City of Rio Vista



Annual Financial Statements

And Independent Auditor's Report

For the Year Ended

June 30, 2016

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council of the City of Rio Vista Rio Vista, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rio Vista (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rio Vista, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension related schedules, and the schedule of funding progress as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Rio Vista's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2016, on our consideration of the City of Rio Vista's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Rio Vista's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sacramento, California November 21, 2016

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This section of the City of Rio Vista California's Annual Financial Report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements, which follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Rio Vista exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows
 of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$85,779,249 (net position). Of this amount, \$9,321,615
 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens
 and creditors.
- City of Rio Vista's total net position increased \$1,483,113 (\$1,279,973 increase in Business-Type Activities and \$203,140 increase in Governmental Activities).
- At the close of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$11,927,415, an increase of \$1,005,666 in comparison with the prior year (\$485,673 increase in the General Fund and \$519,993 increase in Other Governmental Funds). Approximately 20% of this amount (\$2,428,684) is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- The City's business-type net position amounted to \$71,865,833, an increase of \$1,279,973 from the prior year.

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

The financial section of this report consists of four parts:

- 1) Independent Auditor's Report:
- 2) Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section);
- 3) Basic Financial Statements which include:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Fund Financial Statements:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements: and

4) Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements which present different views of the City.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position (page 16) presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial improvement or deterioration.

The Statement of Activities (page 17) presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the past year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows (accrual basis of accounting). Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue – "governmental activities" from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through users fees and charges – "business-type activities." The governmental activities of the City include general government, public protection, parks and recreation, development, and public ways and facilities. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, airport, and the transit system.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Rio Vista, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Rio Vista can be divided into three categories:

- ** Governmental funds;
- ** Proprietary funds: and
- ** Fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as "governmental activities" in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike those statements, the focus in these statements is on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental fund financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Rio Vista maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (special revenue, debt service, capital projects, etc). The City Council adopts an annual appropriated budget for each fund within the City.

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. The concept of major funds, and the determination of which are major funds, was established by GASB Statement 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them as one total. Instead, each major fund is presented individually, with all nonmajor funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the detail of these nonmajor funds. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the City of Rio Vista's major funds are as follows:

- ** General Fund
- ** Capital Projects Fund
- ** Municipal Improvements Fund

Data from the remaining nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of "combining statements" starting on page 72.

A budgetary comparison statement has been provided in the basic financial statements which reflect both original and final budgets for the general fund and for any major special revenue funds.

Proprietary funds are generally used to account for services for which the City charges customers – either outside customers, or internal departments of the City. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City has maintained one type of proprietary fund – enterprise funds – as described below:

** Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions as presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for water, sewer, airport, business park, and transit.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside and within the City. Since the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs, they are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements. The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position is found on page 30.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 32 - 64 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

This section provides budget to actual data and budgetary procedures. It also includes supplementary pension and other postemployment benefit data and can be found beginning on page 65.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

This final section of the report includes additional detailed information about nonmajor governmental and agency funds and can be found beginning on page 70.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table presents a summary of the City's assets, liabilities, and net position for its governmental and business type activities. As noted earlier, a government's net asset position may serve over time as a useful indicator of its financial position. The Summary of Net Position as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 follows:

Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands)

	Gove	ental Act	Busir	ess	-Type Ac	tivit	ies	Total Government							
	2016	2016 2015		С	Net hange	Net 2016 2015 Change		2016		2015	С	Net hange			
ASSETS Current and other assets Capital assets Total Assets	\$ 13,045 8,605 21,650	\$	11,528 8,562 20,090	\$	1,517 43 1,560	\$ 10,279 63,883 74,162	\$	10,437 63,095 73,532	\$	(158) 788 630	\$ 23,324 72,488 95,812	\$	21,965 71,657 93,622	\$	1,359 831 2,190
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,062	_	882	_	180	124	_	90	_	34	1,186	_	972	_	214
LIABILITIES Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities	7,045 1,131 8,176	_	5,805 904 6,709	_	1,240 227 1,467	1,512 <u>855</u> 2,367	_	1,565 1,368 2,933	_	(53) (513) (566)	8,557 1,986 10,543	_	7,370 2,272 9,642	_	1,187 (286) 901
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	622	_	942	_	(320)	52	_	103	_	<u>(51</u>)	674	_	1,045	_	(371)
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	8,304 1,646 3,964 \$ 13,914	\$	8,134 1,730 3,459 13,323	\$_	170 (84) <u>505</u> 591	62,743 3,765 5,358 \$ 71,866	\$_	61,937 3,973 4,676 70,586	\$	806 (208) 682 1,280	71,047 5,411 <u>9,322</u> \$ 85,780	\$_	70,071 5,703 8,135 83,909	\$_	976 (292) 1,187 1,871

The City's total government-wide net position amounted to \$85,779,249 as of June 30, 2016. This represented an increase of \$1,483,113 over fiscal year 2015. A prior period adjustment of \$388,229 is not reflected in the above chart for FY 2015, which accounts for the difference in the change in net position. The increase in the change in net position is reflected in the Statement of Activities shown in Table 2 for governmental funds and Table 3 for business-type activities.

By far, the largest portion of the City of Rio Vista's net position, 82.8%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City of Rio Vista uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Rio Vista's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Rio Vista's net position, 6.3%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$9,321,615 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

The City of Rio Vista's overall net position increased \$1,483,113 from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

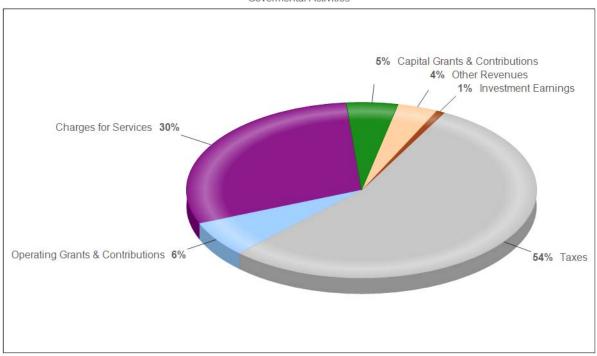
Governmental Activities. During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased \$203,140 from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$13,913,416. Revenues increased 8% and expenses increased 24% from prior year.

TABLE 2
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CHANGES IN NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30.

	2016	2015
REVENUES Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Taxes Investment earnings Other Transfers	\$ 2,453,187 532,182 392,267 4,455,892 66,498 298,843 25,000	2 419,863 7 233,466 2 4,412,932 5 97,522 3 239,218
Total Revenue	8,223,866	7,586,958
EXPENSES General government Public safety Parks and recreation Development Public Works Interest and fiscal charges	1,957,778 3,959,472 414,148 562,37 1,121,208	2 3,896,171 3 402,690 1 459,399 9 831,194
Total Expenses	8,020,726	6,457,770
Change in net position	203,140	1,129,188
Net position - beginning Prior period restatement	13,322,047 388,229	, ,
Net position - beginning, restated	13,710,276	12,192,859
Net position - ending	\$ <u>13,913,416</u>	6 \$ <u>13,322,047</u>

Sources of Revenues

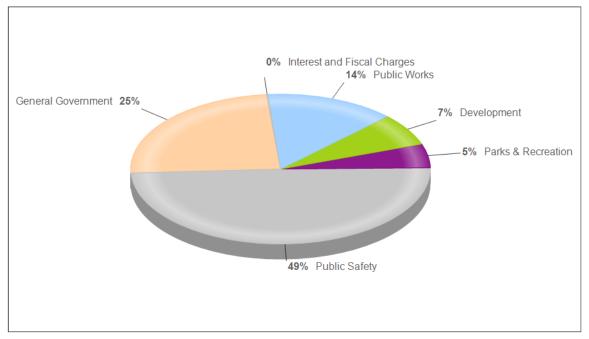
Governmental Activities



As reflected above, 54% or \$4,455,892 of the City's governmental activities revenues as of June 30, 2016 were comprised of tax increments. Program revenues were 41% of governmental activities. Of this amount, 6% or \$532,182 was derived from operating grants and contributions, 5% or \$392,267 was derived from capital grants and contributions, and 30% or \$2,453,187 was derived from charges for services. The remaining sources of revenues included 1% of investment earnings and 4% of other revenues. Total governmental revenues increased \$636,908 or 8% mainly due to an increase in RDA dissolution taxes, grant revenue for the Waterfront Promenade project, and building and permit fees as a result of the improving economy.

Functional Expenses

Governmental Activities



As identified in the functional expenses chart, 49% or \$3,959,472 of the City's expenses were for public safety. 25% or \$1,957,778 were for general government expenses. The remaining functional expenses included 14% or \$1,121,209 for public works, 7% or \$562,371 in development, 5% or \$414,148 in parks and recreation, and less than 1% or \$5,748 in interest and fiscal charges. The City's total governmental expenses increased \$1,562,956 from the prior fiscal year.

The change in expenses from prior year is attributable to various factors:

General Government Expenses

General government expenses increased \$1,115,919 or 133% mainly due to the landfill corrective action plan as well as increased other post-employment benefits.

Public Safety Expenses

Public safety expenses increased 2% or \$63,301 mainly due to increased other post-employment benefits.

Development Expenses

Development expenses increased 22% or \$102,972 mainly due to an increase in construction management and other contractual services as well as increased other post-employment benefits.

Public Works Expenses

Public works expenses increased 12% or \$290,015 mainly due to payments to STA for the SR12 and Church Road project.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

TABLE 3 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CHANGES IN NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30,

		2016		2015
REVENUES Charges for services Investment earnings Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	\$	7,420,697 45,551 320,268 80,816	\$	7,470,446 38,056 467,455 730,835
Total Revenue	_	7,867,332	_	8,706,792
EXPENSES Water Beach Drive Treatment facility NW Wastewater Treatment facility Airport Business Park Transit Transfers	_	1,866,243 1,981,592 1,666,787 482,432 67,687 497,618 25,000		1,857,751 1,711,905 1,554,949 494,935 52,029 496,244 (2,918)
Total Expenses	_	6,587,359	_	6,164,895
Change in net position	_	1,279,973	_	2,541,897
Net position - beginning Prior period restatement		70,585,860	_	68,468,629 (424,666)
Net position - beginning, restated		70,585,860		68,043,963
Net position - ending	\$ <u></u>	71,865,833	\$_	70,585,860

The City of Rio Vista uses fund accounting to segregate accounts for specific activities or objectives, including demonstrating finance related legal compliance.

Enterprise Funds

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,279,973.

Revenues

Capital grants decreased \$650,019 due to the Airport Improvement Program project. Most of the construction occurred in the prior year, and expenditures were reimbursed from the FAA grant. There are no capital asset gains for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Expenses

Beach Drive Treatment Facility expenses increased \$269,687 or 16% mainly due to repairs needed and an increase in contractor fees. NW Treatment Facility expenses increased \$111,838 or 7% mainly due to repairs needed and an increase in contractor fees.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available to provide services and capital project construction. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net spendable resources.

At the end of FY 2016, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$11,927,415, an increase of \$1,005,666 from the prior year. This increase is largely attributable to improved revenue streams from fees and permits and grant revenue received for the waterfront promenade and lighted crosswalk projects. Measure O, a transactions and use tax, was passed in November 2012 and resulted in a temporary sales tax increase of 0.75%. The total revenues received in FY 2016 from Measure O were \$800,718.

Of the total fund balance of \$11,927,415 approximately \$2,226,335 is nonspendable, \$1,645,523 is restricted, \$142,569 is committed, \$5,484,304 is assigned for various purposes, and \$2,428,684 is unassigned.

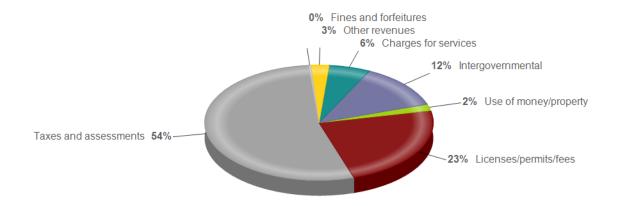
The table below presents the amount of revenues from various sources for the current and prior fiscal year.

Revenues Classified by Source Governmental Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

		20 ⁻	16		15	
		Amount	% of Total	Amount		% of Total
Revenues by Source						
Taxes and assessments	\$	4,455,892	53.6 %	\$	4,412,932	59.8 %
Licenses, permits, and fees		1,936,254	23.3 %		1,729,115	23.4 %
Fines and forfeitures		24,348	0.3 %		13,623	0.2 %
Use of money and property		164,610	2.0 %		178,806	2.4 %
Intergovernmental revenues		1,035,031	12.5 %		440,990	6.0 %
Charges for services		492,585	5.9 %		444,137	6.0 %
Other revenue	_	200,728	2.4 %	_	157,934	2.1 %
Total Revenue	\$	8,309,448	100 %	\$	7,377,537	<u>100</u> %

Revenues Classified by Source

Governmental Funds FY 2015-16



Key elements of the changes noted above include:

Taxes and assessments provide the greatest source of revenues for the City. These sources represent 54% of total revenues and increased 1% from prior year mainly due to increase in property and sales taxes. Charges for services represents 6% of total revenues and increased 11% from prior year mainly due to plan check fees. Other revenues reflect all revenues not included in the individual revenue source categories listed above. Other revenues represent 3% of total revenues and increased 27% from prior year mainly due to RDA dissolution taxes. Licenses, permits and fees represents 23% of total revenues and increased 12% mainly due to an increase in building permits and fees. Intergovernmental revenues represents 13% of total revenues and increased 135%% mainly due to grants for the waterfront promenade and lighted crosswalk projects.

The following table presents expenditures by function compared to prior year amounts:

Expenditures by Function Governmental Funds For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

		20	16		2015					
		Amount	% of Total		Amount	% of Total				
Expenditures by Function										
General government	\$	815,427	11.1 %	\$	727,973	10.7 %				
Public safety		3,881,046	53.0 %		3,706,076	54.5 %				
Parks and recreation		296,487	4.0 %		311,801	4.6 %				
Development		565,524	7.7 %		461,514	6.8 %				
Public Works		1,001,195	13.7 %		755,678	11.1 %				
Debt service										
Principal		127,940	1.7 %		124,020	1.8 %				
Interest and other charges		18,451	0.3 %		24,845	0.4 %				
Capital outlay	_	622,712	<u>8.5</u> %	-	689,618	<u>10.1</u> %				
Total Expenditures	\$	7,328,782	100 %	\$_	6,801,525	100 %				

Key elements of the changes noted above include:

General government represents 11% of total expenditures and costs increased 12% mainly due to increased consultant costs. Public safety represents 53% of total expenditures and costs increased 5% mainly due to increased fire and police personnel. Development represents 8% of total expenditures and costs increased 23% mainly due to an increase in construction management and other contractual services. Public works represents 14% of total expenditures and costs increased 32% mainly due to increased contractual services.

