79,998
Other revenue Total Revenues	157,421	44	48,463	392,090	2,547	80,123
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public safety	102,160	_	_	_	_	_
Parks and recreation	59,604	-	58,277	-	-	-
Development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	232,422	-	-
Capital outlay Debt service:	10,915	-	-	15,068	-	-
Principal	_	_	_	2,423	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	_	2, 120	_	-
Total Expenditures	172,679		58,277	249,913		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over						
Expenditures	(15,258)	44	(9,814)	142,177	2,547	80,123
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	22,366	-	<u>-</u>
Transfers out				(40,085)		(81,848)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		<u>(17,719</u>)		(81,848)
Net change in fund balances	(15,258)	44	(9,814)	124,458	2,547	(1,725)
Fund balances (deficits) - July 1, 2019	131,194	1,230	(366)	322,233	187,458	1,725
Fund balances (deficits) - June 30, 2020	\$ <u>115,936</u>	\$ <u>1,274</u>	\$ (10,180)	\$ <u>446,691</u>	\$ <u>190,005</u>	\$ <u> </u>

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Spe	ecial R	evenue Fu	nds	3	Capital Project Funds						
	Person Servic Distric	es		ty Services District		Developers Revolving	Vehicle Replacement		Sto	orm Drain	F	Roadway Impact	
REVENUES Taxes and assessments Licenses, permits, and fees Use of money and property Intergovernmental Other revenue Total Revenues		4,352 - 5,755 - - 0,107	\$	595,228 - 8,748 - - 603,976	\$	- 491 - - 491	\$	2,596 - 49,194 51,790	\$	28,869 92 46,227 - 75,188	\$	75,771 4,370 - - 80,141	
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Parks and recreation Development	670	0,472		6,744		- - 4,327		- -		- -		-	
Public works Capital outlay Debt service:		- 1,233		74,693 -		4,32 <i>1</i> - -		104,043		99,719 -		299 -	
Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures		0,605 <u>2,449</u> 4,759		81,437	-	4,327		90,887 37,136 232,066	_	99,719	_	299	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	6	5,34 <u>8</u>		522,539	_	(3,836)		(180,276)		(24,531)		79,842	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		- 9 <u>,043</u>) 9 <u>,043</u>)		- - -	_	- - -		164,043 - 164,043	_	- 		- 	
Net change in fund balances	(73	3,695)		522,539		(3,836)		(16,233)		(24,531)		79,842	
Fund balances (deficits) - July 1, 2019	447	7,836		580,848	_	63,524		191,130		16,122	_	282,108	
Fund balances (deficits) - June 30, 2020	\$ 374	4,141	\$	1,103,387	\$_	59,688	\$	174,897	\$	(8,409)	\$	361,950	

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (continued)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Capital Pr	oje	ct Funds			De	ebt Service	J	
	Hazardous Waste		Landfill Closure			Army Base Reuse		Parks and Recreation		Firehouse Bonds		Total Non-major overnmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes and assessments Licenses, permits, and fees Use of money and property Intergovernmental Other revenue Total Revenues		7,104 6,317 5,000 	\$	381,525 23,628 - - 405,153	\$	- 897 - 15,080 15,977	\$	117,844 15,173 - - 133,017	\$ 	28 - 11 - - 39	\$	1,814,925 711,113 79,040 335,636 64,274 3,004,988
EXPENDITURES Current:												
Public safety Parks and recreation		-		-				-		-		772,632 124,625
Development Public works Capital outlay	70	- 0,556 -		64,324 -		9,586 - -		7,822 -		- -		13,913 549,835 211,259
Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures	7/	- - 0,556		- - 64,324		- - 9,586		- - 7,822	_	- -	_	113,915 39,585 1,825,764
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		7,865		340,829	•	6,391		125,195		39		1,179,224
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	4	,003		340,629	•	0,591		123,193			_	1,179,224
Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		- 	_	- - -		- - -		- (268,918) (268,918)	_	- 	_	186,409 (529,894) (343,485)
Net change in fund balances	47	7,865		340,829		6,391		(143,723)		39		835,739
Fund balances (deficits) - July 1, 2019	430	<u>),156</u>		1,553,490		(77,533)		1,018,976		1,977	_	5,152,108
Fund balances (deficits) - June 30, 2020	\$ 478	3,021	\$	1,894,319	\$	(71,142)	\$	875,253	\$	2,016	\$_	5,987,847

LAW ENFORCEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2019 - 2020 Budgeted Amounts

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts	_			
		Original		Final		Actual Imounts	w I	ariance ith Final Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES								
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	1,000 100,000	\$	1,000 100,000	\$	1,473 155,948	\$	473 55,948
Total Revenues	_	101,000		101,000		157,421		56,421
EXPENDITURES								
Current: Public safety Parks and recreation Capital Outlay		156,681 - 16,000	_	156,681 - 16,000	_	102,160 59,604 10,915		54,521 (59,604) 5,085
Total Expenditures	_	172,681	_	172,681		172,679		2
Net change in fund balance	\$	(71,681)	\$	(71,681)	_	(15,258)	\$	56,423
Fund balance - July 1, 2019						131,194		
Fund balance - June 30, 2020					\$	115,936		

ASSET FORFEITURE FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2019 - 2020

		ed Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Use of money and property	\$ <u>30</u>	30	\$44	\$ <u>14</u>
Total Revenues	30	30	44	14
EXPENDITURES				
Total Expenditures		<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>30</u>	30	44	\$ <u>14</u>
Fund balance - July 1, 2019			1,230	
Fund balance - June 30, 2020			\$ <u>1,274</u>	

ATOD GRANT - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2019 - 2020 Budgeted Amounts

		Budgeted	d Am	ounts	-		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
<u>REVENUES</u>		Original		Final		Actual mounts			
Use of money and property Grants	\$	37 63,707	\$	37 63,707	\$	- 48,463	\$	(37) (15,244)	
Total Revenues		63,744	_	63,744		48,463	_	(15,281)	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>									
Current: Parks and recreation		63,555	_	63,379		58,277		5,102	
Total Expenditures		63,555	_	63,379		58,277	_	5,102	
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u></u>	189	\$	365	_	(9,814)	\$	(10,179)	
Fund balance (deficit) - July 1, 2019						(366)			
Fund balance (deficit) - June 30, 2020					\$	(10,180)			

GAS TAX - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original	_	Final		Actual Amounts	W F	ariance ith Final Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES								
Taxes and assessments Use of money and property	\$	399,966 6,000	\$	419,794 6,000	\$	385,317 6,773	\$	(34,477) 773
Total Revenues	_	405,966	_	425,794	_	392,090	_	(33,704)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Current: Capital Outlay Public works Debt service:		203,876 272,197		212,876 272,280		15,068 232,422		197,808 39,858
Principal	_	2,423	-	2,423	_	2,423	_	
Total Expenditures	_	478,496	_	487,579	_	249,913		237,666
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(72,530)	_	(61,785)	_	142,177	_	203,962
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in Transfers out	_	47,369 (155,000)	_	30,823 (155,000)		22,366 (40,085)	_	(8,457) 114,915
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(107,631)	_	(124,177)		(17,719)		106,458
Net change in fund balance	\$_	(180,161)	\$_	(185,962)	_	124,458	\$	310,420
Fund balance - July 1, 2019					_	322,233		
Fund balance - June 30, 2020					\$	446,691		

CDBG HOUSING REHABILITATION - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2019 - 2020

		- 2020 Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Use of money and property	\$ 2,200	\$2,200	\$	\$347
Total Revenues	2,200	2,200	2,547	347
EXPENDITURES				
Total Expenditures				
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>2,200</u>	\$ 2,200	2,547	\$347
Fund balance - July 1, 2019			187,458	
Fund balance - June 30, 2020			\$ <u>190,005</u>	