Major Funds

General Fund. The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2016, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,850,810 while the total fund balance amounted to \$3,887,693. The General Fund saw an increase of fund balance of \$485,673. Total revenues increased \$261,433 or 5% from the prior fiscal year. This was primarily due to an increase in fees and permits. Total expenditures increased \$151,718 or 3%.

Capital Projects Fund. The Capital Projects Fund had an ending fund deficit of \$(336,985), a decrease of \$96,551 from the prior year. There was an increase in transfers in from other funds for the capital outlay projects.

Municipal Improvement Fund. The Municipal Improvement Fund had an ending fund balance of \$4,705,044, an increase of \$446,269 from the prior year.

Other Governmental Funds. Nonmajor governmental funds aggregated to a \$22,827 decrease in fund balances as revenues continue to exceed expenditures.

Enterprise Funds

The following presents the net operating income (loss) for the City's Enterprise Funds for the year ended June 30:

Proprietary Funds Net Operating Income (Loss) for the Year Ended June 30,

	2	016	2015
Water Beach Treatment Facility NW Wastewater Treatment Facility Airport Other Enterprise Funds	\$	827,448 \$ 849,932 (50,200) (274,037) (118,467)	835,932 1,216,778 (3,272) (271,356) 56,644
Total	\$ <u> 1</u>	<u>,234,676</u> \$	1,834,726

The Enterprise Funds showed a decrease of \$600,050 in net operating income (loss) compared to the prior fiscal year. Each Enterprise Fund showed a significant change from the prior year as discussed below:

Water – Net operating income decreased to \$827,448. Expenditures in the Water Fund increased from the prior fiscal year expenditure of \$1,851,434 to a total of \$1,866,243 in the current fiscal year. Total current year operating revenues of \$2,693,691 increased \$6,325 over prior year. After adding non-operating revenues, the water fund realized an increase in net position of \$817,873.

Beach Treatment Facility – Total operating revenues of \$2,778,965 less total operating expenditures of \$1,929,033, resulted in net operating income of \$849,932. After net non-operating expenditures of \$41,198, the Beach Treatment Facility had a net change of \$808,734 in net position.

NW Wastewater Treatment Facility – Total operating revenues of \$1,616,587 less total operating expenditures of \$1,666,787, resulted in a net operating loss of \$50,200. The NW Treatment Facility had a change of net position of \$(35,988).

Airport – The airport's net operating loss of \$274,037 increased from the prior year net loss of \$271,356. Depreciation expense of \$284,298 contributed significantly to the net operating loss.

Other Enterprise Funds – This fund, which includes Transit and Business Park, resulted in total net operating loss of \$118,467 in the current fiscal year. Operating revenues of \$446,838 decreased from prior year operating revenue of \$611,234 by \$164,396.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, was \$72,487,397 and \$71,657,790 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes: infrastructure, land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, construction in progress and equipment. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for FY 2016 was \$829,607.

For government wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets are depreciated from the acquisition date over their useful lives. Governmental fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures. Capital assets for the governmental and business type activities are presented in the following table to illustrate changes from the prior year.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation) As of June 30, 2016 and 2015

				2016			2015						
		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
Land	\$	1,968,598	\$	552,108	\$	2,520,706	\$	1,968,598	\$	552,108	\$	2,520,706	
Construction in progress		271,752		4,172,445		4,444,197		371,937		5,246,413		5,618,350	
Buildings & improvements		1,732,207		41,362,319		43,094,526		1,888,527		42,295,096		44,183,623	
Runways		-		6,823,798		6,823,798		-		6,330,067		6,330,067	
Equipment		126,302		108,992		235,294		160,255		129,714		289,969	
Vehicles		494,720		208,486		703,206		628,023		288,565		916,588	
Infrastructure	_	4,011,021	_	10,654,649	_	14,665,670	_	3,545,028	_	8,253,459	_	11,798,487	
Total Net Capital Assets	\$	8,604,600	\$_	63,882,797	\$_	72,487,397	\$_	8,562,368	\$_	63,095,422	\$_	71,657,790	

Additional information about the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The City uses a variety of indebtedness to finance various capital acquisitions. At June 30, 2016, the City's long-term debt outstanding was \$399,995. Of this total, \$300,640 was in governmental activities and \$99,355 was in business-type activities. Additional information about the City's long-term obligations can be found in Note 6 in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements. The following table recaps the City's long-term liabilities as of June 30:

Long-Term Debt Outstanding Balances As of June 30,

_	2016		2015			
\$	57,000	\$	83,000			
	11,029		15,214			
	15,845		20,613			
	123,682		183,548			
	18,377		20,801			
	74,707	_	105,404			
\$	300,640	\$	428,580			
\$	-	\$	1,105,000			
	99,355		105,355			
\$	99,355	\$	1,210,355			
		\$ 57,000 11,029 15,845 123,682 18,377 74,707 \$ 300,640 \$ - 99,355	\$ 57,000 \$ 11,029 15,845 123,682 18,377 74,707 \$ 300,640 \$ \$ \$ 99,355			

Special Assessment District Debt:

Special assessment districts in different parts of the City have also issued debt to finance infrastructure and facilities construction entirely in those districts. At June 30, 2016, a total of \$26,675,500 in special assessment district debt was outstanding, issued by three assessment districts. The Community Facilities Districts No. 2004-1 and 2006-1 were created to assist in financing a portion of the Northwest and Beach Wastewater Facilities in the amounts of \$12,975,000 and \$12,875,000. Also, Reassessment District No. 2007-1R Refunding Bonds had a balance of \$825,500. All district debt is secured only by special assessments on the real property in the district issuing the debt, and is not the City's responsibility, although the City does act as these Districts' agent in the collection and remittance of assessments.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Governmental Activities

Due to the local economy, general revenues from the City's main sources have continued to fall short when compared to prior fiscal years. To address this decline, the City Council approved Ordinance 665 in August 2012 for a measure to be placed on the ballot to generate additional revenue for the City. In November 2012, the residents passed Measure O, a transactions and use tax, which resulted in a sales tax increase of 0.75%, which became operative on April 1, 2013. In November 2016 residents voted to renew Measure O for an additional five years. The Ordinance sunsets on April 1, 2023. The City also continues to seek out alternative revenue sources through future development activity, grants, sale of City assets/land, etc. In order to reduce personnel related costs, the City Council approved shifting a share of the employer paid employee benefits to the employees through labor negotiations. The first round of cost shifting was implemented April 18, 2015, and the second round was implemented January 1, 2016.

Business-type Activities

The City issued 45 new business licenses during the past year. The largest was Family Dollar, which opened June 24, 2015, and is projected to employ up to 24 full and parttime employees when fully operational, followed by Highway 12 Dinner which will employ 11 people.

The City is seeking to develop the Business Park and has partnered with the Solano Economic Development to define potential business that could be enticed to open in Rio Vista.

The City is also moving forward with establishing an Estuarine Research Station at the City owned Army Base Site. This project is in the final Environmental Impact Report stage and is expected to name the City of Rio Vista as the preferred location alternative. It is anticipated that it will bring approximately 160 new jobs to the City.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This MD&A is designed to provide the City's residents, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about this document or require additional information, contact the Finance Department at One Main Street, Rio Vista, CA 94571 or you may visit our website at www.riovistacity.com for contact information.

CITY OF RIO VISTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and investments (Note 2)	\$	9,634,844	\$	7,373,567	\$	17,008,411
Accounts receivable, net		1,061,529		1,051,136		2,112,665
Interest receivable		4,764		377		5,141
Due from other governments		-		64,960		64,960
Notes receivable (Note 3)		114,427		-		114,427
Other assets (Note 11)		175,999		-		175,999
Internal balances		2,020,064		(2,020,064)		-
Prepaid items and deposits		33,472		7,002		40,474
Inventory				37,251		37,251
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Capital assets (Note 5)		-		3,764,709		3,764,709
Land and construction in progress		2,240,350		4,724,553		6.964.903
Capital assets being depreciated, net		6,364,250		59,158,244		65,522,494
Total capital assets	-	8,604,600	-	63,882,797	-	72,487,397
·	-		-		-	_
Total Assets	-	21,649,699	-	74,161,735	-	95,811,434
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
2016 Pension contributions (Note 8)		667,882		54,458		722,340
Changes in the net pension liability (Note 8)		394,167		17,224		411,391
Deferred amount on bond refunding (Note 6)	_		_	52,136	-	<u>52,136</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	1,062,049	-	123,818	-	1,185,867
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts payable		347,841		466,783		814,624
Accrued payroll and benefits		59,259		15,844		75,103
Interest payable		-		11,424		11,424
Deposits payable		99,549		109,223		208,772
Unearned revenue		409,278		158,532		567,810
Compensated absences (Note 6):		,		,		•
Due within one year		81,743		22,557		104,300
Due in more than one year		252,926		69,795		322,721
Landfill post-closure (Note 14):		202,020		00,.00		0==,. = .
Due in more than one year		1,828,603		_		1,828,603
Long-term liabilities (Note 6):		1,020,000				1,020,000
Due within one year		133,758		71,000		204,758
Due in more than one year		166,882		1,068,355		1,235,237
Other postemployment benefits (Note 9)		100,002		1,000,333		1,233,237
Due in more than one year		628,221		_		628,221
Net pension liability (Note 8)		,				•
Due in more than one year	-	4,168,452	_	373,772	-	4,542,224
Total Liabilities	=	8,176,512	-	2,367,285	-	10,543,797
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Changes in the net pension liability (Note 8)		621,820		52,435		674,255
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-		_	,	-	,
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		8,303,960		62,743,442		71,047,402
Restricted for:		-,000,000		,o, . 1 -		,0 , .02
Capital projects		752,869		3,759,041		4,511,910
Debt service		62,451		5,668		68,119
Specific projects and programs		830,203		5,000		830,203
Unrestricted		3,963,933		5,357,682		9,321,615
Onicothicieu	-	<u> </u>	-	5,557,002	-	3,321,013
Total Net Position	\$_	13,913,416	\$_	71,865,833	\$	85,779,249

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Program Revenues	5	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position									
					Primary	Government								
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total							
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT														
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Parks and recreation Development Public works Interest and fiscal charges Total governmental activities	\$ 1,957,778 3,959,472 414,148 562,371 1,121,209 5,748 8,020,726	\$ 287,659 211,709 73,302 925,921 954,596 2,453,187	\$ 5,000 527,182 - - - - - - - 532,182	\$ - - 392,267 - 392,267	\$ (1,665,119 (3,220,581 (340,846 363,550 225,654 (5,748 (4,643,090	- - - - - -	\$ (1,665,119) (3,220,581) (340,846) 363,550 225,654 (5,748) (4,643,090)							
Business-type activities: Water Beach Drive treatment facility	1,866,243 1,981,592	2,693,691 2,778,965	-	-	-	827,448 797,373	827,448 797,373							
NW Wastewater treatment facilities Airport Business park	1,666,787 482,432 67,687	1,616,587 204,884 91,722	- -	- 66,508 -	- - -	(50,200) (211,040) 24,035	(50,200) (211,040) 24,035							
Transit Total business-type activities	497,618 6,562,359	34,848 7,420,697	320,268 320,268	14,308 80,816		(128,194) 1,259,422	(128,194) 1,259,422							
Total primary government	\$ 14,583,085 General revenues:	\$9,873,884	\$ 852,450	\$ 473,083	\$ (4,643,090) \$1,259,422	\$ (3,383,668)							
	Property taxes Sales taxes Other taxes				\$ 2,282,191 1,820,102 353,599	-	\$ 2,282,191 1,820,102 353,599							
	Investment earning Rental income Miscellaneous	S			66,495 98,115 200,728	45,551 - -	112,046 98,115 200,728							
	Transfers Total general rev	venues			25,000 4,846,230		4,866,781							
	Change in net po	osition			203,140	1,279,973	1,483,113							
	Net position - July 1 Prior period restate	ment (Note 16)			13,322,047 388,229		83,907,907 388,229							
	Net position - July 1				13,710,276 \$ 13,913,416		84,296,136 \$ 85,779,249							

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

		General Fund		Capital Projects				Municipal Improvements		-		•		Governmental		Total Governmental Funds	
<u>ASSETS</u>																	
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid items Due from other funds Notes receivable Other assets Advances to other funds	\$	2,326,404 609,439 4,113 32,858 383,945 - 175,999 974,455	\$	89,024 - - - - - -	\$	3,531,574 - 584 - - - 1,173,408	\$	3,776,866 363,066 67 614 - 114,427 - 45,000	\$	9,634,844 1,061,529 4,764 33,472 383,945 114,427 175,999 2,192,863							
Total Assets	\$_	4,507,213	\$_	89,024	\$_	4,705,566	\$_	4,300,040	\$_	13,601,843							
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and benefits Unearned revenue Deposits payable Due to other funds Advances from other funds Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	\$	252,487 49,655 311,724 5,654 - - 619,520	\$	23,882 - 23,621 - 289,482 - 336,985	\$	522 522 - - - 522	\$ _	71,472 9,604 73,411 93,895 94,463 172,799 515,644	\$	347,841 59,259 409,278 99,549 383,945 172,799							
RESOURCES				00.004				110 700		004.757							
Unavailable revenues	_		_	89,024	-	-	_	112,733	_	201,757							
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	_	1,007,313 - - 29,570 2,850,810	_	- - - - (336,985)	_	1,173,408 - - 3,531,636	_	45,614 1,645,523 142,569 1,923,098 (85,141)	_	2,226,335 1,645,523 142,569 5,484,304 2,428,684							
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		3,887,693		(336,985)	_	4,705,044		3,671,663		11,927,415							
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ <u>_</u>	4,507,213	\$ <u>_</u>	89,024	\$ <u>_</u>	4,705,566	\$_	4,300,040	\$_	13,601,843							

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Total fund balances of governmental funds	\$	11,927,415
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$6,974,640.		8,604,600
Certain notes, loans, and interest receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are offset by deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.		
Deferred inflows of resources		100,000
Deferred outflows of resources related to 2016 pension contributions were made subsequent to the measurement date.		667,882
Deferred outflows of resources related to changes in the net pension liability are not reported in the governmental funds.		394,167
Long-term liabilities are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Long-term liabilities		(300,640)
Compensated absences		(334,669)
Net OPEB obligation Landfill closure liability		(628,221) (1,828,603)
Net pension liability		(4,168,452)
Deferred inflows related to changes in the net pension liability		(621,820)
Certain accounts receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are offset by deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.		101,757
and did and diset by deferred innows of resources in the governmental funds.	_	101,101
Net position of governmental activities	\$_	13,913,416

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General Fund	Capital Projects	Municipal Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes and assessments Licenses, permits, and fees Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ 3,932,081 955,065 24,348 133,281 7,563 492,585	\$ - - - 496,709	\$ - 460,313 - 11,325	\$ 523,811 520,876 - 20,004 530,759	\$ 4,455,892 1,936,254 24,348 164,610 1,035,031 492,585
Other revenues	133,780	-		66,948	200,728
Total Revenues	5,678,703	496,709	471,638	1,662,398	8,309,448
EXPENDITURES					
Current: General administration Public safety Parks and recreation Development Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal	815,427 3,132,502 251,583 529,006 380,163 6,963	- - - - 542,975	- - - - 418 -	748,544 44,904 36,518 620,614 72,774	815,427 3,881,046 296,487 565,524 1,001,195 622,712
Interest and fiscal charges	10,191			8,260	18,451
Total Expenditures	5,194,655	542,975	418	1,590,734	7,328,782
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	484,048	(46,266)	471,220	71,664	980,666
(USES)					
Transfers in Transfers out	1,625 	142,817 	(24,951)	60,000 <u>(154,491</u>)	204,442 (179,442)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,625	142,817	(24,951)	(94,491)	25,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	485,673	96,551	446,269	(22,827)	1,005,666
Fund Balances (Deficits) - July 1, 2015 Prior Period Adjustment (Note 16)	3,013,791 388,229	(433,536) 	4,258,775 	3,694,490	6,708,281 388,229
Fund Balances (Deficits) - July 1, 2015, restated	3,402,020	(433,536)	4,258,775	3,694,490	10,921,749
Fund Balances (Deficits) - June 30, 2016	\$ <u>3,887,693</u>	\$ <u>(336,985</u>)	\$ 4,705,044	\$ <u>3,671,663</u>	\$ <u>11,927,415</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Reconciliation of the change in fund balances - total governmental funds to the change in net position of governmental activities:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,005,666
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital asset purchases Depreciation expense	586,367 (520,802)
Government funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the Statement of Activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.	(23,333)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Proceeds from long-term liabilities are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Debt principal payments	127,940
Compensated absence expenditures reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in a governmental fund. This is the net change in compensated absences for the current period.	(30,575)
Accrued interest payable is interest due on long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest in the current period.	12,703
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Pension expense related to deferred outflows and inflows of resources Other postemployment benefits Landfill closure	458,967 (212,264) (1,090,947)
Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities will not be collected for several months after year-end and do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	101,758
Some revenues reported in the prior year Statement of Activities were recognized in the governmental funds in the current year.	 (212,340)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 203,140

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Е	Business-tvi	oe A	ctivities - Er	iterpri	se Funds
		raemiece ty		Beach Drive		-
				Treatment	NW	Wastewater
		Water		Facility		ment Facility
ASSETS			_			
Current Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	1,967,112	\$	1,643,850	\$	1,800,324
Restricted cash and investments		2,335,700		1,159,137		109,822
Accounts receivable, net		305,303		368,608		145,145
Interest receivable		162		132		37
Prepaid items		1,097		565		565
Inventory		<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total Current Assets		4,609,374	_	3,172,292		2,055,893
Non Current Assets						
Due from other governments		-		32,480		-
Advances to other funds		218,704		38,705		-
Capital assets:						
Land and construction in progress		4,256,851		40,594		-
Depreciable assets, net		9,638,156	_	6,990,665		34,685,295
Total Non-Current Assets		14,113,711	_	7,102,444		34,685,295
Total Assets		18,723,085	_	10,274,736		36,741,188
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
2016 Pension contributions		25,680		15,979		9,103
Changes in net pension liability		8,180		5,070		2,906
Deferred amount on debt refunding		0,100		52,136		2,300
Total Deferred Outflows		33,860	_	73,185		12,009
Total Deferred Outflows	_	33,000	_	73,103		12,003
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	227,393	\$	76,902	\$	59,153
Accrued salaries and benefits	•	8,104	•	3,970	•	2,373
Accrued interest payable		-, -		7,913		-
Deposits payable		84,748		· -		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-
Compensated absences - current		11,770		5,646		3,281
Capital lease - current		6,000		=		-
Bonds payable - current			_	65,000		
Total Current Liabilities		338,015	_	159,431		64,807
Non-Current Liabilities						
Advances from other funds		-		1,244,901		-
Compensated absences - noncurrent		36,418		17,469		10,154
Capital lease - noncurrent		93,355		=		-
Bonds payable - noncurrent		-		975,000		-
Net pension liability		179,045	_	110,472		63,753
Total Non-Current Liabilities	_	308,818	_	2,347,842		73,907
Total Liabilities		646,833	_	2,507,273		138,714
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Changes in net pension liability		24,729		15,385		8,768
Changes in het pension liability	-	24,729	_	15,565		0,700
NET POSITION:						
Net investment in capital assets		13,795,652		5,991,259		34,685,295
Restricted for debt service				5,668		-
Restricted for capital projects		2,335,700		1,153,469		109,822
Unrestricted		1,954,031		674,867		1,810,598
		.,,001	_	2,007		.,
Total Net Position	\$	18,085,383	\$_	7,825,263	\$	36,605,715

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

		Business-ty	pe /	Activities - Ente	erpri	se Funds
		A import		Other Enterprise		Totals
ASSETS	_	Airport	_	Funds	_	Totals
Current Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	32,174	\$	1,930,107	\$	7,373,567
Restricted cash and investments		160,050		-		3,764,709
Accounts receivable, net		13,540		218,540		1,051,136
Interest receivable		-		46		377
Prepaid items		4,654		121		7,002
Inventory Total Current Assets	_	37,251 247,669	-	2,148,814	_	37,251 12,234,042
Total Garrent Assets	_	247,000	-	2,140,014	_	12,204,042
Non Current Assets						
Due from other governments		-		32,480		64,960
Advances to other funds		-		-		257,409
Capital assets:		405.040		04 705		4 704 550
Land and construction in progress		405,313		21,795		4,724,553
Depreciable assets, net Total Non-Current Assets	_	7,300,639 7,705,952	-	543,489 597,764	_	59,158,244 64,205,166
Total Non-Current Assets	_	7,703,932	-	397,704	_	04,203,100
Total Assets	_	7,953,621	_	2,746,578		76,439,208
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
2016 Pension contributions		2,337		1,359		54,458
Changes in net pension liability		699		369		17,224
Deferred amount on debt refunding			_		_	52,136
Total Deferred Outflows	_	3,036	_	1,728		123,818
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	42,088	\$	61,247	\$	466,783
Accrued salaries and benefits		750		647		15,844
Accrued interest payable		3,511		-		11,424
Deposits payable		13,646		10,829		109,223
Unearned revenues		155,699		2,833		158,532
Compensated absences - current		1,110		750		22,557
Capital lease - current		-		-		6,000
Bonds payable - current Total Current Liabilities	_	216,804	-	76,306	_	65,000 855,363
Total Guitent Liabilities		210,004	-	70,300	_	033,303
Non-Current Liabilities						
Advances from other funds		1,032,572		=		2,277,473
Compensated absences - noncurrent		3,435		2,319		69,795
Capital lease - noncurrent		-		-		93,355
Bonds payable - noncurrent		- 14,134		6 369		975,000 373,773
Net pension liability Total Non-Current Liabilities	_	1,050,141	-	6,368 8,687	_	3/3,7/2 3,789,395
Total Liabilities		1,266,945	_	84,993		4,644,758
Total Liabilities	_	1,200,945	_	64,993	_	4,044,750
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Changes in net pension liability		2,248		1,305		52,435
Changes in het perioien nability	_	2,270	-	1,505	_	52,455
NET POSITION:						
Net investment in capital assets		7,705,952		565,284		62,743,442
Restricted for debt service		-		-		5,668
Restricted for capital projects		160,050		-		3,759,041
Unrestricted	_	(1,178,538)	_	2,096,724	_	5,357,682
Total Net Position	\$	6,687,464	\$_	2,662,008	\$	71,865,833

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Water		each Drive Freatment Facility		/ Wastewater Treatment Facility			
OPERATING REVENUES	Φ	0.000.004	Φ	0.770.005	Φ	4 04 4 475			
Charges for services	\$	2,693,691	\$	2,778,965	\$	1,614,475			
Rents Sale of fuel		-		-		-			
Grant revenue		_		_		_			
Other revenue		_		_		2,112			
Other revenue	_		_			2,112			
Total Operating Revenue	_	2,693,691	_	2,778,965		1,616,587			
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Salaries and benefits		584,449		348,982		200,648			
Materials, supplies, & operational				- 10,000					
expenses		133,092		118,104		93,153			
Repairs and maintenance		164,062		68,630		24,386			
Power and utilities		178,054		90,792		186,726			
Contractual services		62,661		930,384		684,448			
Professional services		33,256		8,897		5,375			
Insurance		8,665		11,858		11,832			
Miscellaneous		94,057		101,965		32,323			
Depreciation and amortization		607,947		249,421		427,896			
Total Operating Expenses	_	1,866,243	_	1,929,033		1,666,787			
Operating Income (Loss)	_	827,448	_	849,932	_	(50,200)			
NON-OPERATING REVENUES									
(EXPENSES)		45.405		44.004		44.040			
Interest income		15,425		11,361		11,212			
Interest expense		-		(52,559)		-			
Capital grants	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			
Total Non-Operating Revenues		45.405		(44,400)		44.040			
(Expenses)	_	<u> 15,425</u>	_	(41,198)		11,212			
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	_	842,873	_	808,734		(38,988)			
TRANSFERS									
Transfers in		_		_		3,000			
Transfers out		(25,000)		-		-			
Total Transfers						2 000			
Total Transfers	_	(25,000)	_	<u> </u>		3,000			
Change in net position		817,873		808,734		(35,988)			
Net Position - July 1, 2015	_	17,267,510	_	7,016,529	_	36,641,703			
Net Position - June 30, 2016	\$_	18,085,383	\$	7,825,263	\$	36,605,715			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Airport		Other Enterprise Funds		Totals	
OPERATING REVENUES			_				
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	18,170	\$	7,105,301	
Rents		181,183		90,866		272,049	
Sale of fuel		20,892		-		20,892	
Grant revenue		-		320,268		320,268	
Other revenue		2,809		17,534	_	22,455	
Total Operating Revenue	_	204,884		446,838	_	7,740,965	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Salaries and benefits		58,695		76,158		1,268,932	
Materials, supplies, & operational		,		-,		,,	
expenses		39,517		64,464		448,330	
Repairs and maintenance		14,703		14,308		286,089	
Power and utilities		31,232		2,722		489,526	
Contractual services		12,765		291,439		1,981,697	
Professional services		3,036		40,606		91,170	
Insurance		5,593		-		37,948	
Miscellaneous		29,082		7,304		264,731	
Depreciation and amortization	_	284,298		68,304	_	1,637,866	
Total Operating Expenses	_	478,921		565,305	_	6,506,289	
Operating Income (Loss)	_	(274,037)		(118,467)	_	1,234,676	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES							
(EXPENSES)							
Interest income		807		6,746		45,551	
Interest expense		(3,511)		-		(56,070)	
Capital grants	_	66,508	•	14,308	-	80,816	
Total Non-Operating Revenues							
(Expenses)	_	63,804		21,054	_	70,297	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	_	(210,233)		(97,413)	_	1,304,973	
TRANSFERS							
Transfers in		-		-		3,000	
Transfers out	_			(3,000)	_	(28,000)	
Total Transfers	_			(3,000)	_	(25,000)	
Change in net position		(210,233)		(100,413)		1,279,973	
Net Position - July 1, 2015	_	6,897,697		2,762,421	_	70,585,860	
Net Position - June 30, 2016	\$_	6,687,464	\$	2,662,008	\$_	71,865,833	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Water	Beach Drive Treatment Facility	NW Wastewater Treatment Facility				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING							
ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$ 2,702,236 (601,104) (610,144)	\$ 2,789,573 (1,427,983) (422,818)	\$ 1,609,659 (2,402,193) (213,187)				
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	1,490,988	938,772	(1,005,721)				
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Due (to) from other funds Transfers to other funds	220,000 (25,000)	77,832 	3,000				
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non- Capital Financing Activities	195,000	77,832	3,000				
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital contributions Proceeds on new debt Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt	(1,060,087) (6,000)	1,040,000 (1,305,781) (1,053,292) (61,859)	- - - -				
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,066,087)	(1,380,932)					
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING							
ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends	15,358	11,229	11,291				
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	15,358	11,229	11,291				
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	635,259	(353,099)	(991,430)				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2015	3,667,553	3,156,086	2,901,576				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2016	\$ <u>4,302,812</u>	\$2,802,987	\$ <u>1,910,146</u>				
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position							
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 1,967,112 2,335,700	\$ 1,643,850 1,159,137	\$ 1,800,324 109,822				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2016	\$ 4,302,812	\$ 2,802,987	\$ <u>1,910,146</u>				

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

OACH ELOWO EDOM ODEDATINO		Airport		Other Enterprise Funds		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	\$	214,214 (103,653) (59,449)	\$	306,863 (409,395) (76,016)	\$	7,622,545 (4,944,328) (1,381,614)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		51,112	_	(178,548)	=	1,296,603
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Due (to) from other funds Transfers to other funds		(103,398)	_	74,834 	-	269,268 (22,000)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non- Capital Financing Activities		(103,398)	_	74,834	=	247,268
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital contributions Proceeds on new debt Acquisition of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt	_	66,508 - (59,373) - -	_	14,308 - - - -	-	80,816 1,040,000 (2,425,241) (1,059,292) (61,859)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	7,135	_	14,308	-	(2,425,576)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	807 807	-	6,844 6,844	-	45,529 45,529
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(44,344)		(82,562)		(836,176)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2015	_	236,568	_	2,012,669	_	11,974,452
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2016	\$	192,224	\$_	1,930,107	\$	11,138,276
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position						
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$	32,174 160,050	\$_	1,930,107 -	\$	7,373,567 3,764,709
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2016	\$	192,224	\$_	1,930,107	\$	11,138,276