STREET PROJECTS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts							
DEVENUES		riginal		Final		Actual mounts	wi E P	ariance th Final Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	125 79,998	\$	125 79,998
Total Revenues		-	_	<u>-</u>		80,123		80,123
EXPENDITURES								
Total Expenditures		<u>-</u>	_	_	_	<u>-</u>		<u>=</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	_	_	<u>-</u>		80,123		80,123
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(98,269)	_	(81,723)	_	(81,848)		(125)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(98,269)		(81,723)		(81,848)		<u>(125</u>)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(98,269)	\$	(81,723)	_	(1,725)	\$	79,998
Fund balance - July 1, 2019						1,725		
Fund balance - June 30, 2020					\$			

PERSONNEL SERVICES DISTRICT - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgete	d Amounts	_		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Taxes and assessments Use of money and property	\$ 765,468 1,450		\$ 834,352 5,755	\$ - 4,305	
Total Revenues	766,918	835,802	840,107	4,305	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current: Public safety Fire Police Total Public safety	341,414 309,135 650,549	299,252	376,986 293,486 670,472	(469) 5,766 5,297	
Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	110,000 20,605 2,449	20,605	81,233 20,605 2,449	28,767 - 	
Total Expenditures	783,603	808,823	774,759	34,064	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(16,685) 26,979	65,348	38,369	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in Transfers out	(148,000	(148,000)	(139,043)	 	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(148,000) (148,000)	(139,043)	8,957	
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>(164,685</u>) \$ <u>(121,021</u>)	(73,695)	\$ <u>47,326</u>	
Fund balance - July 1, 2019			447,836		
Fund balance - June 30, 2020			\$ <u>374,141</u>		

LIBERTY SERVICES DISTRICT - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES **BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u> </u>							
	Original			Actual Final Amount				Variance vith Final Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Taxes and assessments Use of money and property	\$	578,674 1,000	\$	595,227 2,500	\$_	595,228 8,748	\$ _	1 6,248
Total Revenues	_	579,674		597,727	_	603,976	_	6,249
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Parks and recreation		100,000		100,000		6,744		93,256
Public ways and facilities		78,743	_	81,043	_	74,693	_	6,350
Total Expenditures		178,743	_	181,043	_	81,437	_	99,606
Net change in fund balance	\$	400,931	\$	416,684	_	522,539	\$	105,855
Fund balance - July 1, 2019					_	580,848		
Fund balance - June 30, 2020					\$_	1,103,387		

DEVELOPERS REVOLVING - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted	A m	ounts				
	 Original		Final	_	Actual mounts	wi E P	ariance th Final Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES							
Use of money and property	\$ 700	\$	700	\$	491	\$	(209)
Total Revenues	 700		700		491		(209)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Community development	 63,500		63,500		4,327		59,173
Total Expenditures	 63,500	_	63,500		4,327		59,173
Net change in fund balance	\$ (62,800)	\$	(62,800)		(3,836)	\$	58,964
Fund balance - July 1, 2019					63,524		
Fund balance - June 30, 2020				\$	59,688		

VEHICLE REPLACEMENT - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgete	d Amounts	=		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Use of money and property Other revenues	\$ 3,000 65,000	. ,	\$ 2,596 49,194	\$ (404) (15,806)	
Total Revenues	68,000	68,000	51,790	(16,210)	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Capital outlay Debt service:	113,000	113,000	104,043	8,957	
Principal	90,887		90,887	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>37,136</u>	<u>37,136</u>	<u>37,136</u>	-	
Total Expenditures	241,023	241,023	232,066	8,957	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(173,023) (173,023)	(180,276)	(7,253)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	173,000	173,000	164,043	(8,957)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	173,000	173,000	164,043	(8,957)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (23) \$(23)	(16,233)	\$ <u>(16,210</u>)	
Fund balance - July 1, 2019			191,130		
Fund balance - June 30, 2020			\$ <u>174,897</u>		

STORM DRAIN - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts							
REVENUES		Original		Final	-	Actual mounts	wi E P	ariance ith Final Budget 'ositive egative)
License, permits, and fees Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	28,000 34 99,691	\$	28,000 34 99,691	\$	28,869 92 46,227	\$	869 58 (53,464)
Total Revenues		127,725	_	127,725		75,188		(52,537)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public works		126,304		135,151		99,719		35,432
Tatal Famous diagnos								
Total Expenditures		126,304		<u>135,151</u>		99,719		35,432
Net change in fund balance	\$	1,421	\$	(7,426)		(24,531)	\$	(17,105)
Fund balance - July 1, 2019					_	16,122		
Fund balance (deficit) - June 30, 2020					\$	(8,409)		

ROADWAY IMPACT - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Budgeted	d Am	ounts	_			
REVENUES	Original			Final		Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
License, permits, and fees Use of money and property	\$	18,000 2,500	\$	649,232 2,500	\$	75,771 4,370	\$	(573,461) 1,870
Total Revenues		20,500	_	651,732		80,141		<u>(571,591</u>)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Current: Public works				400,000		299		399,701
Total Expenditures		<u>-</u>	_	400,000		299		399,701
Net change in fund balance	\$	20,500	\$	251,732		79,842	\$	<u>(171,890</u>)
Fund balance - July 1, 2019						282,108		
Fund balance - June 30, 2020					\$	361,950		

HAZARDOUS WASTE - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts	_			
REVENUES		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	wi E P	ariance ith Final Budget ositive egative)
License, permits, and fees Use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$	100,000 5,500	\$ 	100,000 5,500 55,000	\$ 	107,104 6,317 5,000	\$	7,104 817 (50,000)
Total Revenues		105,500		160,500	_	118,421		(42,079)
EXPENDITURES								
Current: Public works	_	90,163		142,968	_	70,556	_	72,412
Total Expenditures	_	90,163		142,968	_	70,556	_	72,412
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u></u>	15,337	\$	17,532	_	47,865	\$	30,333
Fund balance - July 1, 2019					_	430,156		
Fund balance - June 30, 2020					\$	478,021		

LANDFILL CLOSURE - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted	l Amounts	_	
<u>REVENUES</u>	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
License, permits, and fees Use of money and property	\$ 300,000 17,000	\$ 300,000 17,000	\$ 381,525 23,628	\$ 81,525 6,628
Total Revenues	<u>317,000</u>	317,000	405,153	88,153
EXPENDITURES				
Current: Public works	85,240	86,649	64,324	22,325
Total Expenditures	85,240	86,649	64,324	22,325
Net change in fund balance	\$ 231,760	\$ 230,351	340,829	\$ 110,478
Fund balance - July 1, 2019			1,553,490	
Fund balance - June 30, 2020			\$ <u>1,894,319</u>	

ARMY BASE REUSE - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual mounts	wi E P	ariance th Final Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Use of money and property Other revenues	\$	400 12,500	\$ _	400 12,500	\$	897 15,080	\$	497 2,580
Total Revenues		12,900	_	12,900		15,977		3,077
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Current: Community Development		12,848	_	12,848		9,586		3,262
Total Expenditures	_	12,848	_	12,848		9,586		3,262
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	52	_	52		6,391		6,339
TRANSFERS								
Transfers out	_	(89,337)	_	(89,337)	_			89,337
Net change in fund balance	\$	(89,285)	\$_	(89,285)		6,391	\$	95,676
Fund balance (deficit) - July 1, 2019						(77,533)		
Fund balance (deficit) - June 30, 2020					\$	(71,142)		

PARKS AND RECREATION - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Budgeted	l Ar	nounts				
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	wi E	ariance th Final Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								
License, permits, and fees Use of money and property	\$ 	126,585 7,150	\$_	126,585 7,150	\$	117,844 15,173	\$ 	(8,741) 8,023
Total Revenues	_	133,735	_	133,735	_	133,017		<u>(718</u>)
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>								
Current: Public works		<u>-</u>	_		_	7,822		(7,822)
Total Expenditures	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u> </u>	_	7,822	_	(7,822)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		133,735	_	133,735	_	125,195		(8,540)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in Transfers out	_	5,170 (334,628)	_	5,170 (334,628)	_	- (268,918)		(5,170) 65,710
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(329,458)	_	(329,458)	_	(268,918)		60,540
Net change in fund balance	\$	(195,723)	\$_	(195,723)	_	(143,723)	\$	52,000
Fund balance - July 1, 2019					_	1,018,976		
Fund balance - June 30, 2020					\$	875,253		

FIREHOUSE BONDS - CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amounts	_	
	Original*	Final*	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes and assessments Use of money and property	\$ <u> </u>	\$ - -	\$ 28 11	\$ 28 11
Total Revenues			39	39
EXPENDITURES				
Total Expenditures		<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u> </u>	\$	39	\$ 39
Fund balance - July 1, 2019			1,977	
Fund balance - June 30, 2020			\$ 2,016	

^{*}The City did not adopt a budget for the Firehouse bonds fund as of June 30, 2020.