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Water		Seach Drive Treatment Facility		NW Vastewater Treatment Facility
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating Income (loss)	\$	827,448	\$	849,932	\$	(50,200)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:						
Depreciation		607,947		249,421		427,896
Pension expense Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts		(21,234)		(65,045)		(7,620)
receivable		4,555		10,608		(6,928)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses Increase in inventory		(747)		1,435		864
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		79,177		(98,788)		(1,364,718)
Increase in unearned revenue Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		3,990		-		-
Decrease in accrued wages		(7,825)		(5,356)		(3,015)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	_	(2,323)	_	(3,435)	_	(2,000)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$_	1,490,988	\$ <u>_</u>	938,772	\$ <u>_</u>	(1,005,721)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		Airport		Other Enterprise Funds		Totals
Operating Income (loss)	\$	(274,037)	\$	(118,467)	\$	1,234,676
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:						
Depreciation Pension expense Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts		284,298 (1,228)		68,304 (111)		1,637,866 (95,238)
receivable		705,313		(140,041)		573,507
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(79)		(121)		1,352
Increase in inventory Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(3,866) (658,516)		11,569		(3,866) (2,031,276)
Increase in unearned revenue		(030,310)		11,309		(2,031,276)
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		(1,246)		-		2,744
Decrease in accrued wages		(372)		(1,376)		(17,944)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	_	<u>845</u>	_	1,629	_	(5,284)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ <u>_</u>	51,112	\$ <u></u>	(178,548)	\$ <u>_</u>	1,296,603

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Private- Purpose Trust <u>Fund</u>		Agency Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments (Note 2) Interest receivable Restricted cash and investments (Note 2)	\$	- - -	\$	2,150,655 25 2,135,069
Total Assets	\$ <u></u>		\$	4,285,749
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other liabilities Cash overdraft Funds held in trust	\$	64,960 232,419 -	\$	77,249 - 4,208,500
Total Liabilities	\$ <u></u>	297,379	\$	4,285,749
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for private purposes	\$ <u></u>	(297,379)	\$	_

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Private- Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS	
Taxes and assessments Interest income	\$ 155,667 306
Total Additions	<u>155,973</u>
<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>	
Operating costs	<u>25,048</u>
Total Deductions	<u>25,048</u>
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	130,925
Fiduciary Net Position - July 1, 2015 Prior Period Adjustment (Note 16)	(40,075) (388,229)
Fiduciary Net Position - July 1, 2015, Restated	(428,304)
Fiduciary Net Position - June 30, 2016	\$ <u>(297,379)</u>

CITY OF RIO VISTA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Rio Vista (the "City") was incorporated in 1893, as a municipal corporation under the laws and regulations of the State of California. The City operates under a City Manager-Council form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. Other services include utilities, transit, and airport.

The financial statements and accounting policies of the City conform with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting policies are summarized below:

A. The Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial activities of the City along with the financial activities of its blended component unit, which is an entity for which the City is financially accountable. Together these entities comprise the primary government for reporting purposes. Although they are separate legal entities, blended component units are in substance part of the City's operations and are reported as an integral part of the City's financial statements. The City's component unit, which is described below, is blended.

City of Rio Vista Public Financing Authority

The City of Rio Vista Public Financing Authority (the "Authority") was formed as a joint powers authority between the City and the former Redevelopment Agency to serve as a financing mechanism of various capital projects. The City Council acts as the governing board in a concurrent session, as necessary. The bond issuance authorizations are approved by the City's Council and the legal liability for the Authority's debt remains with the City. The Authority provides services solely for the benefit of the City and is presented as a debt service fund. No separate financial statements are issued for the Authority.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

These standards require that the financial statements described below be presented.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include the activities of the overall City government except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the City. The City's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

CITY OF RIO VISTA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories with each major fund displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds in a single column, regardless of their fund type.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> - Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Proprietary Funds

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Fiduciary Funds (not included in government-wide statements)

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are clearing type funds for the collection of taxes or deposits held in trust, on behalf of individuals, private organizations and other governments. The funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Funds</u> - Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to report all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Major Funds

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. For the City, the general fund includes such activities such as public safety, public ways and facilities, parks and recreation services, and economic development services.

Capital Projects - This fund is used to account for the City's major capital projects.

<u>Municipal Improvements</u> - This fund is used to collect fees paid by developers of construction projects to be used to help fund future capital municipal improvements needed as a result of current development.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds in the accompanying financial statements:

Water Fund - This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's water resources.

<u>Beach Drive Treatment Facility Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the cost of providing services to residents and businesses connected to the Beach Drive Sewer Facility.

<u>NW Wastewater Treatment Facility Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the cost of providing services to residents and businesses connected to the Northwest Sewer Facility.

Airport Fund - This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's airport operations.

The City also reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds - These funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of the results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. These funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for other governmental units or individuals.

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u> - This fund was created as a result of the State order to dissolve California Redevelopment Agencies. As the Successor Agency, this fund is used to track the activity by the Oversight Board and the Department of Finance to dissolve the Agency.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item "b" below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

a. All governmental funds are accounted for using a "current financial resources" measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- b. All proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with the operation of these funds are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- c. As agency funds report only assets and liabilities, they do not have a measurement focus. However, they use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables. The "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting is used for trust funds.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. In addition, all fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City defines available to be within 60 days of year-end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds for governmental long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual include taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest and charges for services. Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

Grant revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements are met. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City may fund certain programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position are available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary funds' principal operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer and transit enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Property Taxes

The County of Solano levies, bills, and collects property taxes and special assessments for the City. Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue when received, in the fiscal year or levy, due to the adoption of the "alternate method of property tax distribution", known as the Teeter Plan, by the City and the County of Solano. The Teeter Plan authorizes the Auditor/Controller of the County of Solano to allocate 100% of the secured property taxes billed, but not yet paid. The County of Solano remits tax monies to the City in two installments as follows:

50% remitted in December 45% remitted in April 5% remitted in June

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Tax collections are the responsibility of the County Tax Collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments; the first is due November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10; and the second is due on February 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do no constitute a lien against real property unless the tax becomes delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the County for late payment.

Property valuations are established by the Assessor of the County of Solano for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls. Under the provisions of Article XIIIA of the State Constitution, properties are assessed at 100% of purchase price or value in 1978 whichever is later. From this base assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of 2 percent. However, increases to full value are allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal property is excluded from these limitations, and is subject to annual reappraisal.

Tax levy dates are attached annually on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property, as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

E. Cash and Investments

The City pools the cash of all funds, except for monies deposited with fiscal agents in accordance with related bond indentures. The cash and investments balance in each fund represents that fund's equity share of the City's cash and investment pool. As the City places no restrictions on the deposit or withdrawal of a particular fund's equity in the pool, the pool operates like a demand deposit account for the participating funds.

Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly to the various funds based on month-end balances and is adjusted at fiscal year-end. Interest income on restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

The City's investments are carried at fair value. The fair value of equity and debt securities is determined based on sales prices or bid-and-asked quotations from SEC-registered securities exchanges or NASDAQ dealers. LAIF determines the fair value of their portfolio quarterly and reports a factor to the City; the City applies that factor to convert its share of LAIF from amortized cost to fair value. This amount is included in cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the governmental funds. Changes in fair value are allocated to each participating fund.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City has defined cash and cash equivalents to be change and petty cash funds, equity in the City's cash and investment pool, and restricted non-pooled investments with initial maturities of three months of less.

F. Accounts and Interest Receivable

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Receivables are recorded in the financial statements net of any allowance for doubtful accounts if applicable, and estimated refunds due. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants, police fines and other fees. Federal and state grants are considered receivable and accrue as revenue when reimbursable costs are incurred. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Long-term loans in governmental funds are treated as expenditures in the year advanced and as revenues in the year repayment is measurable and available. Loans receivable are recorded in the fund statements, but are offset by deferred inflows of resources to indicate they do not represent current financial resources. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables.

G. Prepaid Expenses and Inventory

Inventories are stated at cost (average cost per unit) for governmental and proprietary funds. The cost is recorded as an expenditure/expense in the funds at the time individual inventory items are consumed, rather than purchased. Inventories of governmental funds are offset by nonspendable fund balance to indicate they do not constitute resources available for future appropriation.

Prepaid items are also recognized under the consumption method. Payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant and equipment depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Assets acquired with grant funds may be capitalized even though their individual cost is less than \$5,000.

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets. The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Buildings and improvements10-100 yearsEquipment and machinery5 - 20 yearsVehicles5 - 12 yearsRunways50 yearsInfrastructure50 years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of debt financed capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick days in varying amounts based on classification and length of service. Upon termination or retirement, the City is to pay 100% of vacation and 50% of sick time accrued up to a maximum of 60 days, after three years of service. The City's liability for compensated absences is recorded at the City-wide level in the Statement of Net Position for Governmental Activities or in the Proprietary funds as appropriate. The liability for compensated absences is determined annually, however such compensated absences payments are not distinguished from regular payroll paid during the fiscal year.

Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability. The long-term portion of governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

J. Long Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term liabilities, and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Initial issue bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. The difference between the reacquisition price of refunding bonds and the net carrying amount of refunded debt (deferred amount on refunding) is amortized over the shorter of the lives of the refunding debt or remaining life of the refunded debt. Bond issuance costs, except for insurance, are expensed in the period incurred. Amortization of bond premiums or discounts, insurance costs, and deferred amounts on refunding is included in interest expense.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs during the period issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position, or balance sheet, will sometimes report a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will be be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position, or balance sheet, will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

N. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Net position is the excess of all the City's assets over all its liabilities, regardless of fund. Net position is divided into three categories. These categories apply only to net position, which is determined at the Government-wide level, and are described below:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints place on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Statements

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Amounts that are restricted for specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- d. Assigned Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted or committed.
- e. Unassigned Amounts representing the residual classification for the general fund and residual negative fund balance of special revenue and capital project funds.

Further detail about the City's fund balance classification is described in Note 10.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

P. Reclassifications

Certain accounts in prior-year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the presentation in the current-year financial statements.

Q. Implementation of Government Accounting Standards Board Statements

Effective July 1, 2015, the City implemented the following accounting and financial reporting standards:

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72

In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. This statement provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. See Note 2.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 76

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The objective of this Statement is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. There was no significant impact to the City or their financial statements as a result of the implementation.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79

In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. This Statement establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. This Statement establishes additional note disclosure requirements for qualifying external investment pools that measure all of their investments at amortized costs for financial reporting purposes and for governments that participate in those pools. Application of this statement is effective for the current year except for certain provisions on portfolio quality, custodial credit risk, and shadow pricing. Those provisions are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. There was no significant impact to the City or their financial statements as a result of the implementation.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 82

In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.* The primary objective of this statement is to address issues regarding the (1) presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016; however the City has elected to implement the statement in the current year. See Note 8.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

R. Future Government Accounting Standards Board Statements

These statements are not effective until July 1, 2016 or later. The City has not determined the effects on the financial statements.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB, and replaces Statements No. 45 and 57. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to OPEB. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77

In August 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This Statement requires disclosure of tax abatement Information about (1) a reporting government's own tax abatement agreements and (2) those that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 80

In January 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14.* The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. The City has not determined what impact, if any, this pronouncement will have on the financial statements. Application of this statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2016 were classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

		Cash and Investments		stricted Cash and nvestments	Cash	overdraft_		Total
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	9,634,844 7,373,567	\$	3,764,70 <u>9</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	9,634,844 11,138,276
Total government-wide cash and investments	_	17,008,411		3,764,709		<u>-</u>	_	20,773,120
Fiduciary activities	_	2,150,655	_	2,135,069		(232,419)	_	4,053,305
Total cash and investments	\$_	19,159,066	\$	5,899,778	\$	(232,419)	\$	24,826,425

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments were carried at fair value as of June 30, 2016 and consisted of the following:

Cash and Investments

Deposits:		
Cash on hand	\$	200
Cash in banks	_	21,898,342
Total cash		21,898,542
Money market funds		2,140,737
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	_	787,146
Total investments		2,927,883
Total cash and investments	\$	24,826,425

Authorized Investments of the City

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by the City's investment policy. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum	Maximum Credit Quality	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Credit Quality	Portiono	one Issuer
U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds U.S. Government-Sponsored Enterprise Agencies:	(A)	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Government National Mortgage Association	5 years	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Federal National Mortgage Association	5 years	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	5 years	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Federal Home Loan Bank	5 years	N/A	No Limit	No Limit
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	N/A	50%	(B)
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	Α	50%	No Limit
California Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	N/A	No Limit	\$40,000,000
Passbook Savings Account Demand Deposits	N/A	N/A	No Limit	per account No Limit

⁽A) Maximum maturities of 5 years or greater with specific City Council approval

⁽B) \$100,000 unless collateralized by eligible securities as provided by California Governmental Code Sections 53651 and 53652.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged as reserves to be used if the City fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City ordinance, bond indentures or State statute. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments with fiscal agents. The bond indentures contain no limitations for the maximum investment in any one issuer or the maximum percentage of the portfolio that may be invested in any one investment type. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	N/A
U.S. Agency Obligations	None	N/A
U.S. Government-Sponsored Agency Obligations State Obligations:	None	N/A
General Obligation	None	Α
General Short-Term Obligation	None	A-1+
Special Revenue Bonds	None	AA
Pre-Refunded Municipal Obligation	None	AAA
Unsecured Certificates of Deposit	30 days	A-1
FDIC-Insured Deposit	None	N/A
Repurchase Agreements	None	Α
Commercial Paper	270 Days	Three highest categories
Bankers' Acceptances	(A)	A-1
Money Market Mutual Funds	None	Three highest categories
Investment Agreement	None	N/A
Tax-Exempt Obligations	None	Three highest categories
State of California- Local Agency Investment Fund	None	N/A

(A) Maximum maturity is 30 days for all debt issues except the Community Facilities District No. 2006-1, which permits a maximum of up to 270 days.

Investment Valuation

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City's money market funds held by bond trustees were measured using Level 2 inputs at June 30, 2016.

Disclosure Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City's interest rate risk is mitigated is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity as of June 30, 2016:

	Remaining Maturity						
-	12	2 months or less		1-5 years			Fair Value
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	787,146	\$		-	\$	787,146
Held by bond trustee: Money market funds	_	2,140,737	_		_	_	2,140,737
	\$ <u></u>	2,927,883	\$_		<u>-</u>	\$	2,927,883

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City had no investments (including investments held by bond trustees) that were highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations as of June 30, 2016.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the fiscal year for each investment type.

	Rating as of Fiscal Year End			ear End	
		Total	S&P	Moody's	N/A
Local Agency Investment Fund Held by bond trustee:	\$	787,146			Not rated
Money market funds	_	2,140,737	AAAm	Aaa-mf	
	\$ <u></u>	2,927,883			

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the LAIF for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which is recorded on an amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$21,898,342 and bank balances were \$21,712,749.

Allocation of Interest Income Among Funds

Interest income from pooled investments is allocated to those funds which are required by law or administrative action to receive interest. Interest is allocated monthly based on the ending cash balances of the previous month in each fund receiving interest.

NOTE 3: NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE

The City has engaged in programs designed to encourage construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing or other projects. Under these programs, grants or loans are provided under favorable terms to homeowners who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's terms. The balances of these loans arising from these programs at June 30, 2016 were \$114,427. The loans have varying maturity dates and interest rates, depending on loan agreements. The balance of the notes receivable have been offset in the fund financial statements by deferred inflows of resources as they are not deemed measurable and available within 60 days, except for those loans that have current payment activity.

NOTE 4: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2016 was as follows:

Due to/from Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Description	 Amount
General Fund	Capital Projects ATOD Grant FEMA Safer Grant	Overdrawn cash balances Overdrawn cash balances Overdrawn cash balances	\$ 289,482 10,448 84,015
		Total Due to/From	\$ 383,945

Advances to/from Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund General Fund Municipal Improvement Municipal Improvement	Army Base Reuse Airport Airport Beach Drive Treatment	\$	172,799 801,656 153,507 1,019,901
1	Total Governmental Major Fund Advances		2,147,863
Parks and Recreation	Beach Drive Treatment	_	45,000
Total	Governmental Non-Major Fund Advances	_	45,000
Water Water Beach Drive Treatment	Airport Beach Drive Treatment Airport		38,704 180,000 38,705
	Total Proprietary Major Fund Advances	\$	257,409

The above advances were all made in prior years. In March 2016, the City Council approved an interfund repayment schedule for the above advances. Principal and interest payments are made annually at 0.34%, using a simple average interest method, unless waived by Council due to insufficient funds. Advances are set to be repaid by 2025.

NOTE 4: INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Interfund Transfers to/from Other Funds

Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Transfer from	Transfer To	Description of Transfer	Amount
Governmental Funds Municipal Improvements	Capital Projects	Parking lot project	\$ 24,951
	Total Major	Governmental Interfund Transfers	 24,951
ATOD Grant Gas Tax Personnel Services District Storm Drain Parks and Recreation	General Fund Capital Projects Vehicle Replacement Capital Projects Capital Projects Total Non- Major	Internal service fees Project matching funds Fire truck reserves Project matching funds Project matching funds **Governmental Interfund Transfers**	\$ 1,625 33,002 35,000 19,091 65,773
Proprietary Funds Water Transit	Vehicle Replacement NW Wastewater	Fire truck reserves Rental payment otal Proprietary Interfund Transfers	25,000 3,000 28,000
		Total Interfund Transfers	\$ 207,442

Intra-Fund Transfers between Funds

The following table represents intra-fund transfers made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

Transfer from	Transfer To	Description of Transfer	 Amount
Personnel Services District - Police	Personnel Services District - Fire	Split out fund internally	\$ 211,479

Intra-fund transfers are not presented on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the governmental funds as they are presented on a net basis.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental activities:

Governmental activities.	Balance at July 1, 2015	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 1,968,598	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,968,598
Construction-in-progress	371,937	540,474		<u>(640,659</u>)	271,752
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated	<u>2,340,535</u>	<u>540,474</u>		<u>(640,659</u>)	2,240,350
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	4,714,945	-	-	-	4,714,945
Vehicles	2,422,559	39,003	(137,480)	-	2,324,082
Machinery and equipment	1,145,834	6,890	-	-	1,152,724
Infrastructure	4,506,480			640,659	<u>5,147,139</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	12,789,818	45,893	(137,480)	640,659	13,338,890
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(2,826,418)	(156,320)	-	-	(2,982,738)
Vehicles	(1,794,536)	(148,973)	114,147	-	(1,829,362)
Machinery and Equipment	(985,579)	(40,843)	-	-	(1,026,422)
Infrastructure	<u>(961,452</u>)	<u>(174,666</u>)			(1,136,118)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,567,985)	(520,802)	114,147		(6,974,640)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 8,562,368	\$ 65,565	\$ (23,333)	\$	\$ 8,604,600

Depreciation was charged to functions based on their usage of the related assets as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General administration	\$ 59,578
Public safety	207,598
Parks and recreation	117,904
Development	3,658
Public works	 132,064
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 520,802

CITY OF RIO VISTA

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Business-type activities:

	Balance at July 1, 2015	Prior Period Restatement	Balance at July 1, 2015, Restated	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2016
Nondepreciable assets: Land Construction-in-progress Total nondepreciable assets	\$ 552,108 5,246,413 5,798,521	\$ - - -	\$ 552,108 5,246,413 5,798,521	\$ - 2,425,241 2,425,241	\$ - - -	\$ - (3,499,209) (3,499,209)	\$ 552,108 4,172,445 4,724,553
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Runways Machinery and equipment Vehicles Infrastructure	53,982,034 10,783,810 1,600,518 571,162 9,518,206	13,217 - - - -	53,995,251 10,783,810 1,600,518 571,162 9,518,206	- - - -	- - - -	- 754,110 - - 2,745,099	53,995,251 11,537,920 1,600,518 571,162 12,263,305
Total capital assets being depreciated	76,455,730	13,217	76,468,947			3,499,209	79,968,156
Less accumulated depreciation Buildings and improvements Runways Machinery and equipment Vehicles Infrastructure	(11,700,155) (4,440,526) (1,470,804) (282,597) (1,264,747)	(13,217) - - -	(11,700,155) (4,453,743) (1,470,804) (282,597) (1,264,747)	(932,777) (260,379) (20,722) (80,079) (343,909)	-	- - - - -	(12,632,932) (4,714,122) (1,491,526) (362,676) (1,608,656)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(19,158,829</u>)	(13,217)	(19,172,046)	(1,637,866)			(20,809,912)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>63,095,422</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 63,095,422	\$ 787,375	\$	\$	\$ 63,882,797

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City's business-type activities as follows:

Water	\$	607,947
Beach Drive Treatment Facility		249,421
NW Wastewater Treatment Facility		427,896
Airport		284,298
Business Park		13,616
Transit	_	54,688
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ <u></u>	1,637,866

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in the City's long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

	_	alance at uly 1, 2015	Additions Reductions		Balance June 30, 2016		Current Portion			
Governmental activities: Compensated absences	\$	304,094	\$	166,470	\$	(135,895)	\$	334,669	\$	81,743
1997 Firehouse General Obligation Bonds City Manager Vehicle Lease		83,000 15,214		-		(26,000) (4,185)		57,000 11,029		28,000 354
Police Vehicle Leases PG&E Retrofit Loan		204,161 20,801		-		(64,634) (2,424)		139,527 18,377		67,995 2,424
Fire Truck Loan	<u> </u>	105,404	-	166 470	_ \$	(30,697)	<u> </u>	74,707	- \$	34,985
Total Governmental activities	Φ_	732,674	\$_	166,470	Φ_	(263,835)	Φ_	635,309	Φ_	215,501
		alance at ıly 1, 2015		Additions	Re	eductions		Balance ne 30, 2016		Current Portion
Business-type activities: Compensated absences			\$	Additions 45,937	<u>R</u> 6	<u>eductions</u> (51,221)	<u>Ju</u>		\$	
Compensated absences 2000 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds Land Capital Lease	<u>J</u>	97,636 1,105,000 105,355			\$	(51,221) (1,105,000) (6,000)	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2016	\$	Portion
Compensated absences 2000 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds	<u>J</u>	97,636 1,105,000			\$	(51,221) (1,105,000)	<u>Ju</u>	92,352	\$	22,557

A description of the long-term liabilities related to governmental activities at June 30, 2016 follows:

A. Governmental Activities

1977 Firehouse General Obligation Bonds

In 1977, the City issued \$420,000 General Obligation Bonds (1977 Bonds) to construct a firehouse. The 1977 Bonds, bear interest at 5.5%-6.375%. Principal payments are due annually on September 1. Interest payments are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. Future debt service payments are as follows:

1977 Fireh	ouse G	eneral Oblig	gatio	on Bonds	
For the Year Ending June 30	P	Principal		Interest	Total
2017 2018	\$	28,000 29,000	\$	2,742 925	\$ 30,742 29,925
Total	\$	57,000	\$_	3,667	\$ 60,667

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

Vehicle Leases

In November 2013, the City entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$340,851 with Ford Motor Credit Company at 5.20% to finance the purchase of eight police vehicles. Annual principal and interest payments of \$75,251 are due through November 2017. The outstanding balance on the lease as of June 30, 2016 was \$139,527. The vehicles are included in capital assets at a net book value of \$159,062.

In January 2014, the City entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$21,315 with Ford Motor Credit Company at 3.00% to finance the purchase of a vehicle for the City Manager. Monthly principal and interest payments of \$382 are due through December 2018. The outstanding balance on the lease as of June 30, 2016 was \$11,029. The vehicle is included in capital assets at a net book value of \$10,657. In July 2016, the City terminated the lease and returned the vehicle to the dealer.

Future debt service payments are as follows:

Vehicle Leases							
For the Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total	
2017 2018 2019	\$	68,349 75,975 6,232	\$	7,257 3,861 20	\$	75,606 79,836 6,252	
Total	\$	150,556	\$	11,138	\$	161,694	

PG&E Retrofit Loan

In March 2014, the City entered into a loan agreement with Pacific Gas & Electric (PG&E) in the amount of \$24,032 for energy efficient / demand response equipment and services. Monthly payments of \$202 are due through December 2023. The loan does not bear any interest. Future debt service payments are as follows:

PG&E Retrofit Loan								
For the Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total		
2017	\$	2,424	\$	-	\$	2,424		
2018		2,424		-		2,424		
2019		2,424		-		2,424		
2020		2,424		-		2,424		
2021		2,424		-		2,424		
2022 - 2026	_	6,257	_	<u>-</u>	_	6,257		
Total	\$	18,377	\$	_	\$	18,377		

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

Fire Truck Loan

In July 2014, the City entered into a loan agreement in the amount of \$137,500 at 4.50% to finance the purchase of a platform ladder fire truck. Monthly principal and interest payments of \$3,136 are due beginning August 2014 through July 2018. The loan is secured by the vehicle. Future debt service payments are as follows:

	Fire	Truck Loan			
For the Year Ending June 30	Р	rincipal		Interest	Total
2017 2018	\$	34,985 39,722	\$_	2,647 1,052	\$ 37,632 40,774
Total	\$	74,707	\$_	3,699	\$ 78,406

Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities Amortization

Total Governmental Activities							
For the Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	133,758	\$	12,646	\$	146,404	
2018		147,121		5,838		152,959	
2019		8,656		20		8,676	
2020		2,424		-		2,424	
2021		2,424		-		2,424	
2022 - 2026		6,257			_	6,257	
Total	\$	300,640	\$	18,504	\$	319,144	

A description of the long-term liabilities related to business-type activities at June 30, 2016 follows:

B. Business-type Activities

2000 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds

On April 4, 2000, the City issued Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds (2000 Bonds) to provide for capital improvements and refund the 1989 Sewer Revenue Bonds. Interest was payable on April 1 and October 1 and principal was payable annually on October 1. The 2000 Bonds were secured by a pledge of net revenues from the Sewer Enterprise Fund. The City had pledged future sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the 2000 Bonds through October 1, 2030. In December 2015, the City approved to refund these bonds with a Wastewater System Installment Purchase Agreement.

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement

In December 2015, the City entered into an installment purchase agreement for the purpose of refunding its portion of the installment payments due under the 2000 Installment Purchase Agreement and Indenture related to the 2000 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds. The refunding provides a net savings of approximately \$181,000 with a net present value of approximately \$153,000 or 14.47% of the prior bonds being refunded. The refunding will also lower overall debt service by approximately \$12,431 per year from FY 2016 to FY 2029. The difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$52,136 has been recorded as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position and is being amortized over the life of the installment purchase agreement. The installment purchase agreement is secured by a pledge of net revenues from the Sewer Enterprise Fund. Installment payments of principal and interest are due annually on October 1 through October 1, 2029. Interest is charged at an effective interest rate of 3.010% per annum.

The City covenants that it shall prescribe, revise, and collect charges for the wastewater system, that after allowances for contingencies, produces revenues sufficient in each fiscal year to provide net revenues to at least 1.20 times (120%) the sum of (i) the 2015 Installment Payments becoming due and payable in such fiscal year, and (ii) all debt service. The coverage for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 1,238%. Future debt service payments are as follows:

Wastewater Installment Purchase Agreement								
or the Year Iding June 30		Principal		Interest		Total		
2017 2018	\$	65,000 65.000	\$	23,652 29.348	\$	88,652 94,348		
2019 2020 2021 2022 - 2026		60,000 65,000 70,000		27,391 25,585 23,629		87,391 90,585 93,629 460,935		
2027 - 2031	<u> </u>	340,000	<u> </u>	26,036	<u> </u>	366,036 1,281,576		
	2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 - 2026	2017 \$ 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 - 2026 2027 - 2031	For the Year Inding June 30 Principal 2017 \$ 65,000 2018 65,000 2019 60,000 2020 65,000 2021 70,000 2022 - 2026 375,000 2027 - 2031 340,000	For the Year ading June 30 Principal 2017 \$ 65,000 2018 65,000 2019 60,000 2020 65,000 2021 70,000 2022 - 2026 375,000 2027 - 2031 340,000	For the Year ading June 30 Principal Interest 2017 \$ 65,000 \$ 23,652 2018 65,000 29,348 2019 60,000 27,391 2020 65,000 25,585 2021 70,000 23,629 2022 - 2026 375,000 85,935 2027 - 2031 340,000 26,036	For the Year ading June 30 Principal Interest 2017 \$ 65,000 \$ 23,652 \$ 2018 2018 65,000 29,348 2019 60,000 27,391 2020 65,000 25,585 2021 70,000 23,629 2022 - 2026 375,000 85,935 2027 - 2031 340,000 26,036		

2013 Land Capital Lease

The City entered into a capital ground lease for the purpose of installation of Arsenic filtration equipment for Well 10. The lease has an option to purchase the property at the end of the lease. The capital lease has s 20-year term, beginning in January 2013 and expiring in January 2033. Annual principal payments of \$6,000 are made from water revenues. The land is included in capital assets at \$120,000. Future debt service payments are as follows:

2013 Land Capital Lease								
For the Year Ending June 30	Р	rincipal		Interest		Total		
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 - 2026 2027 - 2031 2032 - 2036	\$	6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 30,000 30,000 9,355	\$		\$	6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 30,000 30,000 9,355		
Total	\$ <u></u>	99,355	\$_	_	\$	99,355		

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITES (CONTINUED)

Total Business-Type Long-Term Liabilities Amortization

Total Business-Type Activities

100	ai Dusii	less-Type At	, LI V I	แยง		
For the Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total
2017	\$	71,000	\$	23,652	\$	94,652
2018		71,000		29,348		100,348
2019		66,000		27,391		93,391
2020		71,000		25,585		96,585
2021		76,000		23,629		99,629
2022 - 2026		405,000		85,935		490,935
2027 - 2031		370,000		26,036		396,036
2032 - 2036		9,355	_	<u>-</u>	_	9,355
Total	\$	1,139,355	\$_	241,576	\$_	1,380,931

NOTE 7: SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DEBT

Special assessment bonds have been issued pursuant to the provisions of the Improvement Bond Acts of 1915. The City is in no way liable for repayment of any bonds of the funds related to the Agency funds, according to bond counsel, but is acting only as an agent for the property owners/bond holders in collecting and forwarding the special assessments. Balances of the various assessment district bonds at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Community Facilities District No. 2004-1	\$	12,975,000
Community Facilities District No. 2006-1		12,875,000
Reassessment District No. 2007-1R Refunding Bonds	_	825,500
Total Special Assessment Debt	\$_	26,675,500

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other.) Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors five rate plans (two miscellaneous and three safety). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 (age 52 for Miscellaneous Plan members if membership date is on or after January 1, 2013) with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Special Death Benefit (Safety only), the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous			
	Classic	(PEPRA)		
Hire Date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or After January 1, 2013		
Benefit Formula Benefit Vesting Schedule Benefit Payments Retirement Age Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible Compensation Required Employee Contribution Rates Required Employer Contribution Rates	2.0% @ 55 5 years service monthly for life 50 and up 1.426% to 2.418% 7.000% 22.509%	2.0% @ 62 5 years service monthly for life 52 and up 1.0% - 2.5% 6.250%		
	Sa	ıfety		
	Classic	(PEPRA)		
Hire Date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or After January 1, 2013		
Benefit Formula Benefit Vesting Schedule Benefit Payments Retirement Age Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible Compensation Required Employee Contribution Rates Required Employer Contribution Rates	2.0% @ 50 5 years service monthly for life 50 and up 2.0% to 2.7% 9.000% 39.326%	2.7% @ 57 5 years service monthly for life 50 and up 2.0% to 2.7% 11.500% 11.500%		

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The City's contributions to the Plan for the measurement period ending June 30, 2015 were \$678,478.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2016, the City reported net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$4,542,224.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2015 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2014 and 2015 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.07212%
Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.06617%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	(0.0595)%

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$264,465. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	722,340	\$	-
Difference between actual contributions made by employer and the employer's proportionate share of the risk pool's total contribution Differences between actual and expected experience Changes in assumptions Adjustment due to differences in proportions Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	_	169,480 - - 241,911 -	_	36,552 423,843 - 213,860
Total	\$_	1,133,731	\$_	674,255

\$722,340 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ended June 30,	_	
2016	\$	(161,454)
2017	\$	(170,582)
2018	\$	(197,726)
2019	\$	266,898

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2014 Measurement Date June 30, 2015

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.65% Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.65% net of pension plan investment expenses; includes

inflation

Mortality (1) Derived using CalPERS membership data for all funds Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until purchasing power

protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies,

2.75% thereafter

(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 201 Experience Study Report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Changes in Assumptions

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50 percent used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65 percent used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the Plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the Plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

NOTE 8: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (Public Employees' Retirement Fund) cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the Board effective July 1, 2014.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 (a)	Real Return Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	51.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.0%	(0.55%)	(1.05%)

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Dis	count Rate -1% (6.65%)	Current Discount Rate (7.65%)		Discount Rate +1% (8.65%)	
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	7,300,272	\$ 4.	542.224 \$	\$ 2.273	.637

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

NOTE 9: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Description of the Plan

The City provides health care benefits for all retired employees based on retirement age of 50 for safety employees and 55 for all other employees. A retired full-time City employee is permitted to participate in the City Health, dental, and vision programs provided the retiree pays his or her entire premium, less the employer mandatory contribution. In addition, retirees with 15 years of continuous service are eligible to receive one year of fully paid City health, dental and vision coverage. If the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare, these benefits are integrated with the Medicare plan.

Funding Policy

As of June 30, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the funding status of the plan, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial value of assets	\$ 	757,861
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ <u></u>	757,861
Funded ratio Covered payroll UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	0 % 3,767,090 20.12 %

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City's annual cost for the healthcare plan was \$229,408. The City's annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

Annual required contribution Service cost at year-end 30-year amortization of funded liability	\$ 183,997 48,792
Total annual required contribution	232,789
Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to net OPEB obligation	20,798 (24,17 <u>9</u>)
Total annual OPEB cost	229,408
Employer contributions Net OPEB obligation, July 1, 2015	(17,144) 415,957
Net OPEB obligation, June 30, 2016	\$ <u>628,221</u>

Year Ended	Ann	ual OPEB cost	_	Actual Employer Contribution	Percentage Contributed		Net	Ending OPEB
June 30, 2014	\$	92,454	\$	14,549	16	%	\$	338,919
June 30, 2015	\$	92,487	\$	15,449	17	%	\$	415,957
June 30, 2016	\$	229,408	\$	17,144	7	%	\$	628,221

NOTE 9: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial valuations for an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continuous revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates about the future are formulated. Although the valuation results are based on the values which the City's actuarial consultant believes are reasonable assumptions, the valuation results reflect a long-term perspective and, as such, are merely an estimate of what future costs may actually be. Deviations in any of several factors, such as future interest rates, medical cost inflation, Medicare coverage, and changes in marital status, could result in actual costs being less or greater than estimated.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Calculations of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The annual required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) salary increases of 1% per year; (b) a discount rate of 5%; (c) assumed retirement age of 60; (d) medical premium inflation rates of 2% over time. The actuarial present value of future benefits was calculated for each individual using the economic assumptions and specific member data, then aggregated. The amortization component of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability was based on a 24-year amortization period.

NOTE 10: FUND BALANCE

The City of Rio Vista has established the following fund balance policies:

Committed Fund Balance: Only the City Council may have the authority to create or change a fund balance commitment. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City Council taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned Fund Balance: Intent is expressed by the City Council or the City Manager to which the City Council has delegated authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

The accounting policies of the City consider restricted fund balance to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the City considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and unassigned amounts.

NOTE 10: FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2016, fund balances consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Capital Projects	Municipal Improvements	Non-Major Funds	Total
Nonspendable: Prepaids and Supplies Advances Total Nonspendable	\$ 32,858 <u>974,455</u> 1,007,313	\$ - - -	\$ - 1,173,408 1,173,408	\$ 614 45,000 45,614	\$ 33,472 2,192,863 2,226,335
Restricted: Economic Development Debt Service Streets and Capital Projects Community Development Public Safety Total Restricted	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	104,732 62,451 752,869 155,683 569,788 1,645,523	104,732 62,451 752,869 155,683 569,788 1,645,523
Committed: Vehicle Replacement			-	142,569	142,569
Assigned: Storm Drain Projects Transient Occupancy Tax Road Way Impact Municipal Improvement Hazardous Waste Landfill Closure Parks and Recreation Total Assigned	29,570 - - - - - 29,570	- - - - - - -	3,531,636 - - 3,531,636	19,785 - 245,473 - 333,097 487,581 837,162 1,923,098	19,785 29,570 245,473 3,531,636 333,097 487,581 837,162 5,484,304
Unassigned	2,850,810	(336,985)		(85,141)	2,428,684
Total	\$ <u>3,887,693</u>	\$ <u>(336,985</u>)	\$ <u>4,705,044</u>	\$ <u>3,671,663</u>	\$ <u>11,927,415</u>

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT

Coverage

The City is a member of the Northern California Cities Self Insurance Fund (NCCSIF) along with twenty other northern California cities. The NCCSIF is a joint powers authority (JPA) organized in accordance with Article 1, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1 of the California Government Fund Programs. The purpose is to create a common pool of funds to be used to meet obligations of the parties to provide workers' compensation benefits for their employees and to provide excess liability insurance. The NCCSIF provides claims processing, administrative services, risk management services, and actuarial studies. A member from each city governs the NCCSIF. The City Council members do not have significant oversight responsibility, since they evenly share all factors of responsibility with the other cities. The City does not retain the risk of loss. However, ultimate liability for payment of claims and insurance premiums resides with member cities. The NCCSIF is empowered to make supplemental assessments as needed to eliminate deficit positions of member cities. If the JPA become insolvent, the City is responsible only to the extent of any deficiency in its equity balance.

The NCCSIF establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claims settlement expenses) that have been reported but not settled, plus estimates of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Because actual claims costs depend on various factors, the claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency, and other economic and social factors. A provision of inflation is implicit in the calculation of estimated future claims costs. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The City's insurance coverage for general liability includes claims up to \$40,000,000 and workers' compensation claims up to the statutory limit and up to \$5,000,000 for employer's liability. The City has a self insured retention or deductible of \$50,000 per claim for general liability claims. The City's self-insured retention is \$100,000 for worker's compensation claims. Once the City's self-insured retention for claims is met, NCCSIF becomes responsible for payment of all claims up to the limit.

Financial statements for NCCSIF may be obtained from Alliant Insurances, 2180 Harvard Street, Suite 460, Sacramento, California 95815.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the fiscal year. Also, settlements have not exceeded the insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years. The City's equity investment in the NCCSIF of \$175,999 is recorded as an other asset in the General Fund.

The City also has commercial policies which provide commercial property and airport liability coverage up to a maximum of \$16.1 million and \$5 million, respectively, per claim. The City has a deductible or uninsured liability of \$1,000 per claim for the commercial property coverage and no deductible for airport liability coverage.

NOTE 12: DEFICIT FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

As of June 30, 2016, the following funds had a fund deficit:

Fund		Deficit		
Capital Projects ATOD Grant	\$	336,985 9,535		
Army Base Reuse		75,568		

These deficits were a result of expenditures incurred in advance of receipt of revenue and will be eliminated through future revenues and expenditure reductions.

As of June 30, 2016, the following funds had a deficit unrestricted net position:

	Fund	 Deficit
Airport		\$ 1,178,538

Deficit unrestricted net position for the enterprise funds will be cured by future grant revenues and expenditure reductions.

NOTE 13: CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

Grant Awards

The City participates in certain Federal and State assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

Construction and Other Commitments

The City has signed agreements for \$1,780,038 in various construction projects that were not complete as of June 30, 2016. Construction completed and paid subsequent to June 30, 2016 on these projects was \$875,306.

Delta Rural Fire Protection District

The City entered into an amended contractual agreement to provide fire protection services to the Delta Rural Fire Protection District (the District). The agreement commenced on January 1, 2016 and is effective for 10 years ending December 31, 2025. If either party chooses to terminate the agreement prior to the term of the contract, parties must provide 12-months written notice to the other party. The agreement states that the District shall pay to the City the sum of property tax revenue equal to the amount received by the District from the Sacramento County Auditor-Controller for that fiscal year that is attributable to the District's service area; however, that annual payment amount will be at least \$100,000. The semi-annual payments shall be due on January 1 and June 1, of each year. In addition, 75% of the District's assessment proceeds will be used for capital equipment to support fire protection services. Any equipment purchased from those proceeds shall become the property of the City upon termination of the agreement.

NOTE 14: LANDFILL POST-CLOSURE COSTS

The City accounts for certain costs associated with its landfill in accordance with GASB Statement No. 18, Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost. Under Statement No. 18, the City is required to recognize a liability equal to the estimated total current cost of postclosure care for its landfill. Postclosure care of the City's landfill after its closure is mandated by state and federal laws and consists of various maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site. The City placed a final cover on its closed landfill site in 2002 and is performing maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. As of June 30, 2016, the City has accrued \$1,828,603 to cover the costs of these functions.

NOTE 15: GAS LEASE

The City leases the right to extract minerals to a natural gas supplier. The revenues from the gas royalties are contingent upon the sales amount of the gas extracted. The lease remains in force as long as there is gas available for production. Royalty payments for the fiscal year amounted to \$31,268.

NOTE 16: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

As a result of a reconciliation performed of property tax revenue between the City and Successor Agency, the following prior period adjustment was recorded:

		Increase (Decrease) to Fund Balance / Net Position			
General Fund Private Purpose Trust Fund - Successor Agency	\$ \$	388,229 (388,229)			

NOTE 17: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Installment Purchase Agreement

In July 2016, the City entered into an Installment Purchase Agreement with a bank for the purpose of financing the acquisition and installation of consumer water meters in the amount of \$3,990,000. The installment purchase agreement is secured by a pledge of net revenues from the Water Enterprise Fund. Semi-annual installment payments of principal and interest are due each December 1 and June1. Interest is charged at an effective interest rate of 2.43% per annum.

The City covenants that it shall prescribe, revise, and collect charges for the water system, that after allowances for contingencies, produces revenues sufficient in each fiscal year to provide net revenues to at least 1.20 times (120%) the sum of (i) the 2016 Installment Payments becoming due and payable in such fiscal year, and (ii) all debt service.

Sales Tax Measure

In November 2016, Rio Vista voters renewed Measure O, a 0.75% temporary transactions and use tax to support continued operations of Rio Vista general services. The Measure was set to expire March 31, 2018 and has been extended five years to expire March 31, 2023.