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are fiduciary funds which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The specific agency funds used by the City are shown below:

Riverview Point

This fund collects assessments from homeowners for improvements within the assessment district, pays all administrative costs associated with the bond issue, and makes the bond principal and interest payments on a semi-annual basis.

Riverwalk Community Facilities District

This fund was created for the purpose of accepting advances of funds to be used for any authorized purpose related to any costs or expenses incurred by the City pertaining to the establishment of the Community Facilities District ("CFD") known as Riverwalk. The major tasks to be performed by the City include (1) coordination of formation of CFD and implementation of Mello-Roos Financing, (2) preparation of rate and method of apportionment, (3) preparation of legal documentation for Mello-Roos financing prior to issuance of bonds, and (4) preparation of appraisal.

Summerset

This fund collects assessments from homeowners for improvements within the assessment district, pays all administrative costs associated with the bond issue, and makes the bond principal and interest payments on a semi-annual basis.

Community Facilities District 2004-1

This fund and district were created by vote of current property owners in the 2004-05 fiscal year to issue and repay special tax bonds to help fund the construction of a new wastewater treatment facility. Assessments will be placed on the tax rolls of the property owners each year to cover the bond principal and interest charges and related administrative expenses.

Community Facilities District 2006-1

Formed by a vote of the current property owners in July 2006, this District serves to fund a portion of the construction costs of the Northwest Wastewater Treatment Plant. Annual assessments will be placed on the tax rolls of the property owners to cover the bond principal and interest as well as related administrative expenses. Additionally, the residential units in this District will pay an annual assessment to contribute to funding for public safety services.

Liberty Project Community Facilities District

This fund was created for the purpose of accepting advances of funds to provide Community Facilities District ("CFD") formation services, and collecting the special tax to be levied in each fiscal year on each assessor's Parcel of Taxable Property within CFD No. 2018-1 to fund the annual services Special Tax Requirement.

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

<u>ASSETS</u>	Rive	erview Point	Riverwalk Community cilities District	_	Summerset		Community cilities District 2004-1		Community cilities District 2006-1	_ <u>L</u> i	iberty Project	_	Totals
Cash and investments Restricted cash Interest receivable	\$	294,800 - 138	\$ 65,865 - -	\$	171,978 - 8	\$ _	239,150 - 114	\$	455,357 - 219	\$	516,738 800,969 233	\$ _	1,743,888 800,969 712
Total Assets	\$	294,938	\$ 65,865	\$_	171,986	\$_	239,264	\$	455,576	\$	1,317,940	\$_	2,545,569
<u>LIABILITIES</u>													
Accounts payable Agency obligations	\$	39 294,899	\$ 65,865 <u>-</u>	\$_	- 171,986	\$	39 239,225	\$	39 455,537	\$	37 1,317,903	\$	66,019 2,479,550
Total Liabilities	\$	294,938	\$ 65,865	\$_	171,986	\$_	239,264	\$_	455,576	\$_	1,317,940	\$_	2,545,569

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Balance ıly 1, 2019		Additions		Deletions	Balance ne 30, 2020
Riverview Point							
ASSETS Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$	289,175 242	\$	429,618 138	\$	423,993 242	\$ 294,800 138
Total Assets	\$	289,417	\$	429,756	\$	424,235	\$ 294,938
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Agency obligations	\$	29 289,388	\$ 	149,027 1,928,916	\$_	149,017 1,923,405	\$ 39 294,899
Total Liabilities	\$	289,417	\$	2,077,943	\$	2,072,422	\$ 294,938
Riverwalk Community Facilities District ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	65,865	\$		\$		\$ 65,865
Total Assets	\$	65,865	\$		\$		\$ 65,865
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	65,865	\$_	-	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$ 65,865
Total Liabilities	\$	65,865	\$		\$		\$ 65,865
Summerset ASSETS							
Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$	171,915 17	\$ 	135 9	\$ _	72 18	\$ 171,978 <u>8</u>
Total Assets	\$ <u></u>	171,932	\$	144	\$	90	\$ 171,986
LIABILITIES							
Agency obligations	\$	171,932	\$	371	\$	317	\$ 171,986
Total Liabilities	\$	171,932	\$	371	\$	317	\$ 171,986
Community Facilities District 2004-1 ASSETS							
Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 	233,903 199	\$ 	708,454 114	\$ _	703,207 199	\$ 239,150 114
Total Assets	\$	234,102	\$	708,568	\$	703,406	\$ 239,264
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable Agency obligations	\$	29 234,073	\$ 	284,774 3,452,006	\$	284,764 3,446,854	\$ 39 239,225
Total Liabilities	\$	234,102	\$	3,736,780	\$_	3,731,618	\$ 239,264

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION (continued) AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Balance July 1, 2019	Additions		Balance June 30, 2020
Community Facilities District 2006-1				
ASSETS Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 439,467 379	\$ 1,233,111 219	\$ 1,217,221 379	\$ 455,357 219
Total Assets	\$ <u>439,846</u>	\$ <u>1,233,330</u>	\$ <u>1,217,600</u>	\$ <u>455,576</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Agency obligations	\$ 29 439,817	\$ 491,615 5,978,483	\$ 491,605 5,962,763	\$ 39 455,537
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>439,846</u>	\$ 6,470,098	\$ <u>6,454,368</u>	\$ <u>455,576</u>
<u>Liberty Project</u> ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 444,287	\$ 1,760,384	\$ 1,687,933	\$ 516,738
Restricted cash and investments Interest receivable	791,148 359	10,610 233	789 359	800,969 <u>233</u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>1,235,794</u>	\$ <u>1,771,227</u>	\$ <u>1,689,081</u>	\$ <u>1,317,940</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Agency obligations	\$ - 1,235,794	\$ 736,220 8,932,728	\$ 736,183 8,850,619	\$ 37 1,317,903
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>1,235,794</u>	\$ 9,668,948	\$ 9,586,802	\$ <u>1,317,940</u>
Total Agency Funds ASSETS				
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 1,644,612 791,148 1,196	\$ 4,131,702 10,610 713	\$ 4,032,426 789 1,197	\$ 1,743,888 800,969 712
Total Assets	\$ 2,436,956	\$ <u>4,143,025</u>	\$ <u>4,034,412</u>	\$ <u>2,545,569</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Agency obligations	\$ 65,952 2,371,004	\$ 1,661,636 20,292,504	\$ 1,661,569 20,183,958	\$ 66,019 2,479,550
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,436,956	\$ <u>21,954,140</u>	\$ <u>21,845,527</u>	\$ <u>2,545,569</u>

Statistical Section

CITY OF RIO VISTA CALIFORNIA



CITY OF RIO VISTA DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICAL SECTION

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the comprehensive annual financial report. The objectives of the statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess a government's economic condition.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	112 - 116
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	117 - 119
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	120 - 122
Economic and Demographic Information	
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	123 - 126
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	127 - 129

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules were derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF RIO VISTA Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