CITY OF RIO VISTA

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2015 - 2016 Budgeted Amounts

	_	Baagotot	. ,		_			
REVENUES		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	٧	Variance vith Final Budget Positive Negative)
Taxes and assessments License, permits, and fees Fines and forfeitures Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenues Total Revenues	\$	3,797,600 722,500 9,100 121,000 7,000 376,100 303,100 5,336,400	\$	4,050,600 722,500 9,100 121,000 7,000 376,100 611,700 5,898,000	\$	3,932,081 955,065 24,348 133,281 7,563 492,585 133,780 5,678,703	\$	(118,519) 232,565 15,248 12,281 563 116,485 (477,920)
EXPENDITURES .								
Current: General administration Public safety Parks and recreation Development Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	- -	928,000 3,170,900 269,700 538,100 382,600 - 68,900 10,200 5,368,400 (32,000)		988,500 3,116,200 276,200 625,100 442,600 - 68,900 10,200 5,527,700 370,300	-	815,427 3,132,502 251,583 529,006 380,163 6,963 68,820 10,191 5,194,655 484,048	-	173,073 (16,302) 24,617 96,094 62,437 (6,963) 80 9 333,045
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	-	144,000	_	144,000	-	1,625	_	(142,375)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	144,000	-	144,000	-	1,625	_	(142,375)
Net change in fund balance	\$_	112,000	\$_	514,300	-	485,673	\$_	(694,717)
Fund balance - July 1, 2015 Prior period restatement					•	3,013,791 388,229		
Fund balance - July 1, 2015, restated					-	3,402,020		
Fund balance - June 30, 2016					\$	3,887,693		

CITY OF RIO VISTA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Budgetary Control and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Each May, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen's comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted by City Council resolution.
- 4. All budget adjustments over \$5,000 and transfers between funds must be approved by the City Council by resolution during the fiscal year. The City Manager is authorized to transfer any unencumbered appropriations within a fund or department, and may authorize encumbrances under \$5,000. The Department heads are authorized to transfer any unencumbered appropriations within their department, and may authorize encumbrances under \$1,000. The legally adopted budget requires that expenditures not exceed total appropriations within each fund.
- 5. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental funds. Budgets are adopted for the General Fund, all Special Revenue Funds except the Asset Forfeiture Fund, all Capital Projects Funds, and the Debt Service Fund.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds.
- 7. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended.

CITY OF RIO VISTA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Prepared for the City's Miscellaneous and Safety Plan, Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan As of June 30, 2016 Last 10 Years *

	Measurement Period			
	2015		2014	
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.06617 %		0.07212 %	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,542,224	\$	4,512,022	
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 2,773,550	\$	2,037,002	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	163.77 %		221.50 %	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.40 %		79.82 %	

Notes to Schedule:

<u>Changes in assumptions.</u> The discount rate was changed from 7.50 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expense.

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

CITY OF RIO VISTA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Prepared for the City's Miscellaneous and Safety Plan, Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan
As of June 30, 2016
Last 10 Years *

	Fiscal Year-End					
		2016		2015		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	722,340	\$	678,478		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		722,340	_	678,478		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u></u>		\$			
Covered - employee payroll		3,017,116		2,773,550		
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		23.94 %		24.46 %		

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

CITY OF RIO VISTA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Normal Accrued Liability	Ac	tuarial Value of Assets	_	Liability (Excess Assets)	Funded Status	 Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
June 30, 2010	\$ 548,759	\$	-	\$	548,759	0%	\$ 2,045,769	27 %
June 30, 2013	\$ 773,732	\$	-	\$	773,732	0%	\$ 2,188,873	35 %
June 30, 2016	\$ 757,861	\$	-	\$	757,861	0%	\$ 3,767,090	20 %

COMBINING FINANCIAL SCHEDULES	AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTAR	RY INFORMATION

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The following funds are reported in total on the Governmental Fund Financial Statements under the column Other Governmental Funds.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Law Enforcement

This fund was created to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the funding of one Police Officer and one Community Services Officer. The revenue from the grant and the actual expenditures incurred are tracked in the fund.

Asset Forfeiture

Under authority of CA Health and Safety Code Section 11489, this fund accounts for funds turned over to the City by the courts for money and property seized because of drug arrests. These funds are also used to assist in drug sting operations to arrest drug dealers.

ATOD Grant

Alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs (ATOD) is a program offered by the City and County of Solano to provide educational programs to both the youth and adults within the community. The City is responsible for providing the agreed upon programs and completing the reporting requirements to the County on the progress of the program in achieving the program goals.

Gas Tax

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the maintenance and improvements of the City's roads and street landscaping that is funded through the receipt of the City's share of the gas tax.

CDBG Housing Rehabilitation

This fund is used to provide and meet the capital needs of businesses located throughout the City. The intent of the program is to provide appropriate assistance to businesses with the potential to increase the overall economic base of the City. In addition, this fund accounts for loans to residents for housing rehabilitation. The loans were offered as second mortgages and were to be paid off upon sale or transfer of the home.

Streets Projects

This fund is used to account for the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) stimulus funds for local streets and roads improvement projects.

Personnel Services District

This fund is used to account for the services portion of CFD 2006-1 which will be used to fund public safety.

Developers Revolving

This fund is used to hold advance deposits and reimbursements received from the developers and to draw down from those funds as the City pays expenditures on behalf of the developers. Prior to approval of their tentative maps, the City receives an administrative fee for providing this management service to developers.

FEMA SAFER Grant

This fund is used to account for the salary and benefits of the new staff at the fire department that was funded by the SAFER grant.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Vehicle Replacement

This fund was created to account for the vehicle fees received from the State of California for the use of the City's fire vehicles when responding to service calls from the Office of Emergency Services Strike Team. The City acts as a pass-through agent receiving wage revenue from the State and paying the revenue out to the Strike team members.

Storm Drain

This fund is used to collect a fee from each water customer and is set aside to pay for future maintenance, repair, or replacement of the City's storm drain system. The fee is collected in the monthly utility billings.

Roadway Impact

This fund is used to collect fees paid by developers of construction projects to be used to offset the impact of development on the City's local streets. The fee is collected as part of the building permit process and is accumulated in this fund for use as needed for capital roadway projects.

Hazardous Waste

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures incurred from offering hazardous waste disposal programs. The City collects revenues through customer's sanitation bills to provide for special collections events such as the HHW event to collect household hazardous waste.

Landfill Closure

The City collects a franchise fee from the local sanitation agency. This fee is set aside in this fund to help offset the current and future cost of maintaining the landfill. In addition, the City is required to hold in reserve an amount sufficient to cover any costs due to contamination of the ground water in and around the landfill.

Army Base Reuse

The City is currently working with the Department of Water Resources to finance and construct a field operation laboratory/science center on the former Army base site. The \$20 million plus project is currently planned as a reuse of 12 to 14 acres of the former 28-acre army base at the south end of the City.

Parks and Recreation

This fund is used to collect fees paid by developers of construction of projects to be used to help fund future capital park and recreation facilities. This fee, collected through the building permit process, ensures that the City's facilities will stay proportionate to their population.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Firehouse Bonds

This fund services the 1977 Firehouse General Obligation Bonds. Property taxes are received and used to make the bond's semi-annual interest and principal payments.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2016

						Special Rev	<u>en</u> u	e Funds				
	En	Law forcement	Asset Forfeiture		Α	TOD Grant		Gas Tax		BG Housing habilitation	Street Projects	
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable	\$	70,855 33,863	\$	855 - -	\$	16,005 -	\$	757,665 - 7	\$	141,253 - 3	\$	11,540 - -
Prepaid items Notes receivable Advances to other funds		- - -	<u>.</u>	- - -	_	- - -	_	- - 	<u>.</u>	- 114,427 -		- - -
Total Assets	\$ <u></u>	104,718	\$	855	\$_	16,005	\$_	757,672	\$	255,683	\$	11,540
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and benefits Unearned revenues Deposits payable	\$	532 1,881 -	\$	- - -	\$	2,042 317 -	\$	4,005 1,217 -	\$	- - -	\$	- - 11,121 -
Due to other funds Advances from other funds Total Liabilities		2,413		- - -	_	10,448 - 12,807	_	5,222		- - -	_	- - 11,121
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow of resources					_	12,733		-		100,000		<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	102,305 - - - - 102,305		855 - - - 855	_	(9,535) (9,535)	_	752,450 - - - - 752,450		155,683 - - - 155,683		419 - - - 419
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ <u></u>	104,718	\$	<u>855</u>	\$ <u></u>	<u> 16,005</u>	\$ <u></u>	757,67 <u>2</u>	\$	255,683	\$ <u></u>	11,540

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2016

		Sp	ecia	al Revenue Fu	nds			Capital Projects				
		ersonnel rices District		Developers Revolving		EMA Safer Grant	F	Vehicle Replacement	St	orm Drain		Roadway Impact
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid items Notes receivable Advances to other funds Total Assets	\$ \$	471,594 - - 576 - - 472,170	\$ \$_	4,921 132,942 - - - - - 137,863	\$ \$	- 88,944 - - - - - - 88,944	\$ \$	204,857 - 2 - - - 204,859	\$ 	20,157 4,822 4 - - - 24,983	\$ \$_	245,450 - 23 - - - - 245,473
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and benefits Unearned revenues Deposits payable Due to other funds Advances from other funds	\$	2,971 1,995 - - -	\$	33,131 - - - - -	\$	1,283 3,646 - - 84,015	\$	- - 62,290 - -	\$	5,009 189 - - -	\$	- - - -
Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow of recourses		4,966	-	33,131	=	88,944	_	62,290		5,198	-	-
Deferred inflow of resources FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	576 466,628 - - - 467,204	_	- 104,732 - - - 104,732	_	- - - - -	_	142,569 - 142,569		19,785 19,785	_	245,473 - 245,473
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	472,170	\$_	137,863	\$ <u></u>	88,944	\$ <u></u>	204,859	\$ <u></u>	24,983	\$ <u>_</u>	245,473

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2016

				Capital Pro	ojec	t Funds			Debt Service			
	F	lazardous Waste	La	andfill Closure		Army Base Reuse		Parks and Recreation		Firehouse Bonds		otal Non-major Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid items Notes receivable Advances to other funds Total Assets	\$ \$	310,617 22,604 2 - - - 333,223	\$ \$	436,343 51,328 9 - - - 487,680	\$ \$_	93,184 12,558 - 38 - - 105,780	\$ \$_	945,125 - 16 - - 45,000 990,141	\$ \$_	62,450 - 1 - - - - 62,451	\$ \$_	3,776,866 363,066 67 614 114,427 45,000 4,300,040
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and benefits Unearned revenues Deposits payable	\$	42 84 -	\$	42 57 -	\$	5,331 218 - 3,000	\$	17,084 - - 90,895	\$	- - -	\$	71,472 9,604 73,411 93,895
Due to other funds Advances from other funds Total Liabilities		- - 126	_	- - 99	-	172,799 181,348	-	107,979	_	- - -	<u>-</u>	94,463 172,799 515,644
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflow of resources			_		_		_		_	<u>-</u>	-	112,733
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	333,097 - 333,097	_	- - - 487,581 - 487,581	_	38 - - - (75,606) (75,568)	_	45,000 - - 837,162 - 882,162	_	- 62,451 - - - - 62,451	-	45,614 1,645,523 142,569 1,923,098 (85,141) 3,671,663
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ <u></u>	333,223	\$ <u></u>	487,680	\$_	105,780	\$_	990,141	\$_	62,451	\$_	4,300,040

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds											
		aw cement	Asse	et Forfeiture		ATOD Grant		Gas Tax		G Housing abilitation	Street	: Projects
REVENUES	Φ		Φ		Φ		Φ	404.000	Φ.		Φ	
Taxes and assessments Licenses, permits, and fees	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	184,333	\$	-	\$	-
Use of money and property		227		26		19		2,877		1,551		42
Intergovernmental	•	147,650		-		25,926		-		-		-
Other revenue		_		_	_		_			<u>-</u>		_
Total Revenues		147,877		26	_	25,945	_	187,210		1,551		42
EXPENDITURES Current:												
Public safety	•	136,452		-		-		-		-		-
Parks and recreation		-		-		44,904		-		-		-
Development Public works		-		-		-		- 186,354		-		-
Capital outlay		-		20,000		-		100,334		-		-
Debt service:				20,000								
Principal		-		-		-		2,423		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges				_	_	_	_			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures		136,452		20,000	_	44,904	_	188,777		<u>-</u>	-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		11,425		(19,974)		(18,959)		(1,567)		1, <u>551</u>		<u>42</u>
					_			_		_		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in												
Transfers in Transfers out		-		-		(1,625)		(33,002)		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	_	(1,625)	_	(33,002)		-		-
Net change in fund balances		11,425		(19,974)		(20,584)		(34,569)		1,551		42
Fund balances (deficits) - July 1, 2015		90,880		20,829	_	11,049	_	787,019		154,132		377
Fund balances (deficits) - June 30, 2016	\$	102,305	\$	855	\$_	(9,535)	\$	752,450	\$	155,683	\$	419

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Sp	ecial Revenue Fu	nds	Capital Projects				
	Personnel Services District	Developers Revolving	FEMA Safer Grant	Vehicle Replacement	Storm Drain	Roadway Impact		
REVENUES Taxes and assessments Licenses, permits, and fees Use of money and property Intergovernmental Other revenue Total Revenues	\$ 333,051 - 1,583 - 9,785 344,419	\$ - 199 - - 199	\$ - - - 352,183 - - 352,183	\$ - 666 - 27,100 27,766	\$ - 25,095 142 - - 25,237	\$ - 26,566 1,403 		
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Parks and recreation Development Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures	259,909 - - - 52,774 - - 312,683	5,583 - - - - 5,583	352,183 - - - - - - 352,183	30,697 3,798 34,495	36,248 - - - - 36,248	- - 268,891 - - - 268,891		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	31,736	(5,384)		(6,729)	(11,011)	(240,922)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(35,000) (35,000)	<u>.</u>	- - -	60,000	(19,091) (19,091)			
Net change in fund balances	(3,264)	(5,384)	-	53,271	(30,102)	(240,922)		
Fund balances (deficits) - July 1, 2015	470,468	110,116		89,298	49,887	486,395		
Fund balances (deficits) - June 30, 2016	\$ 467,204	\$ 104,732	\$	\$ 142,569	\$ 19,785	\$ 245,473		

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Capital Pro	oject Funds	Debt Service]	
	Hazardous Waste	Landfill Closure	Army Base Reuse	Parks and Recreation	Firehouse Bonds	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes and assessments Licenses, permits, and fees Use of money and property Intergovernmental Other revenue Total Revenues	\$ - 88,842 1,115 5,000 15 94,972	\$ - 197,207 1,414 - - 198,621	\$ - 5,296 - 30,048 35,344	\$ - 183,166 3,210 - - 186,376	\$ 6,427 - 234 - 6,661	\$ 523,811 520,876 20,004 530,759 66,948 1,662,398
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	748,544
Parks and recreation Development	-	-	30,935	-	-	44,904 36,518
Public works	54,343	46,540	-	28,238	-	620,614
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	72,774
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	-	26,000	59,120
Interest and fiscal charges		- 10.510		-	4,462	8,260
Total Expenditures	54,343	46,540	30,935	28,238	30,462	1,590,734
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	40,629	152,081	4,409	158,138	(23,801)	71,664
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	- (05.770)	-	60,000
Transfers out				(65,773)		(154,491)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				<u>(65,773</u>)		(94,491)
Net change in fund balances	40,629	152,081	4,409	92,365	(23,801)	(22,827)
Fund balances (deficits) - July 1, 2015	292,468	335,500	(79,977)	789,797	86,252	3,694,490
Fund balances (deficits) - June 30, 2016	\$ 333,097	\$ <u>487,581</u>	\$ <u>(75,568</u>)	\$ 882,162	\$ <u>62,451</u>	\$ 3,671,663

NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The following funds are reported in total on the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements under the column Other Enterprise Funds.

Transit

This fund is used to account for transportation services provided to the City through Rio Vista Delta Breeze, a program of the City that provides deviated fixed route bus service on three routes serving Rio Vista, Isleton, Antioch, Pittsburgh/Bay Point BART Station, Suisun City, and Fairfield, with connections to Lodi.

Water Construction

This fund is used to collect impact fees paid by developers to fund future expansion of, and improvements to, the City's water facilities.

Water Capital Assets

This fund was created to begin building reserves for the replacement and addition of capital assets in the water system.

Sewer Capital Assets

This fund was created to begin building reserves for the replacement and addition of capital assets for the sewer system.

Business Park

This fund is used to allocate staff time and available resources from leases and sale of lands in the Business Park to finance public improvements, create development-ready land parcels, and provide incentives for development of businesses on City-owned land.

NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

		Transit		Water Construction	c	Water Capital Assets	(Sewer Capital Assets	Bu	ısiness Park		Totals
ASSETS												
Current Assets:												
Cash and investments	\$	303,018	\$	580,467	\$	154,636	\$	167,735	\$	724,251	\$	1,930,107
Accounts receivable		217,108		-		-		-		1,432		218,540
Interest receivable		8		23		6		7		2		46
Prepaid items		65		<u>-</u>	_	-	_	-		56	_	121
Total Current Assets	_	520,199	-	580,490	_	154,642	_	167,742	_	725,741	_	2,148,814
Non Current Assets:												
Due from other governments		-		32,480		-		-		-		32,480
Land and construction in progress		-		-		-		-		21,795		21,795
Depreciable assets, net		120,751		<u>-</u>	_	-	_	-		422,738	_	543,489
Total Non Current Assets	_	120,751	-	32,480	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	444,533	_	597,764
Total Assets		640,950	-	612,970	_	154,642	_	167,742		1,170,274	_	2,746,578
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
2016 Pension contributions		299		-		-		-		1,060		1,359
Changes in net pension liability		60	_	<u>-</u>	_		_			309	_	369
Total Deferred Outflows		359	-		_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	1,369	_	1,728
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued salary and benefits Deposit payable Unearned revenue Compensated absences - current Total Current Liabilities	_	60,447 181 - 2,833 193 63,654	-	- - - - - -	_	- - - - - -	_	- - - - - -	_	800 466 10,829 - 557 12,652	_	61,247 647 10,829 2,833 750 76,306
Non Current Liabilities:		FOF								4 704		2.240
Compensated absences - noncurrent Net pension liability		595 381		-		-		-		1,724 5,987		2,319 6,368
Total Non Current Liabilities	_	976	-		_		_			7.711	_	8.687
Total Nort Current Liabilities		970	-		_		-		_	7,711	_	0,007
Total Liabilities	_	64,630	-		_	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>		20,363		84,993
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Changes in net pension liability	_	286	-		_		_		_	1,019	_	1,30 <u>5</u>
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets		120,751		-		-		-		444,533		565,284
Unrestricted		455,642	-	612,970	_	154,642	_	167,742		705,728	_	2,096,724
Total Net Position	\$	576,393	\$	612,970	\$_	154,642	\$_	167,742	\$	1,150,261	\$	2,662,008

NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Transit	Water Construction	Water Capital Assets	Sewer Capital Assets	Business Park	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES			7.000.0	7.000.0		
Charges for services	\$ 17,914	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 256	\$ 18,170
Rents	-	-	-	-	90,866	90,866
Grant revenues	320,268	=	-	-	-	320,268
Other revenues	16,934	-	-	-	600	17,534
Total Operating Revenues	355,116				91,722	446,838
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries & benefits	41,292	=	=	=	34,866	76,158
Contract services	289,491	-	-	-	1,948	291,439
Supplies & materials	58,586	-	-	-	5,878	64,464
Utilities	-	-	-	-	2,722	2,722
Maintenance & repair	14,308	-	-	-	-	14,308
Professional services	39,253	-	-	-	1,353	40,606
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	7,304	7,304
Depreciation	54,688				13,616	68,304
Total Operating Expenses	497,618			-	67,687	565,305
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(142,502)			<u>-</u>	24,035	(118,467)
NON OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest revenue	1,226	1,820	560	607	2,533	6,746
Capital grants	14,308					14,308
Total Non Operating Revenue	15,534	1,820	560	607	2,533	21,054
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(126,968)	1,820	560	607	26,568	(97,413)
TRANSFERS						
Transfers out	(3,000)	-	_	_	-	(3,000)
Transiers out	(0,000)					(0,000)
Change in net position	(129,968)	1,820	560	607	26,568	(100,413)
Net position - July 1, 2015	706,361	611,150	154,082	167,135	1,123,693	2,762,421
Net position - June 30, 2016	\$ 576,393	\$ 612,970	\$ <u>154,642</u>	\$ 167,742	\$ <u>1,150,261</u>	\$ 2,662,008

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Transit	Water Construction	Water Capital Assets	Sewer Capital Assets	Business Park	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 209,990 (390,593) (41,462) (222,065)	- 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 96,873 (18,802) (34,554) 43,517	\$ 306,863 (409,395) (76,016) (178,548)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Due to (from) other funds	(3,000)	77,834				74,834
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Capital contributions Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	14,308 14,308					14,308 14,308
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest and dividends	1,243	1.868	574	621	2,538	6,844
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,243	1,868	574	621	2,538	6,844
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2015	(209,514) 512,532	<u>79,702</u> 500,765	<u>574</u> 154,062	621 167,114	<u>46,055</u> 678,196	(82,562) 2,012,669
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2016		\$ 580,467	\$ <u>154,636</u>	\$ <u>167,735</u>	\$ <u>724,251</u>	\$ <u>1,930,107</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Transit	Water Construction	Water Capital Assets	Sewer Capital Assets	Business Park	Totals
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	\$ (142,502)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,035	\$ (118,467)
Depreciation	54,688	-	-	_	13,616	68,304
Pension expense Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts	308	-	-	-	(419)	(111)
receivable	(145,192)	-	-	_	5,151	(140,041)
Increase in prepaid expenses	(65)	-	-	-	(56)	(121)
Increase in unearned revenue	`66 [°]	-	-	-	`-	` 66 [°]
Increase in accounts payable	11,110	-	-	-	459	11,569
Decrease in accrued wages	(1,239)	-	-	-	(137)	(1,376)
Increase in compensated absences	761				868	1,629
Total adjustments	(79,563)				19,482	19,482
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ <u>(222,065)</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>43,517</u>	\$ <u>(178,548</u>)

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are fiduciary funds which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The specific agency funds used by the City are shown below:

Riverview Point

This fund collects assessments from homeowners for improvements within the assessment district, pays all administrative costs associated with the bond issue, and makes the bond principal and interest payments on a semi-annual basis.

Riverwalk Community Facilities District

This fund was created for the purpose of accepting advances of funds to be used for any authorized purpose related to any costs or expenses incurred by the City pertaining to the establishment of the Community Facilities District ("CFD") known as Riverwalk. The major tasks to be performed by the City include (1) coordination of formation of CFD and implementation of Mello-Roos Financing, (2) preparation of rate and method of apportionment, (3) preparation of legal documentation for Mello-Roos financing prior to issuance of bonds, and (4) preparation of appraisal.

Summerset

This fund collects assessments from homeowners for improvements within the assessment district, pays all administrative costs associated with the bond issue, and makes the bond principal and interest payments on a semi-annual basis.

Summerset L&L District

This fund collects assessments levied to provide funding for the maintenance of certain common areas within the Summerset district. Currently, the fund pays for landscape maintenance at the front entrance to the development, the water feature, street light repairs and electric bills, landscaping and weed abatement along highway 12.

Community Facilities District 2004-1

This fund and district were created by vote of current property owners in the 2004-05 fiscal year to issue and repay special tax bonds to help fund the construction of a new wastewater treatment facility. Assessments will be placed on the tax rolls of the property owners each year to cover the bond principal and interest charges and related administrative expenses.

Community Facilities District 2006-1

Formed by a vote of the current property owners in July 2006, this District serves to fund a portion of the construction costs of the Northwest Wastewater Treatment Plant. Annual assessments will be placed on the tax rolls of the property owners to cover the bond principal and interest as well as related administrative expenses. Additionally, the residential units in this District will pay an annual assessment to contribute to funding for public safety services.

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

<u>ASSETS</u>	Riverview Point		Riverwalk Community Facilities District		Summerset		Summerset L&L District		Community Facilities District 2004-1		Community Facilities District 2006-1		Totals	
Cash and investments Restricted cash Interest receivable	\$	281,458 - 3	\$	77,129 - -	\$ _	171,592 - 6	\$ 	- - -	\$	611,964 1,118,146 <u>5</u>	\$ 	1,008,512 1,016,923 11	\$ 	2,150,655 2,135,069 25
Total Assets	\$	281,461	\$	77,129	\$ <u></u>	171,598	\$		\$	1,730,115	\$	2,025,446	\$	4,285,749
<u>LIABILITIES</u>														
Accounts payable Agency obligations	\$	40 281,421	\$	77,129 -	\$	- 171,598	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	40 1,730,075	\$	40 2,025,406	\$ 	77,249 4,208,500
Total Liabilities	\$	281,461	\$	77,129	\$	171,598	\$		\$	1,730,115	\$	2,025,446	\$	4,285,749

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015			Additions	 eletions	Balance June 30, 2016		
Riverview Point								
ASSETS Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 2	275,666 11	\$	403,551 <u>3</u>	\$ 397,759 <u>11</u>	\$	281,458 <u>3</u>	
Total Assets	\$2	275,677	\$	403,554	\$ 397,770	\$	281,461	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Agency obligations	\$	139 275,538	\$	145,025 153,256	\$ 145,124 147,373	\$	40 281,421	
Total Liabilities	\$ <u> 2</u>	275,677	\$	298,281	\$ 292,497	\$	281,461	
Riverwalk Community Facilities District ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$		\$	105,906	\$ 28,777	\$	77,129	
Total Assets	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	105,906	\$ 28,777	\$	77,129	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	105,906	\$ 28,777	\$	77,129	
Total Liabilities	\$		\$	105,906	\$ 28,777	\$	77,129	
Summerset ASSETS								
Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 1	170,956 <u>21</u>	\$ 	679 <u>6</u>	\$ 43 21	\$	171,592 <u>6</u>	
Total Assets	\$	170,977	\$	685	\$ 64	\$	171,598	
LIABILITIES								
Agency obligations	\$	170,977	\$	621	\$ <u> </u>	\$	171,598	
Total Liabilities	\$	170,977	\$	621	\$ 	\$	171,598	
Summerset L&L District ASSETS								
Cash and investments Accounts Receivable	\$	12,867 1,213	\$	2,301 1,047	\$ 15,168 2,260	\$	- -	
Total Assets	\$	14,080	\$	3,348	\$ 17,428	\$		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable Agency obligations	\$	14,074 <u>6</u>	\$	524 1,061	\$ 14,598 1,067	\$	<u>-</u>	
Total Liabilities	\$	14,080	\$	1,585	\$ 15,665	\$	<u>-</u>	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION (continued) AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>J</u>	Balance uly 1, 2015		Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016		
Community Facilities District 2004-1 ASSETS	ф.	020 247	Φ.	2 254 000	ф.	2 272 022	Φ.	C44 OC4	
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 	630,317 1,117,600 <u>15</u>	\$ _	3,354,669 924 <u>5</u>	\$ _	3,373,022 378 15	\$ 	611,964 1,118,146 <u>5</u>	
Total Assets	\$ <u></u>	1,747,932	\$_	3,355,598	\$_	3,373,415	\$	1,730,115	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	25,116	\$	398,104	\$	423,180	\$	40	
Agency obligations	Ψ <u></u>	1,722,816	Ψ_	1,139,858	Ψ_	1,132,599	Ψ_	1,730,075	
Total Liabilities	\$	1,747,932	\$	1,537,962	\$_	1,555,779	\$	1,730,115	
Community Facilities District 2006-1 ASSETS									
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Interest receivable	\$	1,025,478 1,016,257 35	\$	3,099,083 841 <u>11</u>	\$	3,116,049 175 <u>35</u>	\$	1,008,512 1,016,923 11	
Total Assets	\$	2,041,770	\$_	3,099,935	\$_	3,116,259	\$	2,025,446	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Agency obligations	\$	25,079 2,016,691	\$_	348,547 1,038,948	\$_	373,586 1,030,233	\$	40 2,025,406	
Total Liabilities	\$	2,041,770	\$_	1,387,495	\$_	1,403,819	\$_	2,025,446	
Total Agency Funds ASSETS									
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable	\$	2,115,284 2,133,857 1,213 82	\$	6,966,189 1,765 1,047 25	\$	6,930,818 553 2,260 82	\$	2,150,655 2,135,069 - 25	
Total Assets	\$ <u></u>	4,250,436	\$	6,969,026	\$_	6,933,713	\$	4,285,749	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Agency obligations	\$	64,408 4,186,028	\$_	998,106 2,333,744	\$	985,265 2,311,272	\$	77,249 4,208,500	
Total Liabilities	\$	4,250,436	\$_	3,331,850	\$_	3,296,537	\$	4,285,749	





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council of the City of Rio Vista Rio Vista, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rio Vista (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Rio Vista's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Rio Vista 's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Rio Vista's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Rio Vista's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Rio Vista's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sacramento, California November 21, 2016

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CITY OF RIO VISTA SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2016

Finding 2015-01: Inter-fund Loan and Transfer Policy (Significant Deficiency)

Condition

When reviewing the inter-fund loan transactions, we noted that the city did not develop loan repayment schedules or charge interest for most inter-fund advances which add up to more than \$4 million in balances. The inter-fund loan balances may be materially misstated without accruing interest for years.

Recommendation

We recommend that the City follow its Inter-fund loan and transfers policy to set up loan repayment schedules with applicable interest rates for all inter-fund advances.

Status

Implemented.