						Fisca	l Ye	ar				
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Governmental activities												
Net investment in capital assets	\$	9,791,750	\$ 9,617,999	\$ 9,390,198	\$ 8,505,176	\$ 8,303,960	\$	8,133,788	\$ 8,005,866	\$ 8,203,761	\$ 8,478,374	\$ 8,470,625
Restricted		1,490,373	1,508,127	1,113,728	1,348,402	1,645,523		1,729,701	1,761,545	1,559,930	2,104,122	6,847,556
Unrestricted		10,808,532	9,848,516	6,457,325	5,298,078	3,963,933		3,458,558	6,754,954	6,849,562	5,260,005	1,338,182
Total governmental												
activities net position	\$	22,090,655	\$ 20,974,642	\$ 16,961,251	\$ 15,151,656	\$ 13,913,416	\$	13,322,047	\$ 16,522,365	\$ 16,613,253	\$ 15,842,501	\$ 16,656,363
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$	72,135,069 - 7,299,267 79,434,336	\$ 68,259,071 - 9,825,166 78,084,237	\$ 66,222,590 69,826 9,384,930 75,677,346	\$ 61,670,956 7,667,297 4,070,323 73,408,576	\$ 62,743,442 3,764,709 5,357,682 71,865,833	\$	61,936,775 3,973,028 4,676,057 70,585,860	\$ 61,464,726 3,625,397 3,378,506 68,468,629	\$ 59,496,810 5,095,969 1,817,347 66,410,126	\$ 59,971,581 5,342,015 (259,728) 65,053,868	\$ 59,688,511 3,543,452 788,801 64,020,764
Primary government												
Net investment in capital assets	\$	81,926,819	\$ 77,877,070	\$ 75,612,788	\$ 70,176,132	\$ 71,047,402	\$	70,070,563	\$ 69,470,592	\$ 67,700,571	\$ 68,449,955	\$ 68,159,136
Restricted		1,490,373	1,508,127	1,183,554	9,015,699	5,410,232		5,702,729	5,386,942	6,655,899	7,446,137	10,391,008
Unrestricted		18,107,799	19,673,682	15,842,255	9,368,401	9,321,615		8,134,615	10,133,460	8,666,909	5,000,277	2,126,983
Total primary government												
net position	\$:	101,524,991	\$ 99,058,879	\$ 92,638,597	\$ 88,560,232	\$ 85,779,249	\$	83,907,907	\$ 84,990,994	\$ 83,023,379	\$ 80,896,369	\$ 80,677,127

CITY OF RIO VISTA Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Expenses										
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$ 1,093,576	\$ 1,046,077	\$ 2,185,641	\$ 731,232	\$ 1,957,778	\$ 841,859	\$ 1,031,421	\$ 552,119	\$ 707,437	\$ 539,588
Public safety	5,993,732	5,760,539	4,181,955	4,281,315	3,959,472	3,896,171	3,236,753	2,736,121	2,493,050	2,737,464
Parks and recreation	330,364	291,594	396,233	417,062	414,148	402,690	336,377	336,208	333,468	305,591
Development	535,873	554,481	708,848	431,711	562,371	459,399	410,560	265,063	366,693	743,837
Public works	1,481,672	1,310,362	1,287,966	1,002,986	1,121,209	831,194	998,604	822,903	900,207	877,262
Interest and fiscal charges	84,650	72,390	7,867	12,093	5,748	26,457	16,159	5,073	10,624	39,958
Total Government Activities	9,519,867	9,035,443	8,768,510	6,876,399	8,020,726	6,457,770	6,029,874	4,717,487	4,811,479	5,243,700
Business-type Activities										
Water	2,647,687	2,173,595	2,165,629	1,856,390	1,866,243	1,857,751	1,743,482	1,796,220	2,157,283	1,665,636
Beach Drive treatment facility	2,463,559	2,280,475	2,533,314	2,058,500	1,981,592	1,711,905	1,756,240	1,630,880	1,665,233	1,606,731
NW Wastewater treatment facility	2,547,025	2,308,829	2,159,366	1,788,120	1,666,787	1,554,949	1,565,082	1,583,664	1,525,102	1,381,121
Airport	594,425	516,404	502,760	636,210	482,432	494,935	447,658	583,116	580,635	577,462
Business park	135,843	149,632	147,552	64,373	67,687	52,029	62,184	130,174	34,803	64,968
Transit	531,722	520,971	636,614	578,923	497,618	496,244	486,499	636,357	641,493	533,629
Total Business-type Activities	8,920,261	7,949,906	8,145,235	6,982,516	6,562,359	6,167,813	6,061,145	6,360,411	6,604,549	5,829,547
Total Expenses	\$ 18,440,128	\$ 16,985,349	\$ 16,913,745	\$ 13,858,915	\$ 14,583,085	\$ 12,625,583	\$ 12,091,019	\$ 11,077,898	\$ 11,416,028	\$ 11,073,247
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities										
Charges for services										_
General government	\$ 441,909	\$ 444,939	\$ 324,013	\$ 297,600	\$ 287,659	\$ 279,629		\$ 220,231	\$ 193,206	\$ -
Public safety	153,869	221,567	214,459	214,704	211,709	176,037	126,839	237,187	211,857	248,402
Parks and recreation	75,373	97,124	78,442	71,780	73,302	80,572	83,312	82,978	87,573	152,720
Development	589,375	1,666,547	1,891,859	778,385	925,921	733,182	546,258	533,326	136,601	237,186
Public works	901,637	1,915,219	1,456,141	948,586	954,596	917,455	671,397	642,129	238,411	354,756
Operating grants and contributions	360,034	317,333	454,010	359,939	532,182	419,863	153,070	150,922	160,119	100,000
Capital grants and contributions	82,498	483,570	50,382	235,263	392,267	233,466	52,000	192,994	477,609	448,727
Total Government Activities	2,604,695	5,146,299	4,469,306	2,906,257	3,377,636	2,840,204	1,864,548	2,059,767	1,505,376	1,541,791
Business-type Activity										
Charges for services										
Water	3,215,186	2,990,397	2,827,108	2,736,726	2,693,691	2,687,366	2,642,326	2,568,240	2,590,699	2,716,646
Beach Drive treatment facility	2,869,179	2,870,409	2,800,812	2,849,524	2,778,965	2,864,045	2,859,335	2,581,375	2,306,657	2,325,177
NW Wastewater treatment facility	2,064,970	1,942,946	1,824,801	1,728,228	1,616,587	1,551,677	1,475,916	1,381,332	1,351,935	1,329,073
Airport	248,831	223,617	213,911	187,983	204,884	223,579	242,314	333,403	259,055	275,879
Business park	818,059	207,671	55,934	89,002	91,722	98,331	84,836	87,100	88,262	102,024
Transit	13,935	20,299	35,261	34,710	34,848	45,448	85,538	153,917	183,527	146,833
Operating grants and contributions	653,463	441,039	428,511	617,822	320,268	467,455	425,334	424,882	542,882	325,687
Capital grants and contributions	179,482	176,903	378,547	191,928	80,816	730,835	-	19,017	-	2,094
Total Business-type Activities	10,063,105	8,873,281	8,564,885	8,435,923	7,821,781	8,668,736	7,815,599	7,549,266	7,323,017	7,223,413
Total Program Revenues	\$ 12,667,800	\$ 14,019,580	\$ 13,034,191	\$ 11,342,180	\$ 11,199,417	\$ 11,508,940	\$ 9,680,147	\$ 9,609,033	\$ 8,828,393	\$ 8,765,204
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$ (6,915,172)	\$ (3,889,144)	\$ (4,299,204)	\$ (3,970,142)	\$ (4,643,090)	\$ (3,617,566)	\$ (4,165,326)	\$ (2,657,720)	\$ (3,306,103)	\$ (3,701,909)
Business-type Activity	1,142,844	923,375	419,650	1,453,407	1,259,422	2,500,923	1,754,454	1,188,855	718,468	1,393,866
Total Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (5,772,328)	\$ (2,965,769)	\$ (3,879,554)	\$ (2,516,735)	\$ (3,383,668)	\$ (1,116,643)	\$ (2,410,872)	\$ (1,468,865)	\$ (2,587,635)	\$ (2,308,043)

CITY OF RIO VISTA
Changes in Net Position (continued)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 General Revenues Governmental Activities: **Property Taxes** 4,214,960 \$ 3,824,160 \$ 2,887,509 \$ 2,566,154 \$ 2,282,191 \$ 2,050,431 \$ 1,770,167 \$ 1,635,986 \$ 2,106,643 \$ 1,957,673 Sales Tax 2.309.181 2,572,434 2.005.714 1,941,216 1,820,102 1,958,660 1,605,141 1,151,027 954,890 780.689 Other taxes 566.204 565.196 414,029 341.570 353,599 403,841 414,103 344,664 430.939 461.006 Investment earnings 295.369 318.600 156,478 100,342 66,495 97.522 106,093 78,121 110.953 18,797 Rental income* 79,525 81,208 77,639 98,115 81,284 106,074 109,632 114,897 144,519 Miscellaneous 305,260 267,021 360,479 203,180 200,728 157,934 62,110 339,381 70,901 619,806 Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets 10,000 Transfers in/out 340,211 275,599 (21,719)25,000 (2,918)10,750 Extraordinary item (2,038,492)Total general revenues, transfers, and extraordinary item 8,031,185 7,902,535 5,915,417 5,208,382 4,846,230 4,746,754 4,074,438 3,658,811 1,750,731 3,982,490 Business-type Activities: Investment earnings 174,919 223,292 116,429 67,617 45,551 38,056 36,084 34,966 24,137 54,542 Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets 372,547 1,535,823 1,987,624 313,965 Transfers in/out (340,211)(275,599)(10,000)21,719 (25,000)2,918 (10,750)**Total Business-type Activities** 207,255 1,483,516 2,094,053 89,336 20,551 40,974 339,299 34,966 24,137 54,542 Total primary government 8,238,440 \$ 9,386,051 8,009,470 \$ 5,297,718 \$ 4,866,781 \$ 4,787,728 \$ 4,413,737 \$ 3,693,777 \$ 1,774,868 \$ 4,037,032 Change in Net position 280,581 **Governmental Activities** 1,116,013 \$ 4,013,391 \$ 1,616,213 \$ 1,238,240 \$ 203,140 Ś 1,129,188 \$ (90,888)1,001,091 \$ (1,555,372) \$ \$ **Business-type Activities** 1,350,099 2,406,891 2,513,703 1,542,743 1,279,973 2,541,897 2,093,753 1,223,821 742,605 1,448,408 6,420,282 2,780,983 1,483,113 2,224,912 (812,767) \$ **Total Change in Net Position** 2,466,112 \$ \$ 4,129,916 \$ \$ \$ 3,671,085 \$ 2,002,865 \$ \$ 1,728,989

^{*} Beginning from fiscal year ended on 6/30/2020, Rental income is reported as program revenue of the function that generates the revenue per GASB-S37: 12; GAAFR, page 309.

CITY OF RIO VISTA
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Fiscal Year															
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	2015	 2014	2013	2012		2011
General Fund																
Nonspendable	\$	919,178	\$	997,420	\$	1,001,736	\$	1,007,568	\$	1,007,313	\$ 1,012,200	\$ 1,059,917	\$ 994,237	\$ 1,079,642	\$	1,108,364
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-	-		-
Committed		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-	_		-
Assigned		40,342		57,270		55,484		48,146		29,570	12,083	-	-	_		-
Unassigned		5,141,231		4,989,716		3,863,430		3,099,519		2,850,810	1,989,508	1,338,938	1,620,910	1,008,667		784,937
Total General Fund	\$	6,100,751	\$	6,044,406	\$	4,920,650	\$	4,155,233	\$	3,887,693	\$ 3,013,791	\$ 2,398,855	\$ 2,615,147	\$ 2,088,309	\$	1,893,301
All other governmental funds																
Nonspendable*	\$	-	\$	863,441	\$	982,138	\$	1,101,661	\$	1,219,022	\$ 2,526,877	\$ 2,520,205	\$ 2,520,205	\$ 523	\$	-
Restricted		2,593,760		2,088,975		1,113,728		1,348,402		1,645,523	1,729,701	1,761,545	1,559,930	2,104,122		3,008,886
Committed		174,897		191,130		244,702		147,639		142,569	89,298	102,454	52,262	52,073		51,931
Assigned		10,231,189		8,815,842		6,767,604		6,303,288		5,454,734	3,687,867	3,215,109	2,981,354	4,980,506		4,872,853
Unassigned		(89,731)		(77,899)		(257,871)		(352,600)		(422,126)	(514,014)	(267,601)	(312,263)	(264,230)		(1,086,114)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	12,910,115	\$	11,881,489	\$	8,850,301	\$	8,548,390	\$	8,039,722	\$ 7,519,729	\$ 7,331,712	\$ 6,801,488	\$ 6,872,994	\$	6,847,556

^{*} Only the general fund may report nonspendable fund balance for long-term loans and notes receivable, long-term interfund receivables, as well as property held for resale. All other governmental funds should include these items within restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance, as appropriate, based on the limitations placed on the use of the proceeds arising from the collection of the receivables or from the sale of the property. [GASB-S54: 6; COD 1800.166-.167; COD 2200.163; Q&A Z.54.4; GAAFR, page 189; eGAAFR, page 163]

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

										Fiscal	Yea	r								
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011
REVENUES																				
Taxes and assessments	Ś	7,090,345	Ś	6,961,790	\$	5,307,252	\$	4,848,940	\$	4,455,892	\$	4,412,932	Ś	3,789,411	Ś	3,131,677	\$	3,557,708	\$	2,974,150
Licenses, permits, and fees	·	1,729,701		3,658,854	·	2,936,492	·	1,833,217	·	1,936,254	·	1,729,115	·	1,267,207	Ċ	1,230,858	·	531,171	Ċ	412,772
Fines and forteitures		19,882		25,056		17,930		25,206		24,348		13,623		14,243		10,474		17,743		54,191
Use of money and property		372,560		398,125		237,686		177,981		164,610		178,806		212,167		187,753		225,850		265,345
Intergovernmental		344,596		1,018,608		285,075		670,528		1,035,031		440,990		261,730		292,335		1,378,014		1,550,933
Charges for services		335,389		661,486		1,010,492		452,632		492,585		444,137		378,028		469,440		322,299		423,391
Other revenues		305,261		267,021		385,479		203,180		200,728		157,934		62,110		353,656		105,459		92,945
Total Revenues		10,197,734		12,990,940		10,180,406		8,211,684		8,309,448		7,377,537		5,984,896		5,676,193		6,138,244		5,773,727
EXPENDITURES																				
Current:																				
General administration		886,204		989,231		1,864,583		795,177		815,427		727,973		898,331		852,331		338,109		431,244
Public safety		5,570,374		4,960,106		3,719,978		4,176,162		3,881,046		3,706,076		3,042,253		2,594,162		2,451,177		2,581,806
Parks and recreation		146,278		75,424		221,550		305,134		296,487		311,801		271,343		236,735		244,838		211,037
Development		510,363		525,456		678,654		466,777		565,524		461,514		376,872		269,458		319,615		743,537
Public works		1,156,384		1,112,242		1,107,411		898,706		1,001,195		755,678		755,782		703,125		626,000		667,743
Debt Service:																				
Principal		152,060		133,447		160,130		133,389		127,940		124,020		101,098		94,405		90,130		175,001
Interest and fiscal charges		84,650		72,407		7,867		12,093		18,451		24,845		7,781		8,908		10,190		39,958
Capital Outlay		1,384,815		2,369,352		2,551,749		626,319		622,712		689,618		614,452		101,284		629,799		142,134
Total Expenditures		9,891,128		10,237,665		10,311,922		7,413,757		7,328,782		6,801,525		6,067,912		4,860,408		4,709,858		4,992,460
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues																				
over Expenditures		306,606		2,753,275		(131,516)		797,927		980,666		576,012		(83,016)		815,785		1,428,386		781,267
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																				
Transfers in		976,783		983,338		1,495,039		432,711		204,442		283,362		167,750		36,881		226,833		76,833
Transfers out		(636,572)		(707,739)		(1,485,039)		(454,430)		(179,442)		(286,280)		(157,000)		(36,881)		(226,833)		(76,833)
Payments to loan escrow agent		(103,759)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Proceeds from long-term debt		541,913		1,126,070		1,188,846		-		-		137,500		386,198		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		778,365		1,401,669		1,198,846		(21,719)		25,000		134,582		396,948		-		-		
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	1,084,971	\$	4,154,944	\$	1,067,330	\$	776,208	\$	1,005,666	\$	710,594	\$	313,932	\$	815,785	\$	1,428,386	\$	781,267
Capitalized expenditures		1,229,069		1,923,497		2,484,752		616,281		586,367		634,842		580,194		93,868		601,856		142,134
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		2.73%		2.48%		2.15%		2.14%		2.17%		2.41%		1.98%		2.17%		2.44%		4.43%

CITY OF RIO VISTA Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 Category Residential 1,406,080,903 939,374,207 840,958,987 697,061,917 606,694,613 666,481,995 708,289,427 1,279,694,531 1,159,346,673 1,044,739,510 Commercial 32,734,454 32,959,494 31,929,807 32,353,033 43,917,857 40,595,752 38,503,367 37,580,237 33,756,141 32,230,235 Industrial 46,745,256 46,743,480 50,842,693 43,024,145 45,630,329 57,996,367 67,850,774 112,915,726 113,027,508 112,203,875 Dry Farm 582,783 571,359 560,159 1,624,223 181,334 177,784 176,981 173,511 170,108 168,837 **Government Owned** 1,415,001 1,396,168 1,382,857 1,349,340 1,340,393 1,321,301 1,315,877 1,306,413 1,301,330 1,314,060 Institutional 858,816 841,978 880,731 783,291 771,528 756,418 753,000 331,372 324,875 322,447 Irrigated 2,194,372 2,151,201 2,109,035 2,067,526 2,396,140 2,349,117 2,338,394 2,292,498 2,247,444 2,104,153 Recreational 619,810 477,707 469,177 461,356 496,321 487,843 486,261 479,111 471,196 465,236 80,477,316 61,969,412 61,739,749 64,832,319 57,393,653 62,713,575 72,463,184 74,187,894 73,639,326 Vacant 66,624,127 **Total Secured** 1,582,892,114 1,434,441,588 1,315,834,441 1,196,461,947 1,090,570,520 994,175,924 865,656,273 828,886,663 890,142,157 930,860,394 Unsecured 32,509,008 30,610,457 39,769,504 41,797,206 52,362,157 50,957,077 49,197,903 35,120,378 31,424,478 37,313,506 Total Taxable Assessed Value (1) 1.618.012.492 1,466,950,596 1,346,444,898 1.227.886.425 1,130,340,024 1.035.973.130 918,018,430 879.843.740 939,340,060 968,173,900 % Change 10.30% 8.95% 9.66% 8.63% 9.11% 12.85% 4.34% -6.33% -2.98% -2.74% **Total Direct Rate** 0.12363 0.12317 0.12354 0.12336 0.12426 0.12747 0.12926 0.20177 0.20253 0.19658

Source: HdL from the Solano County Assessor 2010/11-2019/20 Combined Tax Rolls

Notes:

In 1978, the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13, which limited taxes to a total maximum rate of 1%, based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed as a result of new construction activity or at the time it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the property is reassessed based upon the added value of the construction or at the purchase price (market value) or economic value of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

(1) Exempt values are not included in Total.

CITY OF RIO VISTA Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years (Rate per \$100 of Taxable Value)

					Fiscal \	ear ear				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Agency										
Basic Levy ⁽¹⁾	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Refund Of Excess Taxes Fd 177	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	-0.00333	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Rio Vista Debt Service	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00035	0.00325	0.00373	0.00365	0.00345	0.00320
River Delta Sfid	0.00000	0.04410	0.01250	0.01500	0.03050	0.03800	0.05470	0.00000	0.06260	0.03180
San Joaquin Community College	0.01990	0.02250	0.01800	0.01800	0.01980	0.02330	0.01940	0.02020	0.02000	0.01940
Solano County Flood State Water Pj Zone Ben#1	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000	0.02000
Total Direct & Overlapping ⁽²⁾ Tax Rates	1.03990	1.08660	1.05050	1.05300	1.06731	1.08455	1.09783	1.04385	1.10605	1.07440
City's Share of 1% Levy Per Prop 13 ⁽³⁾	0.12151	0.12138	0.12147	0.12144	0.12158	0.12158	0.12137	0.12025	0.12123	0.12296
Voter Approved City Debt Rate					0.00035	0.00325	0.00373	0.00365	0.00345	0.00320
Redevelopment Rate ⁽⁴⁾									1.06605	1.03500
Total Direct Rate ⁽⁵⁾	0.12363	0.12317	0.12354	0.12336	0.12426	0.12747	0.12926	0.20177	0.20253	0.19658

Sources: Solano County Assessor's Office

Notes:

- (1) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.
- (2) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all property owners.
- (3) City's Share of 1% Levy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the City. The ERAF portion of the City's Levy has been subtracted where known.
- (4) Redevelopment Rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area and only includes rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values. The approval of ABX1 26 eliminated Redevelopment from the State of California for the fiscal year 2012/13 and years thereafter.
- (5) Total Direct Rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the City/Agency preparing the statistical section information and excludes revenues derived from aircraft. Beginning in 2013/14, the Total Direct Rate no longer includes revenue generated from the former redevelopment tax rate areas. Challenges to recognized enforceable obligations are assumed to have been resolved during 2012/13. For the purpose of this report, residual revenue is assumed to be distributed to the City/Agency in the same proportions as general fund revenue.

CITY OF RIO VISTA
Principal Property Taxpayers
Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

				2020				2011	
		_			Percentage of Total	_			Percentage of Total
	_	ıax	able Assessed		Assessed	ıax	able Assessed		Assessed
Rank	<u>Taxpayer</u>		Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
1	LGI Homes-California LLC	\$	25,679,808	1	1.59%				
2	California Resources Products Corp		10,511,377	2	0.65%				
3	Airport Road Self Storage LLC		8,081,427	3	0.50%	\$	5,689,400	6	0.59%
4	Planasa US Holdings LLC		7,306,507	4	0.45%				
5	Delta Industrial Properties LLC		7,262,584	5	0.45%		5,881,872	5	0.61%
6	Solano Properties LLC		6,896,075	6	0.43%		5,959,648	4	0.62%
7	Dutra Group		6,627,407	7	0.41%		4,829,111	7	0.50%
8	Paul Graham Drilling and Service Company		5,865,851	8	0.36%				
9	Asta Construction Company Inc		5,028,885	9	0.31%				
10	Warren E. Gomes Excavating Inc		4,898,081	10	0.30%		4,619,599	8	0.48%
	Rosetta Resources Inc						89,971,159	1	9.29%
	RCVP LLC						30,283,483	2	3.13%
	Shea Homes LP						28,403,573	3	2.93%
	California Vegetable Spec Inc						4,579,195	9	0.47%
	Bill T Dutra Trust						3,115,690	10	0.32%
		\$	88,158,002		5.45%	\$	183,332,730		18.94%

Sources: Solano County Assessor's Office

CITY OF RIO VISTA Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	Redevelopment Agency Debt - Tax Allocation Bonds ental Activities	Other Debt (4)	Revenue Bonds ⁽³⁾	Capital Leases		Total Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Personal Income ⁽¹⁾	Population ⁽²⁾	Debt per Capita
		Governin	ental Activities		Bu	siness-type Activ	vittes	•			
2020	\$ -	\$ 948,652	\$ -	\$ 1,705,062	\$ -	\$ 75,355	\$ 5,935,923	\$ 8,664,992	2.58%	9,987	868
2019	-	1,060,144	-	1,203,717	-	81,355	5,367,162	7,712,378	2.37%	9,416	819
2018	-	1,168,241	-	905,490	-	87,355	5,683,611	7,844,697	2.73%	9,188	854
2017	29,000	71,532	-	55,690	-	93,355	4,780,000	5,029,577	1.79%	9,019	558
2016	57,000	150,556	-	93,084	-	99,355	1,040,000	1,439,995	0.56%	8,601	167
2015	83,000	219,375	-	126,205	1,053,292	105,355	105,355	1,692,582	0.65%	7,946	213
2014	107,000	284,876	-	23,224	1,089,844	111,355	111,355	1,727,654	0.66%	7,934	218
2013	130,000	-	-	-	1,126,397	117,355	117,355	1,491,107	0.61%	7,599	196
2012	151,000	73,405	-	-	1,162,950	9,052	9,052	1,405,459	0.64%	7,418	189
2011	171,000	143,535	-	-	1,194,503	17,619	17,619	1,544,276	0.69%	8,324	186

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Personal income is disclosed in Demographic and Economic Statistics

⁽²⁾ US Census Bureau

⁽³⁾ Presented net of original issuance discounts. In December 2015, the City refunded these bonds with a Wastewater System Installment Purchase Agreement.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes PG&E Retrofit Loan, Fire Truck Loan, Zion's Energy Loan, SNB Energy Savings Loan, and California Energy Commission Loan.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement, Water Meter Installment Purchase Agreement, Zion's Energy Loan, Vactor Truck Loan, and SNB Energy Savings Loan.

CITY OF RIO VISTA Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Water Meter Installment Purchase Agreement (1)

Fiscal Ut		Utility Service		Utility Service Less: Operating		s: Operating	Ne	t Available	Debt S	Coverage	
Year	Year Charges			Expenses		Revenue	Principal	Interest			
2020	\$	3,215,186	\$	2,565,830	\$	649,356	230,000	79,671	2.10		
2019		2,990,397		2,087,584		902,813	230,000	85,178	2.86		
2018		2,827,108		2,100,580		726,528	220,000	91,125	2.34		
2017		2,736,726		1,711,469		1,025,257	185,000	80,694	3.86		

Wastewater Revenue Bonds/Installment Purchase Agreement (2)

Fiscal Utility Service		Les	Less: Operating		et Available	Debt S	Coverage			
Year		Charges		Expenses		Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	
2020	\$	2,869,179	\$	2,420,045	\$	449,134	65,000	28,253	4.82	
2019		2,870,409		2,243,459		626,950	60,000	27,391	7.17	
2018		2,800,812		2,492,835		307,977	65,000	29,348	3.26	
2017		2,849,524		2,018,427		831,097	65,000	23,652	9.37	
2016		2,778,965		1,929,033		849,932	45,000	62,300	7.92	
2015		2,864,045		1,647,267		1,216,778	40,000	64,638	11.63	
2014		2,859,335		1,689,402		1,169,933	40,000	66,838	10.95	
2013		2,581,375		1,561,706		1,019,669	40,000	68,968	9.36	
2012		2,306,657		1,591,629		715,028	35,000	70,890	6.75	
2011		2,325,177		1,531,064		794,113	35,000	72,658	7.38	

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ In July 2016, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement for the purpose of financing the acquisition and installation of consumer water meters.

⁽²⁾ In December 2015, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement for the purpose of refunding its Wastewater Revenue Bonds.

CITY OF RIO VISTA Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 Net Total Assessed Value (1) 1,130,340,024 1,618,012,492 1,466,950,596 1,346,444,898 1,227,886,425 1,035,973,130 918,018,430 879,843,740 939,340,060 968,173,900 Legal debt margin Debt Limit (15% of Assessed Value) 242,701,874 220,042,589 201,966,735 184,182,964 169,551,004 155,395,970 137,702,765 131,976,561 140,901,009 145,226,085 Debt applicable to limit: **Total Bonded Debt** 29,000 171,000 57,000 83,000 107,000 130,000 151,000 Less: Tax Allocation Bonds Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit 29,000 57,000 83,000 107,000 130,000 151,000 171,000 \$ 242,701,874 \$ 220,042,589 \$ 201,966,735 \$ 184,153,964 \$ 169,494,004 \$ 155,312,970 \$ 137,595,765 \$ 131,846,561 \$ 140,750,009 \$ 145,055,085 Legal Debt Margin Total debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit 0.00% 0.00% 0.02% 0.03% 0.10% 0.11% 0.12% 0.00% 0.05% 0.08%

Source: (1) HdL from the Solano County Assessor 2010/11-2019/20 Combined Tax Rolls

CITY OF RIO VISTA

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Median Age	Pe	rsonal Income	er Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	% of Population 25+ with High School Degree	% of Population 25+ with Bachelor's Degree
2020	9,987	62.2	\$	335,583,000	\$ 33,602	4.7%	95.3%	29.2%
2019	9,416	62.3		324,960,000	34,511	3.1%	92.0%	23.0%
2018	9,188	62.3		287,638,000	31,306	3.9%	91.9%	24.4%
2017	9,019	60.0		280,388,000	31,089	10.9%	92.1%	26.9%
2016	8,601	57.9		259,342,000	30,153	12.1%	91.8%	24.2%
2015	7,946	59.3		260,955,000	32,841	14.5%	90.2%	24.5%
2014	7,934	59.8		260,203,000	32,796	5.2%	93.5%	24.7%
2013	7,599	59.0		243,343,000	32,023	6.0%	92.6%	23.4%
2012	7,418	55.8		218,727,000	29,486	8.6%	93.1%	25.3%
2011	8,324	53.1		223,816,000	26,888	9.0%	92.7%	22.4%

Sources: Population: California State Department of Finance

Unemployment Data: California Employment Development Department

Income, Age, and Education Data: US Census Bureau

CITY OF RIO VISTA Principal Employers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

2011 (1) 2020 Percentage of Percentage of **Total City Total City Employees Employees Employer** Rank **Employment** Rank **Employment** River Delta Unified School District 300 1 10.33% 250 1 9.47% Rio Vista Farms. LLC 120 2 4.13% Paul Graham Drilling & Service Company 110 3 3.79% 100 2 3.79% California Vegetable Specialties, Inc. 80 4 72 3 2.73% 2.75% Lira's Supermarket 57 5 1.96% 48 4 1.82% City of Rio Vista 45 6 1.55% 37 6 1.42% **Lindsay Transportation Solutions** 44 7 38 5 1.44% 1.51% F&M Bank / Bank of Rio Vista 30 8 1.03% 16 8 0.61% 25 9 7 McDonalds 0.86% 22 0.83% Warren E Gomes Excavating Inc. 20 10 0.69% 15 9 0.57% Oilwell Materials & Hardware Co. Inc. 13 10 0.49% Dolk Tractor Company, Inc. 13 10 0.49% 2,905 28.61% 2,639 23.66%

Source: City of Rio Vista, Community Development

Note:

(1) The number in the year 2011 were estimated based on the information provided by the citizens and current employees.

CITY OF RIO VISTA Principal Sales Tax Producers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

2020		2011					
Taxpayer	Business Type	Taxpayer	Business Type				
Abel Chevrolet Buick	Auto Sales - New	Abel Chevrolet Buick	Auto Sales - New				
Asta Construction Company	Bldg.Matls-Whsle	Chevron Service Stations	Service Stations				
Burgerlicious	Restaurants	Coghran Mechanical Service	Auto Parts/Repair				
Chevron Service Stations	Service Stations	Delta Pharmacy	Drug Stores				
Delta Pharmacy	Drug Stores	Dolk Tractor Company	Heavy Industry				
Dolk Tractor Company	Heavy Industry	Foster's Bighorn	Restaurants				
Family Dollar Stores	Department Stores	Lira's Supermarket	Food Markets				
Foster's Bighorn	Restaurants	McDonald's Restaurants	Restaurants				
Hwy 12 Diner	Restaurants	More For Less Service Station	Service Stations				
Kentucky Fried Chicken/Taco Bell	Restaurants	Nelson Drilling Tools	Heavy Industry				
Kwik Serve Station	Service Stations	Oilwell Materials & Hardware	Bldg.Matls-Retail				
Lindsay Transportation Solutions	Bldg.Matls-Whsle	Paul Graham Drilling & Service Co	Bldg.Matls-Whsle				
Lira's Supermarket	Food Markets	Pizza Factory	Restaurants				
Lucy's Café	Restaurants	Point Restaurant	Restaurants				
McDonald's Restaurants	Restaurants	Rio Vista Bait & Tackle	Recreation Products				
Napa Auto Parts	Auto Parts/Repair	Rio Vista Dodge Chrysler Jeep	Auto Sales - New				
Paul Graham Drilling & Service Co	Bldg.Matls-Whsle	Rio Vista Ford/Mercury	Auto Sales - New				
Pizza Factory	Restaurants	Shaffer Oil Tool Services	Energy Sales				
Resource Cementing	Bldg.Matls-Whsle	Shell Service Stations	Service Stations				
Rio Vista Ace Hardware	Bldg.Matls-Retail	Smith International	Energy Sales				
Rio Vista Bait & Tackle	Recreation Products	Southwire Company	Light Industry				
Rio Vista Dodge Chrysler Jeep	Auto Sales - New	Stewart Industrial Supply	Bldg.Matls-Whsle				
Rio Vista Farms-MMD	Drug Stores	Taco Bell	Restaurants				
Shell Service Stations	Service Stations	Trilogy Golf Club	Miscellaneous Retail				

Weatherford Enterra

Light Industry

Sources: MuniServices / Avenu Insights Analytics

Restaurants

Tortilla Flats

CITY OF RIO VISTA

Taxable Sales by Category (in thousands of dollars)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 Accommodation and Food Services \$ 94,000 \$ 115,704 \$ 118,600 \$ 103,989 \$ 118,984 \$ 72,596 \$ 72,345 \$ 64,369 \$ 69,103 \$ 63,427 Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting 17,000 34,801 859 0 11 16 16 26 29 Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation 9,000 4,879 6,653 5,155 6,806 5,605 1,897 5,177 6,272 5,611 Construction 31,000 11,130 241 526 737 1,236 649 312 340 829 **Educational Services** 323 334 309 450 2,000 460 261 531 343 314 Information 9,000 92 130 103 98 156 45 176 140 61 84,000 73,314 1,225 5,283 102,440 3,052 4,420 10,106 Manufacturing 5,596 13,351 Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction 2,000 42,567 29,443 12,718 14,787 18,457 10,195 7,670 33,367 30,182 Other Services (except Public Administration) 16,000 18,131 18,821 20,142 19,306 22,508 21,148 20,590 21,103 20,691 Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services 1,000 2,863 1,978 2,375 2,041 2,885 2,602 3,378 4,181 3,520 Real Estate and Rental and Leasing 9,000 3,390 11,377 5,967 5,850 10,292 14,545 11,405 25,477 38,956 Retail Trade 756,000 662,368 639,820 628,196 559,821 566,789 516,129 509,309 443,855 419,260 All Other Sectors 49,044 18,000 45,643 49,142 38,426 46,279 56,004 41,874 48,376 47,028 Total \$ 1,048,000 \$ 1,015,205 \$ 883,119 \$ 819,156 \$ 780,254 \$ 859,510 \$ 703,889 \$ 667,671 \$ 655,427 \$ 640,087

Sources: MuniServices / Avenu Insights Analytics

CITY OF RIO VISTA
Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program					Fiscal	Year				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Government										
Building permits issued										
Residential	332	262	260	305	300	254	220	200	176	106
Commercial	20	4	14	33	29	12	27	24	13	12
Business licenses issued	547	541	500	428	481	392	347	351	298	157
Public Safety										
Number of traffic violations	678	1,733	1,210	1,145	1,442	1,153	370	356	626	451
Number of parking violations	75	155	335	477	793	635	266	220	374	287
Number of arrests	294	205	247	211	195	229	113	39	127	93
Number of paid firefighters	12	11	11	10	10	10	7	7	7	7
Number of emergency responses	2,150	2,200	2,212	2,088	1,773	1,563	1,408	1,346	1,439	1,398
Number of fires extinguished	96	65	77	61	55	72	46	57	58	54
Number of fire inspections	16	140	100	35	44	52	35	35	107	111
Transit										
Total Route Miles	61,374	66,085	63,947	65,333	64,973	68,505	75,890	77,115	127,919	130,151
Total Passengers	8,342	10,441	10,023	9,683	10,134	11,778	10,248	12,929	14,795	13,431
Utility Billing										
Residential Customers	4,986	5,023	4,756	4,622	4,454	4,298	4,166	4,021	3,981	3,957
Commercial Customers	280	239	225	218	219	220	217	213	213	212
Public Works										
Water										
Average daily consumption (gallons)	1,911,000	1,860,000	1,889,000	1,792,000	1,718,000	2,229,000	2,250,000	2,187,000	2,105,000	1,801,000
Wastewater										
Average daily consumption (gallons)	1,200,000	1,000,000	987,000	941,760	908,640	882,790	819,440	779,620	787,490	749,170
Emergency calls	123	100	92	87	71	82	87	67	72	61

Sources: Various city departments

CITY OF RIO VISTA

Capital Asset and Infrastructure Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	Fiscal Year										
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	
General Government											
Number of general government buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Public Safety											
Number of police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Number of fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Public Works											
Number of public works buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Miles of streets	51	48	48	42	42	42	42	42	40	40	
Number of street lights	1,200	1,000	1,000	950	950	900	850	850	800	800	
Miles of sanitary sewers	43	40	40	38	38	36	36	34	32	32	
Recreation and Parks											
Number of parks and recreation facilities	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	
Acres of parks	14	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	
Water											
Miles of water mains	43	40	38	35	32	29	26	24	20	18	
Number of fire hydrants	510	440	424	424	400	400	375	360	360	342	
Drainage											
Number of manholes	350	300	300	280	280	280	250	250	250	250	
Miles of storm water drains	37	34	34	32	32	32	30	30	30	30	

Sources: Various city departments

CITY OF RIO VISTA Full-time Equivalent Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function					Fiscal	Year				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General government (1)	8.32	9.27	8.44	8.28	8.05	8.25	8.11	8.17	8.15	8.12
Public safety (sworn and non-sworn personnel)										
Fire ⁽³⁾	10.67	9.67	9.95	9.48	9.70	8.78	5.99	9.24	9.29	10.88
Police (4)	9.85	14.21	12.85	12.61	14.02	12.00	12.41	12.21	9.77	9.83
Community Development	1.43	1.94	2.24	1.97	2.00	1.71	2.01	2.00	1.68	1.70
Building and Planning	1.00	1.00	0.84	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.90
Public works	12.03	9.96	10.73	10.75	10.48	10.12	9.53	9.45	8.85	7.49
Transit (2)	-	-	-	-	-	0.36	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.46
Total employees	43.30	46.05	45.05	44.09	45.25	42.22	39.52	42.53	39.15	39.38

Source: City of Rio Vista, Finance Department

Note:

- (1) The number of employees does not include the five elected official positions in the City Council.
- (2) The City has previously managed the transit system with part-time employees and/or through a department head. Since 2015, the City contracts with Solano Transportation Authority to provide the transit management services.
- (3) The number of employees does not include the volunteers receive a stipend.
- (4) Starting from March 2020, the Patrol Services were fully provided by Solano County Sheriff's Office.